

Jap Fleet Comes Out Massed to Fight, Great Pacific Battle May Be Under Way

Compromise On OPA Sets Ceilings on Major Items

Revised Top Prices Of Some Textiles To Reflect Parity For Raw Cotton

With the White House intervening to break a deadlock, Senate and House conferees reached a compromise late yesterday on the Bankhead amendment to adjust cotton textile ceilings in the price control extension bill.

The Administration agreed to a requirement that ceilings on "major" textile items be revised to reflect a parity price for raw cotton. Eliminated from the original Bankhead proposal was a requirement that the ceilings guarantee manufacturing costs plus a profit to millers.

James F. Byrnes, War Mobilization Director, was said by members of the conference committee to have taken the lead in the move that brought about the compromise. The conference committee bill representing a merger of conflicting measures passed by Senate and House, is scheduled to go to the Senate first and then the House for concurrence today.

Henry M. Hart, associate general counsel of the OPA, said the effect of the compromise cotton amendment might be to raise ceilings on some textile items but that "we don't think the increases will be serious." He said any possible inflationary effect had been removed. Representative Wolcott (R., Mich.) said the parity price guarantee likely would mean increases in textiles that go into low-priced clothing.

The White House intervention obviously was aimed at preventing a congressional stalemate over the extension bill. President Roosevelt had called the original Bankhead proposal inflationary and Administration Congressmen had predicted a veto if it appeared in the bill as finally passed.

In addition to requiring item-by-item pricing of cotton textiles to reflect parity, the revised amendment directs the president, acting through any department or agency of the Government, to "take all lawful action" to assure farmers of parity prices on all the basic agricultural commodities—cotton, corn, wheat, rice, tobacco and peanuts. It does not specify the steps he may take.

Yankees Defeat Nats, 3 to 1, on Metheny's Homer

New York, June 20 (AP).—Bud Metheny's fifth inning home run—his sixth of the year—was the deciding blow today as the New York Yankees defeated Washington, 3 to 1, behind the four-hit hurling of Hank Borowy.

The rejuvenated Yankees loosed a 10-hit barrage at the expense of Knuckler Johnny Niggeling, who lost his second game against five wins. For Borowy it was the ninth victory against three defeats.

Nick Eiten shook free from his hitting slump by belting a double and two singles in four trips. (Details in Sports Section)

Eleanor Powell Expects To Become Mother

Hollywood, June 20 (AP).—Dancing star Eleanor Powell, who just completed a starring role in "Sensations of 1944," revealed today she expects to become a mother the first of the year. Miss Powell was married to screen actor Glenn Ford, now in the Marines.

Bill to Give Vets Jobs Sent to Roosevelt

The House yesterday sent to President Roosevelt legislation giving preference in Government employment to honorably discharged veterans, their widows, and the wives of disabled veterans of any war in which the United States was engaged.

Saga of a New Figure

Democratic Rebels Ask GOP To Name Bricker-Byrd Ticket

Platform Makers Busy Drafting Planks for GOP

By D. Harold Oliver
Chicago, June 20 (AP).—Republican platform makers moved on to the pre-convention scene today and, in the midst of fresh contention over the presidential nomination, began sentiment-sounding on planks dealing with a postwar international peace organization and elimination of all "unnecessary regulation" of individuals and businesses.

National Chairman Harrison E. Spangler predicted the convention would encounter no balloting deadlock and would produce a presidential nominee on the third day—June 28—and a vice presidential choice June 29.

He denied knowledge of any "discrimination" in the treatment accorded Wendell L. Willkie, the 1940 nominee, and presidential standard-bearers of other years in invitations for convention participation. Willkie has been sent a ticket for a seat on the speakers' platform as a guest, but has not been asked to speak.

Another topic of hotel lobby discussions leading to tomorrow's initial session of the resolutions committee was a plank calling for an

See GOP, Page 2, Column 3

Fusion Slate Would Beat Administration, Group Declares

Chicago, June 20 (AP).—The American Democratic National Committee today suggested that the Republicans formulate a ticket topped by men such as Gov. John W. Bricker of Ohio and Senator Harry F. Byrd of Virginia.

The anti-administration organization adopted a resolution which set forth in part:

"We demand of our fellow Americans on the Republican side that they nominate someone like-minded with us, such as Gov. John W. Bricker of Ohio, and with him a sterling American Democrat like Senator Harry F. Byrd of Virginia. With such a ticket, we can unite with inevitable success."

Earlier, John J. O'Connor, former New York Congressman, declared at the meeting that "We are about to see the greatest onslaught ever yet made on free speech."

James A. Reed, one-time Senator from Missouri, told conferees that President Roosevelt had taken an oath to support the Constitution but that the NRA bill and the proposed measure to enlarge the United States Supreme Court were

See DEMOCRATS, Page 2, Col. 3

WPB Orders Whisky Made During August

One-Fourth of Year's Output Expected To Be Produced

By Ben W. Gilbert
A month-long resumption of whisky making which is expected to enable the Nation's beverage distillers to make approximately two-fifths of a gallon for every man, woman, and child in the United States was authorized yesterday for August by War Production Chief Donald M. Nelson.

Due to stepped-up war operations, it is believed that at least one-fourth of a normal year's output can be produced during the 31 days.

The entire production of the distillers of America has been taken for industrial alcohol since October 8, 1942, creating the most acute shortage of liquor since prohibition days.

Nelson said the distilleries would be returned to the production of industrial alcohol in September.

August production of 190-proof alcohol by the converted distillers would run between 20 and 25 million gallons, Nelson said. Allowing for blending, this amount would provide 50 to 60 million gallons of whisky, or 250 to 300 million fifths, industry sources explained.

Action to permit the resumption had been urged on Nelson by the Senate Judiciary Committee and the whisky trade which were concerned that diminishing supplies of beverage alcohol might bring about a return of the liquor racketeering of the twenties.

Nelson stated that he was able to allow the production of whisky

See LIQUOR, Page 2, Column 1

20 Per Cent Of War Bond Quota Sold

D. C. Residents Buy \$12,200,000 Worth Of Freedom's Shares

Sales of war bonds to individuals in the District yesterday reached 20 per cent of the 61 million dollars quota to be raised during the Fifth War Loan drive with the announcement that \$12,200,000 worth of securities had been sold through Monday.

Of that total \$7,600,000 was in Series E bonds or 22.4 per cent of the 34-million-dollar goal.

Nationally the campaign to raise six billion was by 16 per cent completed with purchase totaling 964 million dollars.

An auction of sports equipment used by sports celebrities to be held at 8:30 o'clock tonight on the "Shot from the Sky" show on the Monument Grounds is expected to boost Fifth War Loan sales. Among the articles to go on the block are a hand-made saddle on which "Sonny" Workman rode Equinox and the boxing gloves that Bob Olin used in winning the light-heavyweight title.

The Treasury Department will present citations at 1:30 p. m. today to eleven pupils and four teachers of the Paul Junior High School for meritorious work in selling bonds. At the same ceremony the school will receive a copy of the decalcomania that is to be pasted on an ambulance plane that the students and teachers paid for with bond purchases during the school year. Sales totaled \$110,000. Last year the

See BOND, Page 2, Column 1

'Black Cabinet' Feared

Fair Employment Fund Voted, Southerners Assail Agency

By the Associated Press
Disregarding embittered southern assertions that the United States is being pushed into Communism or national Socialism, the Senate declined on a 39 to 21 roll call yesterday to kill the President's Fair Employment Practices Committee.

The vote was on a \$500,000 appropriation for the FEPC in a \$1,030,000,000 war agencies supply bill.

Thirteen southern Senators who opposed the fund were supported by seven Republicans and one western Democrat. Johnson of Colorado, but 16 Republicans joined with 23 Democrats to override their objections. Senator Rep. of Florida was the only Democrat

crat from the deep south who voted with the majority.

The FEPC was set up by President Roosevelt's executive order and was instructed to combat racial and religious discrimination in industry.

The Southerners salvaged only a few minor concessions—war contractors whose contracts were threatened with cancellation because of alleged discrimination would have the right to appeal to the President, and a prohibition was erected against Government seizure of any plant for its renewal to conform to rules set up by FEPC.

Southerner after Southerner took the floor to castigates the agency. "France has been represented too

Can't Recall Slaying, Says Mergner

Awoke Next Day With His Mind A 'Blackout' From Drinking, He Says

By Winifred Nelson

"You don't doubt that you murdered Charlotte Robinson, do you?"

This was the first question asked by Prosecutor John W. Fihelly yesterday in his cross-examination of Frederick Mergner, on trial for the slaying of his housekeeper-sweetheart, Mrs. Charlotte Robinson. The 45-year-old defendant, a former bakery clerk, replied:

"I can't realize I did it and I'd like to get this thing straightened out. I'm just as confused as the public."

Jury May Get Case Today

Both the prosecution and defense rested yesterday in the second day of trial, and attorneys predicted the case may go to the jury today, following presentation of a few rebuttal witnesses.

Mergner's plea of intoxication last October 25 when Mrs. Robinson was shot in the face four times and left to die in the street at 7th and A sts. ne., was substantiated by testimony of Dr. Antoine Schneider, psychiatrist.

"We have two terms for Mergner's condition," the doctor related. In fancy words, he was suffering from acute toxic psychosis. But in plain words, he was just as drunk as he could be."

A few moments later, another witness volunteered a more picturesque description.

"He was stinkin'," the witness said.

"Stinkin' what?" queried Defense Attorney John N. Burnett.

"Stinkin' drunk," was the reply of the slightly exasperated witness. Dr. Schneider said that in his opinion, Mergner was of unsound mind at the time of the crime.

At this point Justice James Proctor questioned the witness.

"Do you consider a state of drunkenness and a state of insanity one and the same thing?"

Dr. Schneider replied: "Yes, sir, I do."

Mergner testified he couldn't remember more than a few flashes of what happened that rainy October night he met his housekeeper for the last time. She left his employment as overseer of his handsome \$31,000 home and five children just three weeks previously.

"I remember waking up the next morning—that's all," the man declared. "I read in the newspaper that some redheaded woman had been shot. Then I saw the blood in the seat of my car and Charlotte's coat and purse. I was confused. The first thing I did was call Inspector Barrett at the Police Department."

"I wanted him to clear up this mess. I was in a blackout from drinking," he added. "They may see Mergner, Page 2, Column 2"

No 'Je vous aime'

G.I. Book Warns Yank Lovelorn Against Romancing in France

By George Connerly

If there is a rush to the altar when American soldiers get around to romancing in France, it won't be the Army's fault.

A guidebook for use of G. I. Joes, it was disclosed yesterday, goes into the subject in some detail, lining up all the arguments in favor of a cautious approach.

Should the doughboy for some reason have to depend on the book alone, he will find there enough French phrases to guide him to a friendly companionship with a mademoiselle. The girls back home will be glad to know that "Je vous aime" is omitted.

It is pointed out in the manual that the same reasons that caused so many soldiers to forego marriage at home apply even more so in France. During the war and for six months after the Government will not pay for transportation of dependents of military personnel from one theater of operations to another, or to the United States.

Nor after the war will there be Government transportation available for a wife.

The guidebook, if the Yank has time to read it, what with fighting and all, tells him:

"France has been represented too

Viipuri Falls As Russians Crush Finns

Stalin Announces Climax of 11-Day Drive; Sees Foe on Verge of Defeat

London, June 20 (AP).—Premier Stalin announced tonight that the Red army had captured Finland's second largest city and southern gateway, Viipuri, today as the smashing climax to an 11-day offensive in which the Soviet forces have driven 60 miles and appear to have plunged the Finns to the verge of defeat.

Stalin said the Red troops had crashed through the Mannerheim line and, "developing their offensive, overpowered the outer and inner defenses of Viipuri, and today, June 20, carried by assault the fortress and town of Viipuri."

During the day's drive the Russians captured more than 60 other populated places, including seven railway stations.

The London press expressed the opinion that with Viipuri's fall the battered Finns would not be able to make an effective stand anywhere, and the Moscow radio said the city's loss brings them to "the brink of defeat."

Soviet warships were reported to have sunk four Finnish transports and numerous other craft in the Gulf of Finland, and to have blocked the escape by water of Finnish troops in Viipuri.

Yanks in France Have More Planes Than They Can Use

Ninth Air Force Headquarters, Normandy, June 20 (AP).—American airpower over this peninsula has reached such advanced stages that liaison officers are complaining they have more planes available than work laid out for them.

Since fighter bombers started operation on a "load and run" basis from Normandy airfields, the tactical program has been made much easier.

Lieut. Col. G. W. Sargent, Avon, N. Y., attached to a fighter wing here, said coordination between the army and air arm had progressed almost without a hitch.

"We're streamlined here," Sargent said. "We can be over a target from 5 to 45 minutes after notification."

Gen. Emmons Gets New Command

San Francisco, June 20 (AP).—The Western Defense Command announced today that Lieut. Gen. Delos C. Emmons, its commanding general, would be transferred to an unannounced important command, effective today. The name of his successor was not disclosed.

Forty-seven heavy bombers and seven fighters were missing from the attacks, in which Flying Fortresses and Liberators hammered four important synthetic oil centers and aircraft and tank plants in Germany, and returned again to blast the launching platforms of Hitler's flying bombs.

From one to five combat wings of bombers attacked each of these targets. "In the number of planes engaged and tons dropped this was the heaviest of numerous heavy assaults made by the United States Eighth Air Force on the Germans' synthetic oil industry," a United States Strategic Air Force announcement said.

Stubborn City Falls

50,000 Japs Take Changsha In 4th Try at Hunan Capital

Chungking (Wednesday), June 21 (AP).—Changsha, capital of Hunan Province and for five years a symbol of Chinese resistance, has fallen to the Japanese, the Chinese high command announced today.

Fifty thousand Japanese, strongly supported by artillery and planes, participated in the final assaults which overwhelmed the city's defenses. The last defenders withdrew Sunday from the strategic city on the Hankow-Canton Railway 400 miles east of Chungking.

Three times previously the city had bloodily repulsed the invaders. Other Japanese swung around Changsha and opened a battle for strategic Hengyang, some 130 miles to the south where the Canton-Hankow joins the Hunan-Kwangsi

Railway on the Siang River. These forces have crossed the Lu River, within 65 miles of Hengyang.

Should Hengyang fall the Japanese would be a long stride on the way toward splitting China in half, establishing an overland trunk railway, neutralizing an undiscoverable number of Allied air bases and putting the enemy in a better position to oppose a landing of U. S. troops on China's coast.

To the north in Honan the Japanese also advanced, retaking the highway center of Chowchikow, about 125 miles south and east of Changchow, which is east of the Peiping-Hankow Railway.

See CHINA, Page 2, Column 4

600 Enemy Planes Already Destroyed

New York, June 20 (AP).—American forces of the Fifth Fleet in the last few days have destroyed 600 enemy planes, Admiral Chester W. Nimitz announced tonight in a broadcast.

New York, June 20 (AP).—The Japanese fleet has moved into position east of the Philippines and this may bring a decisive naval battle in the Pacific for the first time since Midway, a broadcast communique from Admiral Nimitz's headquarters at Pearl Harbor said tonight. The broadcast was recorded by CBS.

The communique said: "Strong Japanese naval units, possibly the whole Japanese fleet" has come out to meet the Americans in the Pacific.

A naval engagement of undetermined degree may already have started, it said.

Admiral Nimitz was quoted as saying, "I don't know anything else we can do to provoke the Japanese fleet."

Yanks Pound Robot Ramps, Air, Oil Plants

2000 U. S. Planes Establish Record In Daylight Assault

Allied Supreme Headquarters (Wednesday), June 21 (AP).—The U. S. Eighth Air Force dispatched a record number of heavy bombers—probably more than 2000—in the war's greatest daylight bombing mission yesterday against 12 German oil plants and aircraft and tank plants in Germany, and Hitler's robot plane launching platforms in France.

After a fleet of 1500 Flying Fortresses and Liberators had set fire to a dozen of Germany's most vital oil plants and other targets, including the French rocket coast installations, another force of probably 500 four-engine U. S. bombers struck across the English Channel late in the day and again blasted the ramps from which the Nazis' pilotless planes take off in their attacks on Britain.

In the first mission, a record armada of 2250 heavy bombers and fighters drew the Luftwaffe into the biggest air battles over Europe since D-Day in widespread attacks from the French Channel coast to the Baltic Sea.

Sixty-six enemy planes were subtracted from the Luftwaffe's hoarded fighter strength. American fighter pilots shot down 41 Nazi interceptors in air battles centered near Stettin and destroyed 13 ground. Bomber gunners bagged 12 more.

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Meanwhile, central Pacific air forces, steadily hammering Japanese island bases far to the rear of the Saipan fighting in the Marianas, hit Truk, Nauru, Ponape and the Marshall Islands Sunday, it was announced.

On the other hand, the Japs, admitting "some losses" in ships and planes, claimed their planes had sunk one battleship, two cruisers, one destroyer and one submarine; damaged four aircraft carriers, two battleships, four cruisers, six transports and one warship of undetermined type, and shot down more than 300 enemy planes.

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Enemy Troops Mauled

Cornered German troops, estimated from 20,000 to 50,000, were taking a terrific mauling from a massive infantry, artillery and aerial onslaught as a German-speaking British officer stepped to a BBC microphone and asked them to surrender.

"Little more than a year ago," he reminded them, "other German soldiers commanded by General von Arnim were driven into the sea by this same infantry division. The soldiers of Arnim's army (en Cap Bon in Tunisia), who then realized that it is not dishonorable to surrender when one is defeated and can no longer escape, gave up the fight, and they have not regretted their decision."

Any hope of the German Cherbourg garrison that Marshal Ex-

See WAR, Page 2, Column 5

Yanks Storm Last Ridge Overlooking Cherbourg

Press to 4 Miles of Port; Spokesman For Allies Calls on Foe to Surrender

Headquarters, Allied Expeditionary Force (Wednesday), June 21 (AP). American troops stormed to the top of the last ridge barrier to Cherbourg last night, and were within sight of the port less than 4 miles away, where the explosions of hasty German demolition threw a smoke shroud over the city and thundered the collapse of any Nazi hopes of a successful stand against siege.

An Allied spokesman called on the thousands of trapped Germans to surrender. There was no other choice, he said—except death.

American long-range artillery laid a powerful drum fire on the Germans around the city, and hurled shells into the roads leading northeastward to Cap Levy and northwestward to Cap de la Hague at the tip of the peninsula.

Outer Defenses Attacked

Headquarters communique, issued just before midnight, said Allied troops now were "attacking the outer defenses of Cherbourg," and were engaged in heavy fighting on three sides of Valognes, 10 miles southeast of the prize port.

Fuel dumps already had reported American capture of Valognes, ruined Montebourg, 4 miles to the rear, and St. Martin Le-Grand, 4 miles south of Cherbourg, and late reports told of the attainment of the top of the last hill outside the city.

(The German DNB news agency announced that the Allied troops "have reached the fortified area" of Cherbourg, and said Axis positions also were under heavy Allied naval and air bombardment. "Fresh United States Infantry and tank troops now also are taking part in the assault on Cherbourg," the broadcast said.

Of the eastern end of the front the Allied communique said: "Our positions in the area of Tilly are firm. Very heavy fighting continued near Hottot."

Flying-Bomb Bases Hit

After midnight yesterday the bad weather which had limited air operations lifted somewhat, and fighter bombers and bombers pounded the German flying-bomb bases in the Pas de Calais area, the bulletin said. German communications also were attacked over a wide area behind the Normandy front.

Speardhead of the veteran U. S. Ninth Division, and led by French patriot scouts, thousands of American troops, including fresh troops just outside the city.

St. Martin-Le-Grand, 4 miles south of Cherbourg, fell to the advancing Ninth; to the east Montebourg and Valognes were captured by the Fourth Division. Other American units were striking up the eastern coast of the peninsula north of Quineville and on the western side above Barneville.

Enemy Troops Mauled

Cornered German troops, estimated from 20,000 to 50,000, were taking a terrific mauling from a massive infantry, artillery and aerial onslaught as a German-speaking British officer stepped to a BBC microphone and asked them to surrender.

"Little more than a year ago," he reminded them, "other German soldiers commanded by General von Arnim were driven into the sea by this same infantry division. The soldiers of Arnim's army (en Cap Bon in Tunisia), who then realized that it is not dishonorable to surrender when one is defeated and can no longer escape, gave up the fight, and they have not regretted their decision."

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See WAR, Page 2, Column 5

Today's Index

Page	Page
Amusements 3	Leonard 8
Crossword 8	Lyons 8
Death Notices 8	Marquis 11
Dress Pearson 8	Childs 11
Editorials 10	Shirley 13
Federal Diary 4	Shirley 13
Financial 9	Povich 13
Gallup Poll 11	Suburban 13
Hope Miller 14	

2 THE WASHINGTON POST
Wednesday, June 21, 1944

Nazi Invasion Fleet Smashed in 1940

War Sidelights

Nash Suggests U. S. Rule Pacific Isles

Knoxville, Tenn., June 20 (AP).—New Zealand hopes that the United States will assume full political control over the Marianas, the Carolines and the Marshall Islands at the end of the war, Walker Nash, Deputy Prime Minister of New Zealand and its first Minister to the United States, said here today.

An interisland council, he said, should oversee development of the islands southward from the Marshall Islands and Carolines, with the United States, France, Great Britain, Australia and New Zealand having representation.

Nazi Scouts Slip Up

Allied Supreme Headquarters, June 20 (AP).—Every night for several weeks before D-Day, it was revealed today, a German E-boat made a full-speed dash from Cherbourg to the British coast and back on reconnaissance. That is, it made the trip every night except one.

That was the night before the landings.

Allied authorities have no explanation for the failure of the Germans to send the ship out that night.

LIQUOR

From Page 1.

After receiving a letter from Rubber Director Bradley Dewey stating that requirements of the rubber program for industrial alcohol will be some 20 million (190 proof) gallons less than was estimated for 1944 and approximately 30 million gallons less than estimated for 1945.

Rubber From Petroleum Gains

Dewey attributed the decline in requirements to satisfactory progress with the petroleum phase of the rubber program.

The prospect of a large reduction in requirements next year made likely another liquor-making period in 1945.

Nelson said that industrial alcohol requirements for all war purposes in 1944 are now estimated at 614 million gallons, with 612 million gallons scheduled to be produced this year.

Government stocks of alcohol, including reserve stockpiles, and working stocks are approximately 80 million gallons, Nelson said.

Approved by Byrnes

Nelson's decision was approved by War Mobilization Director James F. Byrnes, it was understood.

No action by the War Food Administrator to make grains available will be necessary under existing regulations, it was learned.

No corn will be released because of a shortage and the fact it is used for livestock feed, but distilleries may use wheat, rye and malted barley—now in use for production of industrial alcohol—with the emphasis on wheat.

Much of the released liquor will be blended varieties, but industry spokesmen predicted that some additional supplies of bonded whiskeys would be released from storage by manufacturers producing under established names to keep their brands before the public.

These bonded stocks would be replaced by the new whiskey and aged. Nelson said he acted "in line with the established WPB policy of releasing any facilities not needed for winning the war."

BOND

From Page 1.

school bought enough bonds to pay for a fighter plane.

Citations will go to Lee Kridler, Betty Beuermann, Karl Harred, Edmund Hughes, Barbara Long, Louise Thomas, Elizabeth Oertling, Lawrence Krause, Barbara Jobe, Dorothy Thomas and Joseph Watkins, pupils, and teachers, Miss Gladys Tapley, Mrs. Emily Thornton, Miss Eleanor P. McAuliffe and the principal, Thomas F. Perry.

Lieut. Stanley Dosik, USA, a former member of the faculty will be the principal speaker.

District War Finance Committee chairman John A. Reilly announced yesterday that the recording made by Radio Correspondent George Hicks during the opening assault on the Normandy beachhead will be auctioned off to the highest war bond purchaser at the "Shot from the Sky" show on Monday.

The record considered a collectors item has been presented to the finance committee by the Radio Finance Committee of Washington.

The recording was made by Hicks as he stood on the deck of a warship that was being bombed by planes during early phases of the battle.

The Membership Committee of the Washington Board of Trade will be presented a Treasury citation for outstanding achievement in selling Fifth War Loan bonds at the Board's "Old Fashioned Picnic and Outing" to be held Saturday at the Shoreham Hotel.

SS Hamilton Launched

Houston, Tex., June 20 (AP).—The SS John B. Hamilton was launched yesterday. Named for a former United States surgeon general, the Liberty freighter was christened by Mrs. Justin K. Fuller, wife of the medical director of the War Shipping Administration at Washington.

Remained Mayor

Martinsburg, W. Va., June 20.—J. Harry Dolan has been reappointed mayor of Moorefield, Hardy County, to complete an unexpired term.

Armada Destroyed In Massing Ports, Churchill Reveals

London, June 20 (AP).—Prime Minister Churchill partially unveiled one of the war's greatest secrets today when he disclosed that a German attempt to invade Britain in 1940 was smashed in continental ports before a "very heavy concentration of troops and ships" could put to sea.

This 1940 "invasion" had appeared in gossip as having been everything from a full-scale expedition that actually touched British soil to a wholesale smashing of enemy landing craft caught at sea during exercises.

Heretofore, the government had limited comment to a statement last July by Clement Attlee that "it is well known that the enemy's preparations for invasion in 1940 were frustrated by the Royal Air Force."

Member Seeks Details

Today Maj. Vyvan Adams asked in Commons for details, and when he persisted with a request to know whether "the enemy set in motion the apparatus of a sea-borne invasion," the Prime Minister replied:

"I do not quite know what is meant by setting in motion. Setting in motion in the sense of crossing the Channel—no. But setting in motion in the sense of making very heavy concentrations of troops and ships to cross the Channel—yes."

"Did any of this shipping ever emerge from ports across the Channel?"

"Not to my belief," Churchill answered. "A great deal of it was sunk in ports and then they changed their minds."

Earlier Report by RAF

The RAF in a booklet already has given some statistics indicating why the Germans "changed their minds."

The publication disclosed that "a formidable collection of barges" appeared in Rotterdam, Antwerp, Vlissingen, Ostende, Dunkerque, Calais, Boulogne and Le Havre, and that these were attacked almost incessantly until the threat of seaborne invasion disappeared.

From June, 1940, to May, 1941, the bomber command made 536 attacks on these ports.

FEPC

From Page 1.

as tending to stir up trouble rather than to alleviate friction between the races. White-haired Senator George (D., Ga.), fact-fused, thundered that by approving the FEPC fund, the Nation would be taking "a long step toward converting our economic system into a Communist or National Socialist system."

Turning toward the Republican side of the chamber, George declared "this may get you votes in 1944, but it won't in 1946, or 1948, or thereafter."

Senator McClellan (D., Ark.) declared:

"When white and Negro women are compelled to sit side by side at their work, use the same toilet facilities, eat at the same table, it is an encroachment on the constitutional rights of both races, if either wants to be segregated from the other."

Senator Eastland (D., Miss.) arose to shout:

"Isn't it even worse for decent white girls to have to take dictation from a lot of burr-headed niggers in the departments?"

Make Mrs. Roosevelt "Queen"

The debate even brought a suggestion that Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt become "queen of that greater Liberia."

Senator Bilbo (D., Miss.), for years an advocate of resettling American Negroes in West Africa, said 2½ million Negroes had seconded his idea and added, "I do not see why Mrs. Roosevelt or anyone else should object to it."

In fact, Bilbo said, if his resettlement plan ever succeeded, "it might entertain the proposition of making her queen of that greater Liberia."

Bilbo said that Congress has been spending the taxpayers' money for "a university where the dean teaches that the white man descended from the Negro."

The institution was identified as Howard University, here, for Negroes supported in part by Federal funds.

Sees Trouble Ahead

"Right here in Washington we're heading for trouble," Bilbo said. "There is an assiduous campaign to break up the white districts in the city of Washington. The scheme is to buy up one lot of house in the center of a white block, move in at night, and then the property value immediately goes 10, 15 or 20 per cent below the market."

He said some Negro and white real estate agents were back of this "concerted movement to drive the whites out of Washington into Virginia and Maryland. That's why I'm against suffrage for the District of Columbia."

"If they get the right to vote, we will have a Negro administration in Washington. That's the dream of the black market. I mean the black cabinet, in Washington."

Supporting the FEPC, Senator Lucas (D., Ill.) said:

"Job discrimination is indefensible when manpower bottlenecks are impeding the war effort."

MERGNER

From Page 1.

say I did this or that—I don't know."

He described the 30-year-old German-born Mrs. Robinson as "the only woman I ever loved outside my wife." He said that at his age men appreciate the companionship of a woman. Mrs. Merchner died 14 years ago.

Yanks Near Cherbourg



MOVING SWIFTLY—American forces (arrows) south of Cherbourg drove to St. Martin yesterday and captured Montebourg and Valognes in their swift offensive.

GOP

From Page 1.

end of government by "bureaucratic decree."

Managers of at least three presidential candidate prospects again were active.

And one national committee member, J. Kenneth Bradley of Connecticut, expressed the belief that:

"This thing is either going on the first ballot or it will be a terrific fight that anybody might win."

J. Russell Sprague, New York member of the national committee and one of the trio who officially started the "draft Dewey" move yesterday, once more expressed confidence that the New York Governor would be nominated.

Dewey Claims Hit

He talked to reporters after Roy D. Moore, manager for Gov. John W. Bricker of Ohio, issued a blast against what he called "fantastic claims" of delegate strength behind Dewey. He referred to a story in an unnamed newspaper estimating Dewey's first ballot vote at 805, or 276 more than the majority required for nomination.

"The responsible leaders of the Dewey forces are, as convention time nears, retreating from these claims," Moore declared. He added that one Dewey leader predicted Sunday that the New Yorker would win on the first ballot and another yesterday "repudiated that claim, in effect, by declining to make a first ballot prediction."

Asked for comment, Sprague said:

"Why we think a great many delegates are coming to this convention with an open mind and will make up their minds here on the merits of the candidates. We are confident of the results."

Boost Stassen

"While all this was going on at the Stevens Hotel, nerve-center of the convention which opens Monday, directors of the campaign to nominate Lieut. Comdr. Harold E. Stassen held a formal news conference at the Sherman Hotel."

Victor Johnson, Eastern manager for the Stassen forces, said the 33-year-old former Minnesota Governor now serving with the Navy in the South Pacific would appeal to all groups, especially the voters under 40 in and out of the service.

"Stassen is the only one who talks their language," he said with respect to the younger elements. "The party should recognize the young voters in the service and consider their wishes."

DEMOS

From Page 1.

contrary to constitutional provisions.

"Lay these acts aside Mr. Roosevelt's oath that he would preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States, and draw your own conclusions as to his reliability as a man or his trustworthiness as an official," he set forth in a prepared address.

"God save America from that kind of a protector and defender. The picture is one of egotism run mad and of ambition that has consumed the conscience."

Martin L. Sweeney, former Representative from Ohio, asserted: "I don't know, with the controlled delegations coming here next month, if we can stop a fourth-term nomination. But we can stop a fourth-term election."

Sweeney predicted a large factor in the balloting would be the mothers of men in military service.

Support Pledges Urged

Atlanta, June 20 (AP).—Gov. Ellis Arnall of Georgia, long-time supporter of the Roosevelt administration, asked the State Democratic Executive committee today to require pledges of support of the party's Presidential nominee before naming Presidential electors.

Arnall, in Washington for a talk with the President on matters possibly relating to anti-fourth term efforts in Texas, Mississippi and South Carolina, said in a letter to Committee Chairman Lon Duckworth:

"There are those within the Democratic party who would destroy it. They do not have the courage to fight openly under the banner of the Republican party, but work assiduously within the Democratic party to sabotage it and to bring about the defeat of its nominees for President and Vice-President."

LASTING PRODUCTS COMPANY

GOVERNMENT SPECIFICATION PAINTS for all projects ONE-COAT FLAT ENAMELS RESIN EMULSIONS FLOOR SEALERS CAMOUFLAGE PAINTS CONCRETE HARDENERS Washington Technical and Sales Representative

John C. Finch District 0122

WAR

From Page 1.

win Rommel's tank forces could break through to it was "out of the question," he told them. "Rommel's main tank forces consist of four divisions which are engaged in heavy fighting against Allied units in the St. Lo-Caen sector," he said.

The Allied spokesman said he was addressing himself to the remnants of the trapped German 709th, 66th, 91st, and 243rd infantry divisions, as well as "approximately 10,000 men of the reserves and coast guard."

British Repulse Germans

On the eastern end of the front, the British in hand-to-hand combat fought their way through long-contested Tilly-sur-Seulles to a point two miles southwest where they captured the village of Hottot-les-Baques in a head off two German counterattacks.

The Americans on the British west flank also pushed patrols within two miles of St. Lo, crossroads key to the whole of the middle Normandy peninsula, and one German broadcast said some units had fought their way into the city, but later were forced to retreat.

One front dispatch from the Caen sector, 11 miles east of Tilly, said that while the Germans still held strong perimeter positions around the city there were indications that

the Germans have have evacuated Caen itself because of a heavy Allied bombardment which has wrecked it over a two-week period.

Gen. Sir Bernard L. Montgomery, Allied ground commander, was using troops on that end of the front, including his famous "desert rat" units, in a holding operation, while the Americans closed in on Cherbourg for the kill. Montgomery also went ahead steadily building up weapons with which to launch a major offensive. Beachhead positions were declared crammed with armament.

Artillery Pounds City

Cherbourg and the battered German divisions withdrawing into it were under fire of American 155-mm. Long Tom rifles, 105 Howitzers and medium to light United States field guns.

The 29th Division, under direction of Lt. Gen. Omar N. Bradley who led them to victory at Brest, rolled through Rauville la Bigot, Breuille and St. Martin in a swift advance from captured Bricquebec to the last ridge outside of Cherbourg.

Moving across hedgerows and green fields past rose-covered peasant cottages the veteran troops cut the Germans into little groups, and dispatches said many high Nazi officers had been slain to con-

tribute to the enemy's rapid disorganization.

In small parties French patriots drifted into the Americans lines, begging to assist in Cherbourg's capture, said a field dispatch from associated press correspondent Don Whitehead.

"They know the country well and we see no reason why they couldn't help," an officer said. "They are in a weird assortment of uniforms, but they know how to fight."

Some of these Frenchmen, veterans of the first World War, immediately began directing American troops over hill trails.

The supreme command said "coordinated attacks" meant that Bradley had thrown other divisions into the final drive. "The enemy has some advantages in terrain, but it can be assumed he is more tired than we are," a spokesman said.

So speedy was the Ninth Division's advance from the south that some German positions on the first line of hills six miles south of Cherbourg were found to be unmanned.

TRY TETLEY SOUPS AND SAUCES

Famous for Quality

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Cumberland Man Receives Flying Cross

Cumberland, Md., June 20 (AP).—Lieut. Paul D. Lear, son of Mrs. Rhoda Lear of Cumberland has been awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross, according to an announcement today by the Eighth Air Force Command, based in England.

The award was made after Lieutenant Lear, co-pilot of the Flying Fortress "Joanne", was forced to crash through a huge sheet of ice caused by two exploding American bombers over Berlin, and returned to his home base.

It was during a great American onslaught upon the German capital in May, the citation said, heavy flak from enemy ground batteries ripped through the Fortress formation, and suddenly two Forts directly ahead of "Joanne" collided and exploded in a searing mass of flames.

With no time to bank away, Lieutenant Lear and his pilot, Lieut. John W. Williams, Paris, Tex., flew their ship through the "blast furnace," which burned away the rudder covering, one aileron and most of both elevators. They nursed the big bomber home. No one on the bomber was injured, though the tail gunner bailed out when the ship caught fire.

WCHV

1400 Kilowatts
WEDNESDAY
MORNING
7:00 Musical Clock
8:00 Morning Melodies
8:15 Morning Melodies
8:30 Lucky Lady
8:45 Red Hot
9:00 Breakfast Club
10:00 Sweet River
10:15 True Story
10:30 Treasury Salute
11:00 Breakfast at Sardi's
11:30 News Summary
11:45 Texas Rangers
AFTERNOON
12:00 News
12:05 Noontime Devotions
12:15 Town Crier
12:25 Today's Movie Guide
12:30 The Homecoming
1:00 News-Broadcast
1:15 Music of the Masters
1:45 News: Wall Street
2:00 News: Wall Street
2:15 Mystery Club
2:30 Ladies Be Seated
2:45 Morton Downey
3:15 Star Time
3:30 Appointment With Life
3:45 Kid and Albert
4:15 Don Norman Show
4:30 Time Views the News
4:45 Music
5:00 Terry and the Pirates
5:15 Dick Tracy
5:30 Jack Armstrong
5:45 10-3-4 Ranch
EVENING
6:00 News: Swing Music
6:15 Treasury Parade
6:30 News
6:45 Henry J. Taylor
7:00 Texas Rangers
7:15 Community Service
7:30 Modern Romance
7:45 Confidentially Yours
8:00 Paul Robeson
8:15 Lum and Abner
8:30 Hop and Sock
8:45 Donnell
9:00 Spotlight Bands
9:05 Raymond Gram Swing
9:15 Ted Malone
9:30 Soldiers With Wings
9:40 Music You
10:00 Oxy Claret's Orch.
10:15 News
10:30 Sign Off
VIRGINIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM
Charlottesville, Va.

WJEF

WEDNESDAY
MORNING
7:00 Early Bird
8:00 Family Hour
8:30 News
9:00 News: 10-3-4 Ranch
9:15 Morning Devotions
9:30 Rhythmic Valley Folk
10:00 Arthur Ochs
10:15 Saddle Pals
11:00 News
11:45 News Parade
AFTERNOON
12:00 Sports Center
12:15 Music in Letter Venn
12:30 Army Reserve Forces
1:00 Ray Dady
1:15 Jack Berch
1:30 Lunch With Lopez
1:45 American Women's Jour.
2:00 Cedric Foster
2:15 Saddle Pals
2:30 Babe Rhodes Orch.
2:45 Consumer's Quiz
3:00 Morton Downey
3:15 Palmer House Orch.
3:30 Pave and Pete
3:45 Tie Toes
4:00 Romantic Circle
4:15 Open House
4:30 Silver Rhythms
4:45 Band Stand
5:15 Interlude
5:30 Tom Mix
5:45 Superman
EVENING
6:00 News: Sports
6:15 Radio Roundup
6:30 Candlelight and Silver
7:00 Fulton Lewis
7:15 Johnson Family
7:30 Old Corral
7:45 Blue of Evening
8:00 Cecil Brown
8:15 Nick Carter
8:30 Oran Melodies
8:45 Gabriel Heatter
9:15 To Be Announced
9:30 First Nighter
10:00 Royal Arch Gunnison
10:15 Marilee
10:30 Dance Music
11:00 Band Music: Sports
11:30 Sign Off

WFMD

WEDNESDAY
MORNING
7:00 News: Sunrise Salute
7:15 Cordwood
7:45 Sunrise Salute
8:00 News of World
8:15 Burt Ives
8:30 Office Club
8:45 Morning Devotions
9:15 Sing Along Club
9:45 This Life Is Mine
10:00 News: Music
10:15 Town Crier
10:30 Open Door
10:45 Bond Time
11:00 Music by Kirby
11:15 Waltz Time
11:30 Bright Horizon
11:45 Cordwood
AFTERNOON
12:00 News
12:15 Big Sister
12:30 Helen Trent
12:45 Our Gal Sunday
1:00 Old Familiar Tunes
1:30 Jerry Sears Orchestra
2:00 Dixie Rogers
2:30 Encores
2:45 Treasury Salute
3:00 Mary Martin
3:15 News: Bob Trout
3:30 News and Forever
3:45 Juddaline
4:00 Music on Records
4:30 E. Scott Show
4:50 Pops With Dunes
5:30 Bob Trout-Mel. Show
5:45 Wilderness Road
EVENING
6:00 Transradio Re-A
6:15 Sports Parade
6:30 Jerry Sullivan
6:45 County Express
7:00 Piano Moods
7:30 Wings of Faith
8:00 Jumbo Jim
8:15 Excursions in Science
8:30 Dr. Christian
8:45 Todd Crisp
9:15 Norman Fitts On
9:30 Musical Rialler Show
9:45 Great Moments in Music
10:00 World Feature
10:30 Report to the Nation
11:00 World News
11:15 Jean Brooks
11:30 Invitation to Music
11:45 Dance Bands
NEWSBROADCASTING CO.
A Columbia Station, Frederick, Md.

Calls Lighter 18-to-25 Pool Of 1-A's Runs Short in Md.

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—Col. Henry C. Stanwood, Maryland Selective Service director, said today that State draft boards were beginning to run short of 1-A material in the 18-25 age group, making lightened draft deferment standards for men in the 26-29 age bracket probable in the near future.

Meanwhile, Col. Stanwood continued, draft calls were expected to become lighter. All branches of the armed services soon will be up to full strength and the Selective Service System then will need only to call up men as replacements, he said.

At present, under national draft regulations, occupational deferments for men in the 26-29 age group are available for men necessary to an essential war industry or service vital to the health, welfare and safety of the community.

Local boards have been notified to adhere strictly to the regulations set up by the national headquarters.

Colonel Stanwood stated that the cleaning out of 26-29 group would not begin until ordered on a Nation-wide scale.

Frederick 29th Man Is Reported Wounded

Frederick, Md., June 20 (AP).—The first locally reported 29th Division casualty came today when Mrs. Mary K. DeGrange of Frederick was notified by the War Department that her son, Pfc. Merle DeGrange, had been wounded in action in France on June 7.

Kantner Reappointed To Md. Pharmacy Board

Annapolis, Md., June 20 (AP).—Dr. L. M. Kantner of Baltimore was today reappointed to the State Board of Pharmacy by Governor O'Connor. Dr. Kantner also holds the position of deputy food and drug commissioner with the State Department of Health.

4 Reappointed To Resources Boards in Md.

Annapolis, Md., June 20 (AP).—Governor O'Connor today announced the reappointment of four members of boards handling the State's natural resources.

Those reappointed were Edwin G. Baetjer of Baltimore, to the Board of Natural Resources; John M. Nelson of Eccleston, to the Commission of State Forests and Parks; Dr. B. H. Willier of Baltimore, to the Department of Research and Education; and Carl Veach of Cambridge, to the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission.

O'Connor said that Baetjer was re-named to the board in partial recognition of his "extensive study of the yester situation" and his leadership in discussions of oyster culture and various matters connected with the oyster industry.

Nelson, chairman of the Commission of State Forest and Parks, served on the forestry board since June, 1941, an aprior to that time was a member of the Advisory Board of Forestry before the commission was formally created by the 1941 General Assembly.

Veach is a seafood packer in Cambridge and, O'Connor stated, "has shown great interest in the conservation of fisheries resources over the past year."

Youth Drowned In Sherando Lake

Waynesboro, June 20 (AP).—In the first tragedy of its kind here this season, Dennis Cleveland Campbell, 17-year-old Sherando youth, was drowned Sunday at Lake Sherando, George Washington National Forest.

The boy, son of Mrs. Jessie Campbell Smiley, of Waynesboro, made his home with relatives near Sherando. Friends said the youth, who could not swim, evidently ventured too far from shore. Artificial respiration for 45 minutes failed to revive him.

Few Stills Found In Albemarle Area

Charlottesville, Va., June 20 (AP).—Despite the wartime shortage of legal whisky and some other alcoholic beverages, very little liquor is being manufactured in Albemarle and surrounding counties, according to agents of the Federal Alcohol Tax Unit. Only two stills have been seized in recent weeks, and both of these were of small capacity, used probably in the manufacture of moonshine for family consumption, the ATU men said.

Court Assumes Control Of \$6400 Morgan Cache

Frederick, Md., June 20.—The Orphans Court today assumed jurisdiction of the \$6400 cash found last week in the estate of the late William B. Morgan, near Frederick Junction. Judge Clyde T. Routsom told heirs that in view of the fact that Glenn C. Morgan, one of the sons of the deceased, is in foreign service with the Army, the funds should be retained as far as possible until such time as the son can participate in the distribution.

2 Cases of Spotted Fever Reported at Frederick

Frederick, Md., June 20.—Two cases of Rocky Mountain spotted fever, the first this year, have been reported to the Frederick County Health Department. Both victims, girls aged 9 and 5, are patients at the Frederick City Hospital. Dr. Elmer C. Kefauver, county health officer, said a third case of the disease is under observation.

Rockville Lions Elect

The Rockville Lions Club has elected officers for the year beginning July 1.

J. Paul Brunet, cashier of the Montgomery County National Bank of Rockville is president and the other officers are Dr. Gilbert V. Hartley, first vice president; Alfred D. Noyes, second vice president; Dr. Joseph A. Stimek, third vice president; Donald von Boesch, secretary-treasurer; Robert E. Grigsby, tall twister; Charles W. Pletymann, lion tamer; Emerson P. Slacum and Merton F. Duvall, directors for two years.



Save it!

"WHAT is more precious than gold?" asked Billy the Bus.

"Time," answered Tilly promptly. "And speaking of time reminds me—I have just thought of a way a great many people can save more time."

"By getting out earlier?"

"No—I mean with tokens. If each passenger would buy a dollar's worth—twelve tokens—at a time."

"But, how will that save time?"

"Well, one dollar's worth is of course four quarters' worth—but a dollar's worth at once is one transaction instead of four."

"That's sensible," said Billy.

"It saves time for both passengers and the operator."

Capital Transit Co.

12 Held for Grand Jury Action In Maryland Draft Plot Cases

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—Ten persons accused of violating the Selective Service statute, including one of six arrested yesterday, were ordered held for grand jury action today by United States Commissioner James K. Cullen, who fixed June 20 for hearings in two other cases.

Fake Sugar Stamps Linked to Plates Thrown into River

Hagerstown, Md., June 20.—Counterfeit sugar ration stamps, hundreds of which were found here recently, are believed to have been printed from plates which were found by several boys in the Anacostia River, at Washington, investigators revealed.

The racket chief is believed to have had contact with a resident of the Frog Hollow section of Washington County, where much of the sugar was sold on the counterfeit stamps.

Five arrests already have been made here in connection with the counterfeit sugar ration stamp racket and investigators predicted about 40 more arrests.

Waynesboro Ships Carload of Paper

Waynesboro, June 20 (AP).—An estimated 23 tons of waste paper, an entire freight car, was sent from Waynesboro Monday following city-wide salvage collection by local Boy Scouts and Cubs Saturday.

Proceeds from the paper sales will go toward a fund for purchase and equipment for a permanent camp site for Stonewall Jackson Council of Boy Scouts, of which Waynesboro is a part.

2568 Pounds of Pennies Exchanged for Bond

Fort George G. Meade, Md., June 20 (AP).—Marvin Maddox, a veteran of the last war, exchanged 2568 pounds of pennies for a \$5000 war bond at the post exchange. It took a detail an hour to transfer the coppers from Maddox's truck to the exchange vaults.

But his purchase purchase put the post exchange over the top in the Fifth War Loan drive.

Md. Yard's 1st Victory Ship Is 'Frederick'

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—J. M. Willis, vice president and general manager of the Bethlehem-Fairfield shipyard, announced today that the keel of the yard's first Victory ship, the S. S. Frederick Victory, would be laid Thursday.

Girl Scouts Fix Camp Schedule In Alexandria

Sessions of the Alexandria Girl Scout Day Camp which opened yesterday in the wooded area in back of George Mason School, 2601 Cameron Mills rd., will be held on Tuesdays and Thursdays for six weeks with the exception of the July 4 holiday. The omitted meeting will be held the following day, Wednesday, July 5, with the regular schedule resumed on Thursday, July 6, until the closing date, Thursday, July 27.

The program has been outlined by Mrs. Edward O. Hulbert, Girl Scout commissioner, and the camp is being directed by Mrs. Frank A. Helleman, executive director of the Alexandria Girl Scouts, with Mrs. Frank Kaserman as assistant director. Daytime meetings begin at 9:30 a. m. and close at 4 p. m.

On the camp committee are Mrs. Frank Bowles, chairman; Mrs. John Otley Walker, Mrs. James H. Dawson and William Chaffee.

Most Va. Crops Are Hard Hit By Drought

Richmond, Va., June 20 (AP).—The majority of crops in Virginia have been hard hit by the drought and, unless the rains come soon, the only thing that will be plentiful on the market this season is water-melons, says the Virginia Crop Reporting Service.

Jamestown Rites To Be Omitted Due To Travel Curbs

Richmond, Va., June 20 (AP).—Because of wartime restrictions on travel the 325th anniversary of the convening of the first legislative body in Virginia on July 30, 1619, at Jamestown, will not be celebrated this year, Miss Ellen Bagby, of the association for the preservation of Virginia antiques, has announced.

Jamestown is seven miles from a railroad, and it was felt that a celebration at this time should not be undertaken.

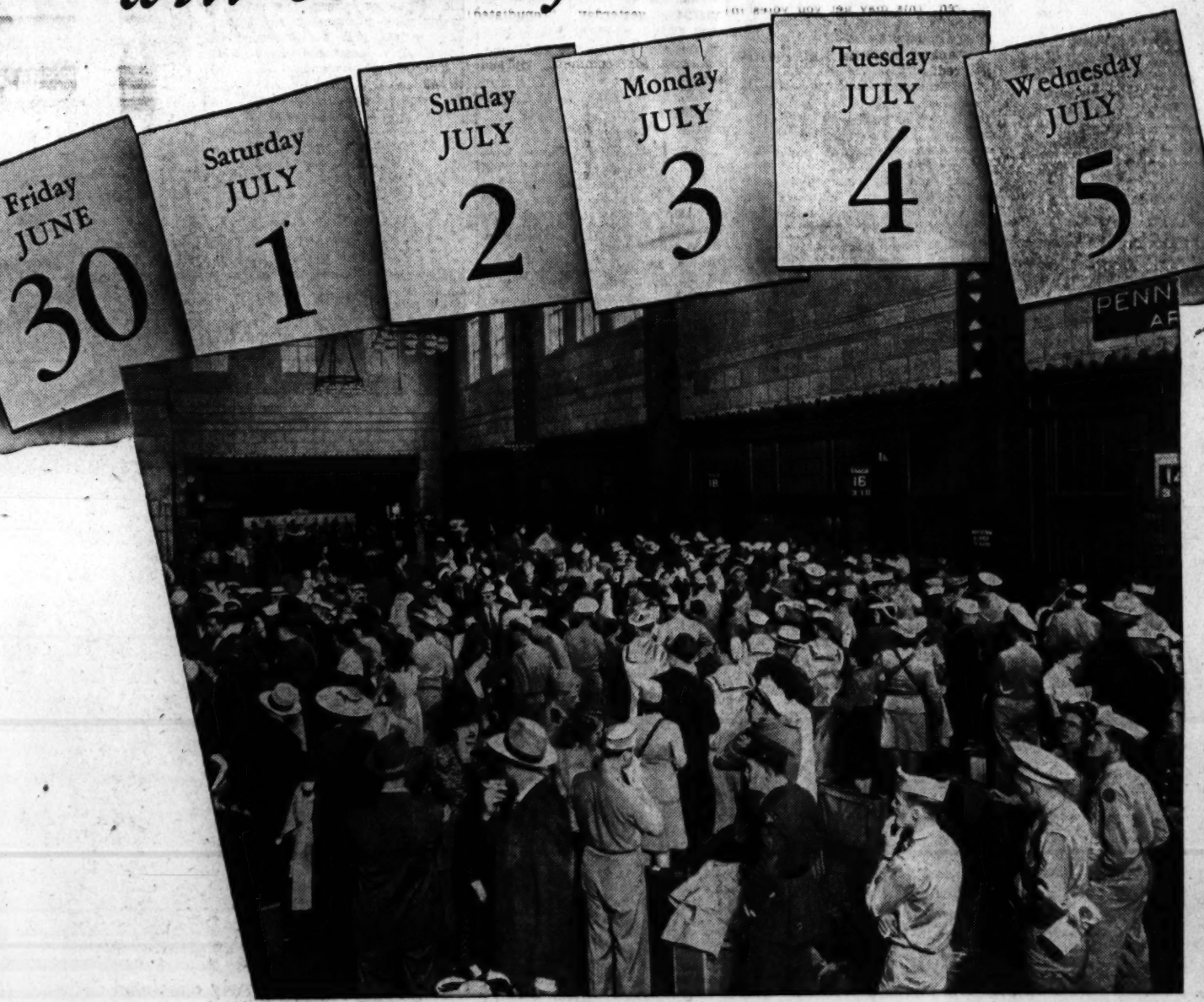
The first legislative body, called the General Assembly as still is the case with the Legislature of Virginia, was convened by Sir George Yerdley, Governor of the Colony, two years before the Mayflower landed in 1621. The General Assembly met at Jamestown until 1628, when the Government was removed to Williamsburg.

ESSEX HOUSE

NEW YORK
On the park
One of New York's famous hotels — with Park quiet and midtown convenience. Near subway stations. Rockefeller Center, shops, theatres. Room and Bath, from \$6. Special Rates for Service Men. Oscar Wintrab, Managing Director. 160 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, NEW YORK

Train Travel

will be heavy these six days!



You may have to stand!

Fourth of July... Independence Day... a day dedicated to the Armed Services.

To accommodate them and all civilians planning holiday trips, there just are not enough seats or berths... if everybody crowds onto the trains on these six critical days... June 30, July 1, July 2, July 3, July 4 and July 5.

Why not, for your own comfort and convenience, help to spread the available accommodations at this time? If possible, try to go and return before or after the dates indicated.

To save room for everybody... TRAVEL LIGHT — take only one bag aboard

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Serving the Nation

* 47,299 in the Armed Forces * 209 have given their lives for their Country

BUY MORE WAR BONDS. DOUBLE WHAT YOU DID BEFORE! 5TH WAR LOAN—JUNE 12 TO JULY 8

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutz
Congress Reverses
Reverses Employee Bills

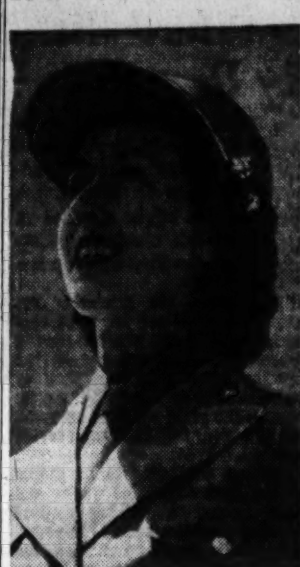
Congress is moving fast toward a recess and it is acting on bills that have been hanging fire for weeks. To the White House President's signature, the bill that would give a 15 per cent differential for night work to clerical-mechanical employees of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing; the Rees bill that would speed up refunds from the Civil Service retirement system, and the bill that would give employees of the Senate an opportunity to come in under the retirement system. An objection by Representative Hoffman (R., Mich.) stopped the Starnes-Scruggs bill, which gave veterans preference for Federal jobs, from passing the House. Hoffman appeared to be confused about the purpose of the bill.

The House, by a whopping 255 to 80 vote, agreed to the Senate amendment to the Agriculture Appropriation Bill which would raise the grades of 2472 veterinarians and meat inspectors. The provision was fought by Representative Tarrar (D., Ga.), in charge of the bill, who asserted a lobby was organized to put over the amendment. He also said it would embolden the Government to a policy of raising salaries to induce people to remain in the Federal service. Higher grades for the employees had been sought for years by the department and Civil Service. . . . Federal Public Housing will close its regional office here at 19th and B sts. ne., around August 1. The 250 employees will be transferred to vacancies in the central office. FPHA hopes to save around \$350,000 annually by abolishing the office.

Uncle Sam soon will have women window washers. A group in training at Public Buildings Administration. PBA also has replaced most men elevator operators with women, and it is using more female supervisors. . . . The Government won't hire 15-year-olds for summer work. The minimum age is 16. . . . The new chairman of the National Mediation Board on July 1 will be Harry H. Schwartz, former Senator from Wyoming. Oscar B. Ryder has been elected to another term at the Tariff Commission. . . . It now appears that Navy soon will get its long-sought authority to send "Wet" overseas and some of the girls are getting their shots to be ready. Chairman Walsh of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, who has stymied the bill previously, has now withdrawn his opposition. . . . Incidentally, Chairman Harry Sheppard of the Navy subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee has potent support for Assistant Secretary of the Navy. He doesn't want the job, however.

Federal Power Commission won't have a chairman after tomorrow. The term of Chairman Leland Olds will expire and the Senate won't consider his reappointment for several weeks. . . . At War Production Board, dollar-a-year people and others who work without pay are expedited to buy a \$500 war bond. The quota for a CAF-1 employee is a \$25 bond. . . . Maritime Commission has given its war bond salesman an added incentive. The employee who does the best all-round job will be named to launch a ship. In Maritime's finance division in Tempo Y, the first girl to sell her quota will be given a pair of nylon stockings, and the girl who sells the most bonds will be sent to New York for a weekend and she'll also get two tickets to "Oklahoma." . . . Dr. Robert Leigh, chief of FCC's Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service, has resigned and he'll be director of the commission on inquiry on freedom of the press which will be conducted by Chicago University. His successor will

O'Connor's Niece Is Wac Private



NELL BYRNES HESS, daughter of Mrs. Nell D. Byrnes, Baltimore, and niece of Gov. Herbert O'Connor of Maryland, is taking basic instruction at the Third War Training Center, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Her husband, Sgt. S. C. Hess, is with Army Engineers in England.

Women of Md. Lauded for Food Efforts

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—Lauding the women of Maryland and of the world for "providing the food we needed," Mrs. James Doolittle told approximately 800 members of the State Home Makers' Clubs today that "we are dependent upon you for security in more than one way."

Speaking at a meeting of the organization in Baltimore, the wife of Lieut. Gen. Doolittle said "the present land boom is endangering our security." She declared that farm women could guard against this threat by maintaining war food production goals, refraining from buying lands at inflated prices and buying war bonds.

Mrs. Millard E. Tyding, wife of Senator Tydings (D., Md.), also spoke at the afternoon session of the one-day meeting sponsored by the University of Maryland Extension Service.

be Dr. Charles Hyneman, who is with United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation.

A run-off election for the employee representative on the board of efficiency rating appeals at WFB will be held tomorrow. The four candidates are: John H. Houston, who piled 1364 votes in the primary; Paul E. Brown, 572 votes; Emile Bagnoli, 280, and John F. Buchanan, Jr., 265. WFB officials and employees alike are provoked that Civil Service rules require a run-off election lacking only a few votes of getting 30 per cent of the total vote cast which is required for election by Civil Service. It takes considerable time and money to hold the elections. . . . Frank A. Wagner the AFGE candidate, won reelection on the efficiency rating board at Federal Public Housing. . . . At WFB, Arthur H. Bunker has been promoted to No. 2 man to Vice Chairman Charles Wilson and Philip D. Wilson has moved up to Bunker's old job as vice chairman in charge of metals and minerals.

The girls on the Senate side of the Capitol who have husbands in the armed forces have formed an allotment club. . . . Employees at Foreign Economic have been told to take a 12-day vacation. . . . Lieut. Col. Hal Roach, the former movie director, bought a \$100,000 war bond in the Pentagon. . . . Dave Neumann, chief of General Accounting's Claims Division, takes time out to keep in touch with the more than 200 former employees of his office in the service. He assures them they'll have jobs when they return. Service men, he says, are interested first in their families and second in their jobs.

Livestock and Produce

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—CATTLE—Receipts, 173; fair to active; steady with Monday; part of low good steers; medium to good cows; 6.00 to 7.50; cutter and common, 3.00 to 4.00; medium, 10.00 to 12.00; top sausage bulls, 12.00; bulls, 7.00 to 11.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 50; nominally steady; good and choice vealers, 10.00 to 12.00; medium, 11.00 to 14.00; common, 7.50 to 10.00; culls down to 5.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 2200; active, steady with Monday; good and choice 180-270 lb. barrows and sows, 14.50 to 16.00; top uncured, 16.00.

SHEEP—Receipts, 50; nominally steady; strictly good and choice spring lambs 70 lbs. and up, 16.75 to 18.75; common and medium, 10.00 to 14.00; fat clipped slaughter ewes 4.00 down.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, June 20 (AP).—CATTLE—Receipts, 22,000; total, 27,000; slow, steady on 270 lb. and down; heavy steers, 12.00 to 14.00; good and choice, 14.00 to 16.00; medium, 10.00 to 12.00; top sausage bulls, 12.00; bulls, 7.00 to 11.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 50; nominally steady; good and choice vealers, 10.00 to 12.00; medium, 11.00 to 14.00; common, 7.50 to 10.00; culls down to 5.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 2200; active, steady with Monday; good and choice 180-270 lb. barrows and sows, 14.50 to 16.00; top uncured, 16.00.

SHEEP—Receipts, 50; nominally steady; strictly good and choice spring lambs 70 lbs. and up, 16.75 to 18.75; common and medium, 10.00 to 14.00; fat clipped slaughter ewes 4.00 down.

G. H. Williams Funeral Held At Berryville

Berryville, Va., June 20 (AP).—Funeral services were held at a Grace Episcopal Church here this afternoon for Goodwin Hulings Williams, 90, prominent retired Clarke County farmer. He had been in ill health for some time. Mr. Williams was born in Baltimore County, Md., a son of the late Goodwin G. Williams and Mary Rebecca Hulings of Northampton County, Va.

He married the late Anne Herndon McCormick of Clarke County.

A successful Baltimore lawyer, he retired some years ago to his country home, Arlie, in Clarke County. He served as a member of Grace Episcopal Church vestry for many years.

The following children survive: Capt. Thomas M. Williams, Washington; Edward McCormick Williams, Berryville; Mrs. George B. Ash, Charleston, S. C.; and Mrs. Thomas Lewis Peyton, Bethesda, Md. A sister, Mrs. Hindon Hyde, Old Lyme, Conn., and a number of grandchildren also survive.

Mrs. Ida Ridgeway Bogert
Martinsburg, W. Va., June 20.—Services will be held from a funeral home here tomorrow afternoon for Mrs. Ida Ridgeway Bogert, 80, who died at her home here yesterday. Surviving are three children: Mrs. Jessie B. Catrow, Alexandria, Va.; Jackson Lotier Bogert, Seattle, Wash.; and Mrs. Mary Morgan, Washington.

Charles L. Gordon
Charlottesville, Va., June 20.—Burial rites for Charles Lindsay Gordon, 61, who died at his home in Fredericksburg, were held at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the family plot in Riverview Cemetery here.

Surviving are a sister, Miss Hannah Gordon of Fredericksburg, and the following brothers: Lewis Gordon of Fredericksburg, George Gordon of Stafford County, Bryan Gordon of Arlington, and Dr. Churchill Gordon, Jr., and William Gordon, both of Radford.

Walter L. Payne
Purcellville, Va., June 20 (AP).—Walter L. Payne, 58, banker, died last night at his home here after an illness of five days. He was an employee of the Round Hill National Bank.

Mr. Payne is survived by his wife, Mrs. Katherine Cornwell Payne, and two brothers, Ashby C. Payne, Purcellville, and John W. Payne, Fauquier County.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon from his home with burial in the Hillsboro Cemetery.

Watson Cobb Banton
Charlottesville, Va., June 20.—Watson Cobb Banton, 78, retired Buckingham County farmer, whose home was near Scottsville, died yesterday at the University Hospital. Funeral rites were held at 4 o'clock this afternoon from Sharon Baptist Church, conducted by the Rev. R. L. Jones.

William Wertenbaker
Charlottesville, Va., June 20.—Funeral rites for William Wertenbaker, 81, were held at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon from the residence, conducted by the Rev. J. Halbert Brown, pastor of the Christian Church. Interment was in Maplewood Cemetery.

William B. King
Hagerstown, Md., June 20.—William B. King, 85, retired local photographer and prominent in Masonic circles here for many years, who died at the home of a son, William F. King, Baltimore, will be buried here.

Oliver T. Reilly
Hagerstown, Md., June 20.—Oliver Thomas Reilly, 87, veteran guide and authority on the Antietam battlefield, who died at his home, was buried today at Sharpburg.

One of three surviving daughters is Mrs. Charles Billmyer, Bethesda, Md.

Men Return to Work At Front Royal Plant

Front Royal, Va., June 20 (AP).—Normal working schedules were resumed today by the Rust Engineering Company, engaged in construction of an addition to the American Viscose plant here after a conference between three business agents of local union and company officials for settlement of a walkout of workers last week.

Help Kidneys If Back Aches

Do you feel that you are or suffer from aching back, stiffness, nervousness, leg pains, dizziness, swollen ankles, rheumatic pains, neuritis, or frequent urination? If so, remember that your kidneys may be the cause of these symptoms. . . .

U. of Va. Hospital Unit Makes Outstanding Record in Italy

Charlottesville, Va., June 20 (AP).—The Eighth Evacuation Hospital, organized by the University of Virginia Medical School, has made an outstanding record while serving close behind the front lines during the Italian campaign. Last January it became the first medical unit in the Fifth Army to receive Lieut. Gen. Mark W. Clark's plaque for meritorious service by noncombat units.

A complete tent city, this hospital carries with it all of the facilities necessary to care for the 750 seriously wounded patients. During periods of heavy fighting in the Italian campaign, however, it has cared for as many as 1200 casualties.

Several times during the campaign, the hospital has demonstrated the speed with which it can go into operation. The transformation from a completely mobile unit loaded on trucks to a modern hospital ready to receive all types of patients was accomplished in just over four hours when this unit moved up to the Garigliano front.

Of more than 2000 battle casualties treated by this hospital since it landed in Africa in November, 1942, almost all of which required surgical operations, there has been a mortality rate of only 1.4 per cent.

Lieut. Col. Staige D. Blackford of Charlottesville, is the chief of medical service in the unit.

Staunton Man Is Killed by Auto During Rainstorm

Petersburg, Va., June 20 (AP).—Walter Falls, 62, of Staunton, was killed when struck by an automobile driven by McKinley Heath, colored, Route 2, Disputanta, on a thoroughfare in Disputanta yesterday during a severe rainstorm.

State officers said that Falls had just left a truck, and walking behind it had come into the path of the Heath car.

The accident was investigated by State Troopers Moncre and Stegar, who reported that a charge of manslaughter had been preferred against Heath.

Dr. W. C. Webb, coroner of Prince George County, conducted an investigation and said no inquest would be held.

Falls' body was brought to the undertaking parlors of J. T. Morris and Son and is to be shipped to Staunton for burial.

Uniform Md. Fine-Penalty Plan Approved

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—An amendment to make uniform throughout Maryland penalties for nonpayment of fines was approved today by a subcommittee of the Legislative Council.

The judicial subcommittee said, in approving the legislation, that its purpose was to prevent recurrence of a situation such as arose in Baltimore last week when the Court of Appeals held that a city ordinance providing six months imprisonment as the maximum penalty had precedence over the State law which placed maximum imprisonment at 90 days.

At that time it was estimated that approximately 550 jail inmates had been released since March 8 in conformity with the State statute. City authorities said no attempt would be made to return them to jail to serve out longer terms in conformity with the city ordinance.

The proposed amendment, which sponsored by Sen. Joseph R. Byrnes (D., Bal., 5th), would specifically repeal the Baltimore city local law and other local laws on the subject.

Soldier Gets 8 Years In Death of Stepson

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—An 8-year prison term was imposed today upon Henry R. Tena, 24-year-old paratrooper convicted of manslaughter for the fatal beating of his 2-year-old stepson last month.

Judge John T. Tucker of criminal court, who took the case under consideration after Tena was convicted in the death of little Larry J. McKelvie, pointed out in imposing sentence that 14 bruises were found on the infant's body. The maximum sentence for manslaughter is ten years.

Dovel Asks Place on GOP Rolls For 'Duly Chosen' Delegates

Luray, Va., June 20 (AP).—I. R. Dovel, chairman of the Republican State Committee of Virginia, forwarded a request today to the Republican National Committee to place upon the temporary and permanent rolls of the national convention the delegates and alternates which were "duly declared elected" by the convention.

The election of this group—Ryland G. Craft of Gate City, Jacob Garber of Harrisonburg, John Martin of Castersville and Harry L. Lawson of Roanoke—constitutes action by the convention, "a sovereign body" and "no committee nor court after it adjourns has authority to disturb its action," Dovel said in a telegram to Harrison Spangler, chairman of the Republican National Committee.

The State Executive Committee, Dovel charged, "acted without authority in attempting to declare vacancies and change action of a convention of 2000 delegates after convention adjourned and they returned home."

Bond Sales Soar In Baltimore

Baltimore, June 20 (AP).—The board of trustees of the Baltimore City employees' retirement system purchased \$9,500,000 in Fifth War Loan Bonds, W. Bladen Lowndes, chairman of the Maryland War Finance Committee, reported today.

Meanwhile, C. Delano Ames, chairman of the State Wine and Liquor Dealers Association, reported bond purchases by his group to date of \$2,100,000.

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Organist
Johnny Salb
playing the tunes you request or paying you if he can't! 5:45 P.M.
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GOOD FOOD DESERVES GOOD MUSTARD
GOLDEN'S MUSTARD

People are talking about the articles IMPORTANT PEOPLE write for the Post

Plain Talk from the Navy's New Secretary

FROM THE EDITOR'S DESK

SOME CALL IT POST "LUCK"

THIS thoughtful and provocative article by Secretary of the Navy James Forrestal, was written before the death of Secretary Knox and was read and approved by Secretary Knox before it was submitted to the Post.

Some would call it the usual Post "luck" to be able to publish the first article to appear in any magazine over the signature of the new Secretary.

The important viewpoints of important people come to the Post far too often to be the result of mere coincidence. For example—U. S. Ambassador to Great Britain, John G. Winant, "An International Organization That Works," Post, April 13, 1944; the recent first report of the Big Three talks, "What Really Happened at Teheran," Post, May 13, 1944; Senator Millard E. Tydings, "Why I Proposed a Pay-as-We-Go Amendment," Post, June 10, 1944.

Proof continues to pile up—that when important people have something important to say—Post moments are considered the people to say it to.

James Forrestal, newly appointed Secretary of the Navy, speaks out in unmistakable language in this article written exclusively for the new Post.

These are words to be read and pondered now, as this nation's young men give their lives in war. A message to the mothers and fathers of men who must pay the price of war.

It is a warning to all Americans that we court national disaster if we follow our usual custom of destroying our own ships after the shooting stops.

With a full and historic knowledge of his subject—the Secretary of the world's largest navy draws the convincing conclusion that: "the means to wage war must be in the hands of those who hate war." Read

In this week's issue by James Forrestal
WILL WE CHOOSE NAVAL SUICIDE AGAIN?
ON THE AIR! Listen to "The Listening Post" every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday morning at 10:45 E.W.T. on WMAL

'Two Girls and a Sailor' Will Prove Big Value At Bond Premiere

BY WAY OF A WORD OF ASSURANCE, those who will be attending tonight's War Bond Premiere of "Two Girls and a Sailor," at Loew's Capitol Theater, scarcely could anticipate a greater entertainment value than they will receive for their purchases of the vital government securities.

The general public equally will have a treat in store, when the picture picks up its regular run tomorrow morning as the Capitol's chief screen feature for the new week.

"Two Girls and a Sailor" is in every respect a superlative film.

Its story, devised by Richard Connell and Gladys Lehman, is coherent, interesting and well sustained, despite its frequent interruptions by individual, group and band specialists; the acting cast and the "guest artists" are uniformly superior, the production is one of great magnitude—but not of such dimensions as to smother the romantic narrative. Richard Thorpe's direction keeps a tale of manifold ramifications moving smoothly and swiftly.

The whole thing hinges on the ingratiating adventures of the youngsters of the title, splendidly impersonated by June Allyson, Gloria De Haven and Van Johnson. The two girls are in show business, ardently admired from afar by a youthful bluejacket who happens to be the scion of a distinguished house, as rich as Croesus.

His identity and the source of his benefactions in aid of the girls' desire to do something worth while in the entertainment of the armed forces are kept secret for the greater part of the picture. They are of a nature, however, to give the Stage Door Canteen idea perhaps the most diversified and lavish exposition it ever has received on the screen.

An All-Star Chorus

Associated with the titular trio is the relation of the fable are Henry Stephenson and Henry O'Neill, as John Dyckman Brown I and II; Jimmy Durante, taking his place as one of the cinema's most sympathetic, as well as amusing, serio-comic actors, in the role of a broken-down vaudevillean who experiences a warming rehabilitation; Tom Drake, an efficient juvenile "threat," also in uniform; Donald Meek, a mysterious little go-between, and Ben Blue presents with envying flashes of his inimitable style in song, dance and comedy.

These and the story they unfold provide only the excuse for the logical introduction of an imposing roster of artists who supply the film with a generous measure of practically every kind of music there is, from the sublime to the ridiculous.

Substantial instrumental background is afforded by Harry James and His Orchestra, with Helen Forrester as vocalist, and Xavier Cugat and his Latin-American group, featuring Lina Román in the vocals.

Virginia O'Brien and the Wilde Twins pitch in with characteristically able interludes; Carlos Ramirez, operatic barytone, contributes a superb number; the distinguished Albert Coates, director of the London Symphony Orchestra, conducts a comparable organ-

39 D. C. Men Report Today For Induction

Thirty-nine District men, 18 of them Negroes, have been ordered to report for induction into the armed forces today. Twenty-three will report to the Army and 16 to the Navy.

To the Army will go:

Samuel B. Aach, George T. Barnes, Benjamin L. Brodsky, Robert E. Dunn, Charles F. Hochstetler, Sam Kline, Walter A. Mooney, Thomas E. Mullan, John C. Nelson, James J. Miller, Joseph F. Day, David D. Sibley, Darby W. Yellowley, Willie and Charles E. Brown, Arthur E. Kinney, Walter Parker, James D. Miller, Carlisle L. Randolph, Arthur L. Barber, Norvell K. Jones, Solomon E. Tennie, William N. Watson, John F. Williams, Negro.

To the Navy will go:

Floyd L. Brinfield, James K. Buzell, Randolph S. Clark, Joseph M. Frye, Charles E. Hamilton, Bruce H. Ross, Arthur J. Knott, James A. Kuehl, Andrew H. Bowler, Lester F. Bowman, Olin E. Tombs, Willie and Joseph A. Barber, Robert D. Jackson, Edward Ramos, Kenneth W. Richardson, Thomas H. Wilson, Negro.

Double-Entendre

Fort Riley, Kan. (U.P.)—A woman dashed into the library at the Post Service Club here recently and breathlessly inquired, "Can you tell me if the old battle-axe has come in yet? Pvt. Dorothy Cutting, the War librarian, was a little confused as to whom the woman was referring. Her mind reviewed many faces around the post which fitted the visitor's description until the woman smiled and explained, "I'm referring to 'The Old Battle-axe,' by Sanxay-Holding—it's a book."

Enslaved Americans Pin Hope Of Rescue on the Home Front

(Russell Brines spent most of 1942 in internment at Santo Tomas University in Manila, was later repatriated to the United States. After two years in the A. P. Bureau in Tokyo, he was transferred to Manila in time for the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor.—Editor's note.)

By Russell Brines

Several thousand American boys, living under the agony of Japanese prison camps in Asia, are sustained by only one thought—the certainty of Allied victory.

They are weak, thin, ragged. They work long hours in the hot sun for little pay and barely enough food to keep them alive. They are working in the sweltering war plants of Manchuria and Japan, forced to turn out products that bolster the Japanese war machine.

BRINES

ization in magnificent accompaniment of Gracie Allen's unique "Concerto for One Finger." Jose Iturbi, with his sister, Amparo Navaro, at dual pianos, are heard in a classic concert interlude, and Lena Horne appears briefly toward the end of the picture to sing "Paper Doll."

And Fantasy, Too

Taking its cue possibly from "Lady in the Dark," "Two Girls and a Sailor" also goes in for a dream sequence as spectacular as it is bizarre, with Jimmy Durante, the fallen Billy Kipper, as the good angel of the concert.

If anything essential to a great musical film has been omitted from the present opus, it is beyond the ken of this reporter.

And, as we were saying, the marvel is that all this has been so perfectly balanced and coordinated that no aspect of the far-flung business'ever is permitted to obscure the story or give even a fleeting impression that a diversion of huge proportions has gotten out of hand.

It is something that happens only once in a blue moon.

Tonight's Bond Premiere, of course, will be attended by special ceremonies of an elaborate nature. Beginning tomorrow, there also will be a new stage revue and the usual supplementary features to augment the bill.

These decorations of a program of supreme merit, as light amusement goes, will be considered in this space in due course. There is not enough white paper at this point, to permit comment on all the new bills that will be opening this weekend on any single day. Previews are a great institution!

Six True Bills In Arlington

Six true bills were handed up by the special grand jury of the Arlington Circuit Court yesterday in the following cases presented by Commonwealth Attorney Lawrence W. Douglas:

Waldo F. Anderson, two counts of forged checks, trial set for July 10; Richard M. Cannon, two counts of theft, trial date not set as whereabouts unknown; James H. Fowle, theft, case continued.

William Saunders Wright, charged with murder of Richard Stevenson, trial set for July 22.

All defendants had plead not guilty.

Must Engage Labor

Martinsburg, W. Va., June 20 (U.P.)—Fruit growers of this belt were given blunt notice today by Carroll B. Miller, secretary-manager of Appalachian Apple Service which has been functioning for the growers, that they must make any plans for seasonal labor, Thursday evening of this week at a meeting at Bardane, otherwise outside labor such as is contemplated will have to be abandoned because of lack of time to arrange for it.

Test Sign in Pacific

Advanced U. S. Base, Central Pacific (U.P.)—The Mason-Dixon Line has been extended into the Pacific, judging from the following sign in front of one tent at this base: "The Southern Gents—and Three Damn Yankees."

They labor on the docks of Manila, Kobe and Yokohama, degrading work. The summers are stifling, the winters vicious.

The news of American successes has slipped through to the prisoners. At night, when the sentries move away, these bits are brought out, examined, discussed, like the rich jewels they are in a prisoner's life.

Some 6000 American civilian men, women and children live under similar circumstances, without the work, in other camps. They, too, hear the news, and it makes the black days tolerable.

All know how difficult the job ahead is; how long the road; how much the cost yet to be computed. But they are convinced that Americans will spend all the money and make all the sacrifices necessary for victory. That is their faith.

"We may have made plenty of mistakes before the war," they say, "but Americans don't make the same mistake twice."

So, the prisoners wait anxiously for Allied forces to drive deeper and deeper into Asia. That is all that keeps them alive; those who are still alive.

Grin And Bear It

By Lichty



"I'm certainly disappointed in farm life—when I volunteered, I was under the impression that salesmen were always stopping at farm houses!"

HEDDA HOPPER Another for Lassie

Hollywood, Calif., June 20.—Elizabeth Taylor, being starred in "National Velvet" with Mickey Rooney, is already set for "Hold High the Torch," in which Lassie again will be with her. Freddie Wilcox, who made "Lassie Come Home," will direct this, too. I wonder if Metro didn't overlook a good bet by not doing a series of the Lassie pictures, with Roddy McDowall and Elizabeth Taylor. They were unexpectedly successful. . . . Agnes Moorehead goes into "Tomorrow the World" with Betty Field. Since beating Johnny Dawson last week at golf, Johnny Weissmuller may get out of the water and into the rough next season and do a golf tour. . . . Claudette Colbert will go to New York for the "Since You Were Away" opening—if she feels up to it. . . . Charlie Bickford, whose stock soared after he played a priest in "Bernadette," is wanted by Billy Rose for head-opposite Fay Bainter in the new play, "Emily Brown," but Twentieth Century has four big parts for him and can't spare him.

No Belittling

Joan Fontaine, after lunching an attractive British wing commander, Peter Thompson, adopted him as a cousin, introduced him to sister Olivia as Peter de Havilland Thomas. Livvy looked him over and said, "We certainly are a most attractive family." . . . At Ernst Lubitsch's luncheon the guests were discussing the possibility of a picture co-starring Mae West and Mickey Rooney. A star said, "I've never seen Rooney, but isn't he physically unattractive?" And at that moment Ava Gardner (ex Mrs. Rooney) walked in with Mervyn Leroy. . . . Judith Evelyn, who gave 1051 performances of "Angel Street" on Broadway, is now vacationing with Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Paddelford in Pasadena—and I'll bet she'll be flooded with picture offers. There is an actress. . . . Michael Arlen hopes his friends won't worry about his automobile accident. He expects to be out and about in two or three days.

Bedazzled and Bewildled

Mrs. Charles Mendel's dinner party for Elsa Maxwell brought 50 top stars, including Judy Garland, Mary Pickford, Joan Fontaine, Sister Olivia, Maria Montez, Janet Gaynor, Anita Colby, and more extra males than I've seen in a room since the war started. But the real star was William McCaffery, magician. He's something to shout about. Magic is his hobby; he's comptroller of American fruit industry. After he told the name Jack Warner had written on a slip of paper, Jack cracked, "Maybe you'd better come over to my studio and read my scripts." . . . Jane Farrow told me Maj. Tex McCrary is in Russia, and her boss, Harry Cohn, finally has consented to her going overseas with Al Jolson.

Health Comes First

It's not true that Dore Schary is leaving Selznick after only one picture. He's leaving everything for three months to clear up a bad case of blood poisoning. On his return he'll do "Houdini." What a natural for Cary Grant! Then Schary has one to do with Jennifer Jones. . . .

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There's good reason why PAZO ointment has been used by so many millions of sufferers from piles. First, PAZO ointment soothes inflamed areas—relieves pain and itching. Second, PAZO ointment lubricates hardened, dried parts—helps prevent cracking and soreness. Third, PAZO ointment tends to reduce swelling and check bleeding. Fourth, it's easy to use. PAZO ointment's perfumed Pile Pads make application simple, thorough. Your doctor can tell you about PAZO ointment.

Get PAZO Today At Drugstores

5" WAR LOAN

Broadway Potpourri

New York, June 20.—Paul Lukas visited the Stork Club and received the congratulations of his friends for having won the Academy Award this year. "You were good," he was told, "and deserved the prize." . . . "I know," replied Lukas. "That's why I voted for myself." . . . Lukas has been visiting the Army hospitals, speaking with the wounded. They ask him questions about the movie actresses, and he answers all of them. "I don't know so many Hollywood actresses," Lukas confessed last night, "so when I talk to the soldiers I tell them stuff that I've either read in fan magazines, or that I make up myself."

Amos 'n' Andy invited Lukas to appear on their program. He was to do a playlet in which the script provided for a phone conversation between him and Jack Warner. Freeman Gosden phoned Warner's lawyer to get consent for the use of Warner's name. . . . "Well, I don't know," said the lawyer, "You're not portraying him holding a phone conversation when, as a matter of fact, Mr. Warner doesn't speak to Lukas because he refused to do a picture we had for him. And this may be interpreted as a reconciliation." . . . "Oh, no," Gosden told him. "Just assure Mr. Warner that Lukas hasn't seen the script as yet."

Serg. George Baker, creator of the GI comic strip, "Sad Sack," selected the man who portrayed Sad Sack over CBS's "Report to the Nation." The top actors in radio auditioned, but Baker selected the assistant sound-effects man who had read the lines just for the mike-test. . . . Victor Jory's "45th St. Pickups" was beaten by the "Wallflower" softball team. Jory appealed—because "Wallflower" used five fingers, including an ex-Red Sox player—all of whom professed to be actors who were "in rehearsal." . . .

At the French-American Club's dinner last week, in commemoration of de Gaulle's arrival in England to form the Free French, some of the speeches were disrupted by the chattering of the wife of a world renowned German musician. She finally was quieted by Henri Bernstein, who halted his speech long enough to address her by name and said: "Madame, will you please be as quiet as you'd like us to be at one of your husband's concerts?"

This is a Knickerbocker Weekly story from Holland: A merchant went to a farmer near Amsterdam to get a pound of butter. The farmer insisted on suapping the butter for a pair of woolen socks. The merchant went home and reported this to his wife, who said: "We have a woolen bed-spread. I'll unravel it and knit a pair of socks." She made the pair and the merchant needed more butter his wife would unravel the bed-spread and knit socks. Finally, one day, she had enough wool for only one sock. The merchant took it to the farmer and asked for a half-pound of butter for it. "No, I'll give you a full pound," said the farmer. "You see, I really don't wear the socks. My wife unravels the wool and uses it for a bed-spread she's making. And there's just enough wool in this one sock to finish it."

The N. Y. delegation to the Dem.

Show Time

STAGE
National—"Able's Irish Rose," at 2:30 and 8:30 p. m.
Willard Roof—"Murder in the Old Red Barn," at 8:45 p. m.
SCREEN
Earle—"Make Your Own Bed," at 11 a. m., 1:45, 4:30, 7:15, and 10 p. m. Stage shows at 1, 3:45, 6:30 and 9:20 p. m.
Capitol—"Roger Touhy, Gangster," at 11:10 a. m., 1:50, 4:35, 7:20 and 10:05 p. m. Stage shows at 1:15, 4, 6:45 and 9:30 p. m.
RKO-Keith's—"The Impostor," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:25, 5:30, 7:35 and 9:40 p. m.
Palace—"Pin Up Girl," at 10:45 a. m., 12:55, 3:10, 5:25, 7:40 and 9:55 p. m.

convention has decided not to vote as a unit, thereby leaving Jim Farley free to make the vote for Roosevelt nonunanimous. . . . Antonio Dolin and Alicia Markova, America's best known ballet stars, will work at Radio City Music Hall this summer. In a few weeks there, they'll earn more than they did in a full season at the Ballet Theater. . . . When Marshall Tito and Randolph Churchill fled from their headquarters at Drvar in Yugoslavia during the 4:30 a. m. raid by Nazi paratroopers, the marshal rushed away still wearing his night-shirt.

At the session trial in Washington a German tailor who said he lived in Waukegan, Ill., was cross-examined by the defense. Ellis O. Jones, acting as his own counsel, questioned the tailor about another Waukegan man. "Do you know Jack Benny?"

"No," said the tailor. . . . "Well, you should," said Jones. "He comes from Waukegan." . . . "Maybe I should," said the tailor, "but he never entered my shop." . . . A reporter later asked Jones: "What's it got to do with this case?" Jones shrugged: "Damned if I know."

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When excess stomach acid causes painful, burning gas, sour stomach and heartburn, doctors prescribe the fastest-acting medicine known for permanent relief—medication like Doan's Peppermint Tablets. No laxative. No harmful irritants. No harm to you or double your money back on return of bottle to us. 50¢ at all drug stores.

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When your feet cry out for relief, apply to them with Dr. Scholl's Foot Powder. Also dust it into your shoes and stockings. Prevent your feet from becoming sore, itchy, red, raw, and itchy. You'll know how it relieves your hot, sweaty, tender, or odoriferous feet. Aids in preventing Athlete's Foot by keeping feet dry. Be foot-happy by using Dr. Scholl's Foot Powder daily. Get it today. Issues on Dr. Scholl's Foot Powder. Costs but a trifle.

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Don't worry if ordinary methods disappointed you. Use at home the formula used by DOCTORS exclusively at noted Hospitals & Minor Clinics. He assured how QUICK your pile pain, itching, soreness are relieved. Get \$1.50 tube Therman's & Minor's Rectal Ointment today. Or get the easy-to-apply Therman's & Minor Rectal Suppositories, only a few cents more. Try DOCTORS' way TODAY. At all good drug stores everywhere.

The CLOROX LINE is snowy-white, showy-white ... Sanitary, too!

AND CLOROX LESSENS RUBBING, CONSERVING FABRICS!

CLOROX is Extra-Gentle in bleaching and removing stains! It is ultra-refined... free from caustic, an exclusive, patented quality!

COTTONS AND LINENS are scarce and becoming scarcer. How to make them last longer is a problem facing America's housewives. Let Clorox help in conserving your linens, for Clorox is extra-gentle in bleaching... it lessens rubbing, prolonging life of fabrics. Clorox restores white cottons and linens to their original white beauty (brightens fast colors), makes them fresh,

sanitary... removes stains, scorch and mildew. Millions of housewives use Clorox regularly in laundering their precious linens as well as everyday linens. Clorox is especially helpful in washing white and color-fast cotton and linen work clothes, and for children's laundry, too. And when running colors streak your wash, let Clorox extra-gentle bleaching come to the rescue.

The Clorox way is the easy, effective way to Greater Home Sanitation!



In Kitchen Cleaning it's important to concentrate on making germ "danger zones" sanitary. The simple, efficient way to greater kitchen sanitation is to use Clorox in routine cleaning of refrigerators, sinks, drainboards, china and glassware; dishcloths, towels; floors and garbage containers.



In the Bathroom ordinary cleansing methods are not enough, for bathroom surfaces may look clean, yet be covered with invisible germ dangers. Here again, Clorox provides greater sanitation in the routine cleaning of washbasins, bathtubs, toilets, tile, linoleum and wood surfaces.

CLOROX is pure, safe, dependable... efficient yet gentle in use. Simply follow directions on the label. There is only one Clorox... always order by name. For greater economy and convenience buy Clorox in the half-gallon size.

America's Favorite Bleach and Household Disinfectant

CLOROX Disinfects DEODORIZES BLEACHES REMOVES STAINS

PURE • SAFE • DEPENDABLE

Copyright 1944, Clorox Chemical Co.

BACK THE ATTACK... BUY WAR BONDS

What's Going On And Where

Entertainment for Service Men and Women Stage Door Canteen, Belasco Theater, Government's Ticket Booth, 3rd st. and major league baseball by Diamondgraph, 6 Pennsylvania ave. n.w., free tickets 10 to 1:30 p.m. Adjutant General's School, Daniel Webster, 1000 and 10th st. n.w., 10 to 1:30 p.m. Band, Fort Washington, 7:30 to 8:30 p.m. Ford-Cole Center for the armed forces, Daphne Hoffman, swing harpist, 9 to 10:15 p.m. The United Nations, canton, checking, 9 to 10:15 p.m. Daphne Hoffman, swing harpist, 10 to 10:15 p.m. Daphne Hoffman, swing harpist, 10 to 10:15 p.m.

P. M. Marie Theater shows 10:30 p.m. Exhibit, paintings, drawings and prints by Richard Francis Lahey, Corcoran Gallery, 17th and New York ave. n.w., 9 to 10:30 p.m. "Shot From the Sky," war bond show, Monument Grounds, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Swimming, service women, Jewish Community Center, 16th and Q sts. n.w., 8:15 to 10:15 p.m. Concert, United States Marine Band, east front, United States Capitol, 7 p.m. Examination, table tennis, Roosevelt Center, 13th and Upshur sts. n.w., 7 p.m. Dance, orchestra, YMCA USO, 1736 Q st. n.w., 7:30 to 9:30 p.m.

Square dancing, Banagher Service Club (Negro), 2800 Georgia ave. s.e. m. Square dancing, Central Center, 13th and Clifton sts. n.w., 8 p.m. Dance, orchestra, Masonic Service Center, 13th and New York ave. n.w., 8 p.m. Square dancing, Potomac Heights, Jewish Center, 16th and Q sts. n.w., 8 p.m. Dance, Servicemen's Club No. 1, 306 9th st. n.w., 8 p.m. Dance, Silver Spring, Md. USO, 8644 Georgia ave. s.e. m. Orchestral, Washington Chapel, 1616 st. and Columbia rd. n.w., 8 p.m.

65 County Landowners to Lose Property to Naval Project

Approximately 85 property owners in Montgomery and Prince Georges Counties will be affected by the proposed five million dollar Naval ordnance laboratory when 1000 acres in Hillandale and White Oak, Md., approved by the House Naval Affairs committee as the site, are bought by the Navy Department. It was learned yesterday. Largest property owner is the Cafritz Construction Co., which bought 297 acres from Eugene Ruppert, judge of the Montgomery County Orphans' Court, to build a development after the war. This tract is included in the 750 acres which lie in Montgomery County. A dozen homes are scattered over the area which runs along Paint Branch, a third of a mile south of Columbia rd. and the New Hampshire ave. intersection at White Oak and is bounded on the north side by the new recreation park in Hillandale.

The real estate division of the Navy Department plans to make a person to person survey to determine property records before sales are made, Fred Tummiller, planning director of the Maryland Park and Planning Commission which approved the site as "appropriate," said yesterday. It is expected that if property owners protest, condemnation proceedings will be started. Among owners of large parcels are Merritt Lockwood, developer of Hillandale, Osborn Crawford, Harry Milledale, Charles Crum, Mary Butler and Carrie and Elizabeth Naylor.

War has increased the employment of women over 45 by 20 per cent.

Shots to Greet Vandals At Albuquerque Zoo

Albuquerque, N. Mex., June 18 (AP)—Mayor Clyde Tingley reported today vandals killed a deer and attempted to turn loose two African lions at the City Zoo last night, and angrily asserted "a load of

AMUSEMENTS

BOAT TRIPS

Mount Vernon
2 TRIPS DAILY
10 A.M. and 2 P.M.
Round Trip Adults, 75c
Plus 50c 25c to
Grounds. Children
under 15, 40c. Children
Admitted free to Grounds.

Marshall Hall
2 TRIPS DAILY
10 A.M. and 2 P.M.
FREE ADMISSION. 450
Acres. Fuel for You.
Buses, Amusement, Free
Picnic Grounds. Adults
The Round Trip. Chil-
dren under 15, 40c.

Moonlight
NIGHTLY SAILINGS
AT 8:30 P.M.
Free Dances to Music
by Dave Crowder and
His Orchestra. Round
Trip, 50c. 1st. 40c.
Children under 15, 40c.
Sun-
day, 10c.

AMUSEMENTS

Wilson Line

7TH ST. WHARVES
NATIONAL 2440

RESTORATION of TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATION

with
THE LIBERATED
AREAS OF EUROPE

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RCA



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WASHINGTON, D. C.

Until further notice, service is restricted to press messages and those destined for military personnel.

The Lion's share of hits for twenty years

And now M-G-M brings to the screen the romance that you will remember forever!

The White Cliffs of Dover



IRENE DUNNE
A CLARENCE BROWN Production
with **ALAN MARSHAL** and with
RODDY McDOWALL • FRANK MORGAN •
VAN JOHNSON • C. AUBREY SMITH •
DAME MAY WHITTY • GLADYS COOPER
Directed by CLARENCE BROWN. Produced by SIDNEY FRANKLIN
Screen Play by Claudine West, Jan Lustig and George Froeschel. Based
on "The White Cliffs" by Alice Duer Miller. AN M-G-M PICTURE

2924 BIG PARADE

2925 THE MERRY WIDOW

2926 FLESH and the DEVIL

2927 BEN HUR

2928 TELL IT to the MARINES

2929 BROADWAY MELODY

2930 MIN and BILL

2931 TRADER HORN

2932 GRAND HOTEL

2933 TUGBOAT ANNIE

2934 DINNER AT EIGHT

2935 MUTINY on the BOUNTY

2936 SAN FRANCISCO

2937 GOOD EARTH

2938 BOYS TOWN

2939 WIZARD OF OZ

2940 BOOM TOWN

2941 HONKY TONK

2942 MRS. MINIVER

2943 RANDOM HARVEST

2944 THE WHITE CLIFFS OF DOVER

LOEW'S PALACE THURSDAY
F at 13th
Doors Open 10:30
Last Feature 9:35
Plus Latest INVASION NEWS By Wire and on Screen
ENDS TODAY! BETTY GRABLE in "PIN UP GIRL" Technicolor

AMUSEMENTS

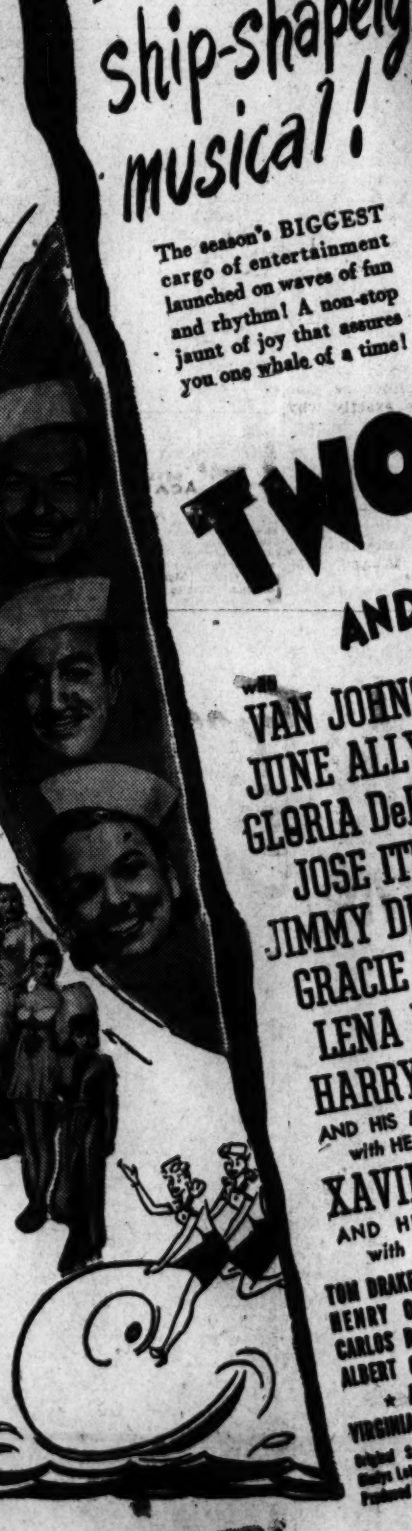
Celebrating M-G-M's Twenty Year Anniversary
with another M-G-M hit!

Tonight at 8:45 P.M.
GALA WAR BOND PREMIERE

"TWO GIRLS and a SAILOR"
100 SEATS REMAINING FOR
\$100 WAR BONDS.
GET YOUR FREE TICKET NOW

M-G-M's ship-shapely musical!

The season's BIGGEST cargo of entertainment launched on waves of fun and rhythm! A non-stop jaunt of joy that assures you one whale of a time!



TWO GIRLS AND A SAILOR

A deluge of song-hits!

"TAKE IT EASY"
"IN A MOMENT OF MADNESS"
"I LOVE LIKE OURS"
"YOUNG MAN WITH A HORSE"
"MY MOTHER TOLD ME"
"YOU DEAR"
"SWEET AND LOVELY"

VAN JOHNSON
JUNE ALLYSON
GLORIA DeHAVEN
JOSE ITURBI
JIMMY DURANTE
GRACIE ALLEN
LENA HORNE
HARRY JAMES
AND HIS MUSIC MAKERS
with HELEN FORREST
XAVIER CUGAT
AND HIS ORCHESTRA
with LINA ROMAY
TOM DRAKE • HENRY STEPHENSON
HENRY O'NEILL • BEN BLUE
CARLOS RAMIREZ • FRANK SULLY
ALBERT COATES • DONALD MEEL
AMPARO NAVARRO • WILDE THURS
Adapted Screen Play by Richard Rossett and
Mildred Lawrence. Directed by NORMAN THOMAS
Produced by JOE PASTERNAK. In M-G-M Picture

On Stage • In Person

JANE PICKENS

The Singing Star of the Radio Networks

SYD CHATTON • COCO, STEVE & EDDY
Voice of the Stars Getting Up in the World

LINDA MOODY The Aristocrat of Dances

Sam Jack KAUFMAN • Milt SLOSSER

THURS Doors Open 10 A. M.

ENDS TODAY
Last Complete Show at 5 O'clock

COOL

Loew's CAPITOL

"ROGER TOUHY, GANGSTER"
Stage... "GAY 90's REVUE"

Wilson Asks To Quit WPB, Return to G-M

Executive Vice Chairman Charles E. Wilson of the War Production Board has written President Roosevelt asking leave to return to the presidency of the General Motors Corp., it was learned yesterday.

Wilson submitted a resignation late last year, but agreed to defer putting it into effect at the request of the President to supervise the production preparations for the liberation drive into France.

At the time, it was generally assumed that Wilson hoped to leave sometime this summer.

It was understood that Wilson's letter pointed out that the liberation production job has been accomplished and asked that the President now act on his resignation.

Associates of Wilson expressed the belief that he would again defer his departure, if requested to do so by the President.

Meanwhile, Wilson branded as "pure bunk," reports that he was preparing to leave WPB because of a rift with WPB Chairman Donald M. Nelson.

Reported differences were said to center around handling of resumption of civilian production, with Wilson reportedly opposing efforts by Nelson to expand non-war output.

Wilson stated his belief that Nelson and he agreed that no civilian production should be authorized which would interfere with the war production effort.

Wilson resigned as president of GE to come to the WPB in 1942.

Waste Paper Drive Stepped Up in District

District collection agencies are still missing three to four million pounds of waste paper a month because citizens will not save it. Salvage Chairman James E. Collier said yesterday.

He announced more than 6800 tons of salvage paper collected in May. Tin can collections last month increased more than 2 tons, but fats decreased 1½ tons. More than 191 tons of rags were collected in June.

Salvage headquarters reported cooperation of the Washington Sales Representatives Association, Graphic Arts Association, and the Washington paper and printing industry. More than 78 tons of paper were gathered by Graphic Arts last month.

The District and Federal Government, the Washington Terminal Co., and the Capital Transit Co. contributed more than 691 tons of scrap iron and steel.

Decorated by Poles

Capt. P. M. Birkeland of Chicago, a former Washington resident received the Golden Cross of Merit yesterday in London from President Raciewicz of the Polish government in exile. Along



GETTING 'THAT SWING'—Bearing in mind the advice on the sign, a Navy air crewman gets gunnery instruction from a mobile training unit officer in the New Hebrides.

Generals Praise Belvoir Castle on 3d Birthday

Commendations for the Belvoir Castle, weekly newspaper at Fort Belvoir, and congratulations to the editor and staff who are observing the third anniversary of the camp publication this month, have been received at the post from the top-ranking generals and Yank, the Army weekly.

Lieut. Gen. Brehon Burke Som-

ervell, commanding general of the Army Service Forces, in congratulating the Castle editor, Sergt. Irving Myers, said: "It has carried to your troops, to your civilian personnel, the fine tradition and the spirit of the Corps of Engineers, and I know how it has kept up the spirit of your people in trying times."

Professor of Fishing Gives No Guarantee

Minneapolis (U.P.)—With the near opening of the 1944 fishing season, Prof. Samuel Eddy, associate professor of zoology, is about to end his annual University of Minnesota class in fishing, a class he believes is the only one of its kind in the country.

"I never guarantee to teach anyone how to catch fish," Eddy said, "but I do drop a few pointers in class."

The class is a night course and this is the third year it has been offered. Eddy said it was very popular, especially among professional men in the Twin Cities. The course is conducted along rather unorthodox lines.

"I think," Eddy said, "it is the only class of its kind in which fishermen can come and expound their pet theories. There usually are some hot arguments about the best hook, line and sinker, but so far there have been no open fights."

Eddy confesses neither he, nor anybody else, knows exactly why fish bite. "They're either hungry or mad," he guessed.

5-Year-Old Does Bit

Kansas City, Kan. (U.P.)—Kansas City's youngest Red Cross volunteer war worker is 5-year-old Judy Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Jones.

He was joined in citations to the editor and staff by Maj. Gen. Eugene Reybold, chief of engineers; Maj. Gen. John T. Lewis, commanding officer of the Military District of Washington, and Brig. Gen. Edwin Hall Marks, post commander, who left last week for a new assignment in Dallas, Tex.

Col. Franklin S. Forsberg of the ASF morale services division who is in charge of Yank, in complimenting Sergeant Myers on the third anniversary, wrote:

"Camp newspapers have a very important part to play in such an Army as ours. The Castle in particular is making a fine contribution to the Army's program of information. The goal of that program is to make our Army the best informed one in the world and the Castle is doing its share with notable success."

On D-Day the public relations office at Fort Belvoir under Maj. Samuel D. Swann issued a liberation extra which was on the street in the morning. It carried a photograph of General Eisenhower and announced the scheduled broadcast by President Roosevelt.

Meanwhile the Special Services branch under Maj. Henry A. Schaeffer circulated the latest bulletins to every section of the post by sound truck as part of the prearranged news coverage system. Bulletins were also announced over the chapel amplifier as personnel gathered to ask Divine Guidance for the men in the front lines.

FORK UNION MILITARY ACADEMY

Fully accredited. Prepares for college or business. Able faculty. Small classes. Supervised study. Lower school for small boys in a new modern building. Housemaster, R.G.T.C. Fireproof building. Inside swimming pool. All activities. Best health record. Students from 37 States and other countries. Catalog, 47th year. Dr. J. J. Winkler, Pres., Box P, Fork Union Va.

Capital Transit Wins National Safety Prize

For the lowest accident rate in 1943 among transit companies serving urban populations of 600,000 or over, Capital Transit Co. was awarded a silver plaque yesterday by the American Transit Association.

The association's safety award contest committee took into consideration the collision accidents per 100,000 miles operated and the passenger accidents per million passengers carried.

Other factors considered were the number of motor vehicles registered in the area and the proportion of nonrail mileage operated over private and semiprivate rights of way.

E. D. Merrill, president of Capital Transit, noted in accepting the award that "with the country at war, the transit industry is today providing more rides for more people than ever before, and with the same efficiency and speed."

Children Design Own Playground

Indianapolis (U.P.)—Reclaiming a desolate, 40-acre dump doesn't sound like child's play, but the 700 pupils of Public School No. 21 are making a landscaped playground of the eyesore adjoining their school.

The city park machinery and manpower will do the heavy work and tree-planting but the place will be the children's idea of how a playground should look. The school's student council is sifting ideas for the layout.

Home Week in England

Bar Harbor, Me. (U.P.)—When Col. Haskell H. Cleaves of Bar Harbor was hospitalized with an ankle injury in England, he began to wonder if it wasn't old home week. Three of his nurses were from Maine—and one was a fellow native from Bar Harbor.

District Men Among Naples Crack MP's

Eight Washington area soldiers are members of the MP regiment which was handed the job of restoring the efficiency of war-wrecked Naples, it was revealed yesterday. So expert was their work in regulating traffic in the city's maze of narrow streets that Naples is now considered one of the most efficient ports in the world.

The MPs cut traffic accidents by 85 per cent to allow more than 30,000 tons of war equipment to pass through daily. Thanks to the MPs, it is said that black-market operators now find it so difficult to get food past the law that they pay \$3000 for a truckload of flour that formerly cost \$1000. The regiment has broken counterfeit rings and improvised radio patrol cars.

The Washington area men are Tech. 5th grade Francis H. Floor, company clerk, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Floor of 4223 Bromley Ave. SE.; Pvt. Stanley R. Brown, guard, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Brown of 1629 33rd St. NW.; Pfc. Alvin Heckman, acting desk sergeant, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Heckman of 811 Monroe St. SE.; Tech. 4th grade Laiden H. Norris, civilian booking sergeant, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Norris of 230 South Carolina Ave. NE.; Pfc. William A. Villa, special guard, son of Joseph Villa of 434 4th St. NW.; Pfc. William L. Howe, husband of Mrs. Jewel N. Howe of 1323 Bryant St. NE.; and son of Mrs. Catherine Howe of 6310 Draper Lane, Silver Spring, Md.; Pvt. Loren M. Goodman, radio operator, son of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Goodman, 828 Bonifant St., Silver Spring, Md.; Pvt. Pasquale E. Cuiolo, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis M. Cuiolo of 5410 Gallatin St. NW.

Lightning Kills Farmer in Wicomico County

Salisbury, Md., June 20 (U.P.)—A violent wind and thunderstorm which swept Maryland's Eastern Shore last night resulted in the death by lightning of a Wicomico County farmer and considerable damage to trees and utility wires.

The body of Henry Elijah Bailey, 59, was found in an open field today by his son, Elwood C. Bailey, and Dr. L. A. Rademaker, deputy medical examiner, returned a verdict of death due to lightning.

Chest-Aided Playgrounds To Open in D. C. Tomorrow

Supervised play off the streets, and under the eye of Community Chest agencies will get into full swing tomorrow, the first day of summer vacation for public school children.

Settlement houses will offer usual summertime play schools, day camps, nursery and day care programs.

In addition, Georgetown House will cooperate with the Recreation Department in two-week camp sessions at Foundry Branch Park. Northwest Settlement House will take some of its enrollment to camp Pleasant, in Pennsylvania. Southwest Community House will sponsor a "summer village."

Vacation School Plans

Friendship will open its thirty-fourth annual "vacation school" on July 17 where children behind in their studies will be given special tutoring.

Barney Neighborhood House opens an arts and crafts school on June 29, and also will conduct three day camps at Camp Cedars.

Other special summer programs will be conducted at Christ Child, Nye and Southeast settlement houses.

Boys' and girls' clubs, Scouts, the Y and Camp Fire Girls' activities again will be continued. Boys Club of Washington tomorrow begins its summer schedule, 9:30 to 6 daily, and 9:30 to 1 on Saturday.

40 Girls Go to Camp

St. Rose's Technical School, a home for dependent and orphan girls, will remain open all summer, and 40 girls will go to the institution's camp in mid-July. St. Ann's Infant Asylum has already moved its older children to Berwyn Heights, Md., for the summer. Other special children's programs will be conducted this summer at Children's Country Home, Christ Child Farm for Convalescent Children, Episcopal Home for Children, Florence Crittenton Home, St. Joseph's Home and School, St. Vincent's Home and School, Washington Home for Foundlings, the Jewish Community Center and the Metropolitan Police Boys Club.

2 Babies Drowned in Flash Flood as Parents Flee Gale

Glendive, Mont., June 18 (U.P.)—Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Sturgis were awakened in their trailer house by violent pitching and tossing. Thinking it a recurring violent wind which had shaken eastern Montana last Friday, each parent bundled a child and started for a nearby ranch house.

Sheriff Martin Calberg said they stepped into a flash flood more than five feet deep and the churning waters jerked the babies from their arms.

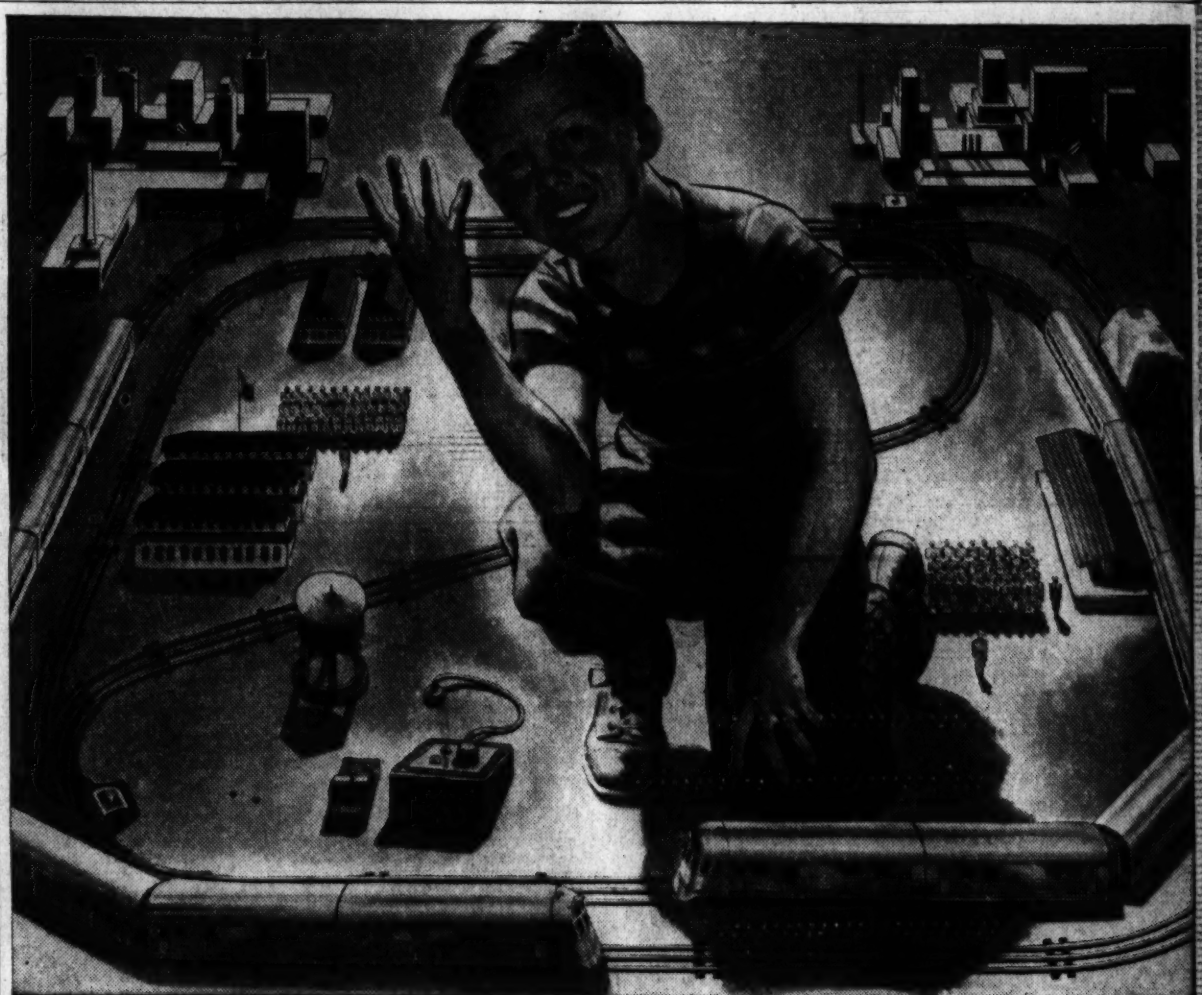
Today, the body of one child,

3-months old, was found near the trailer house. The other, 16 months old, still is missing, the sheriff said.

Proud of GAR Vets

Freeport, Me. (U.P.)—Some States are now without a single surviving Civil War veteran, but this tiny town boasts two GAR men, both of whom are hale and hearty. They are Otis L. Coffin, 100, and George F. Stuart, 98.

Advertisement
THE SULFA DRUG—Sulfanilamide and Derivatives of Skin and Scalp
If you suffer from Psoriasis, Dermatitis, Eczema, Athlete's Foot, Impetigo, Acne, Dandruff or a similar condition, secondary infection... write today for new FREE booklet prepared from the clinical reports and records of PNO-RIDERMAL, the Liquid Sulfanilamide Compound. No-Baste Product Co., Dept. A-33, Royal Oak, Mich.



"Dad says I've got 4 trains here instead of 2"

"You see, I've been wanting a couple more trains and, of course, you can't buy any more until after the war is over."

Well, the two you have now are really four, if you run them right.

"That's just what Dad said. I thought he was kidding until he showed me why. You see, these two trains of mine are toy Zephyrs and he showed me how to run them on the same schedule as a couple of real Zephyrs. So instead of having them make one-way trips like most trains, I have them make round trips every day. That means I can carry twice as many people."

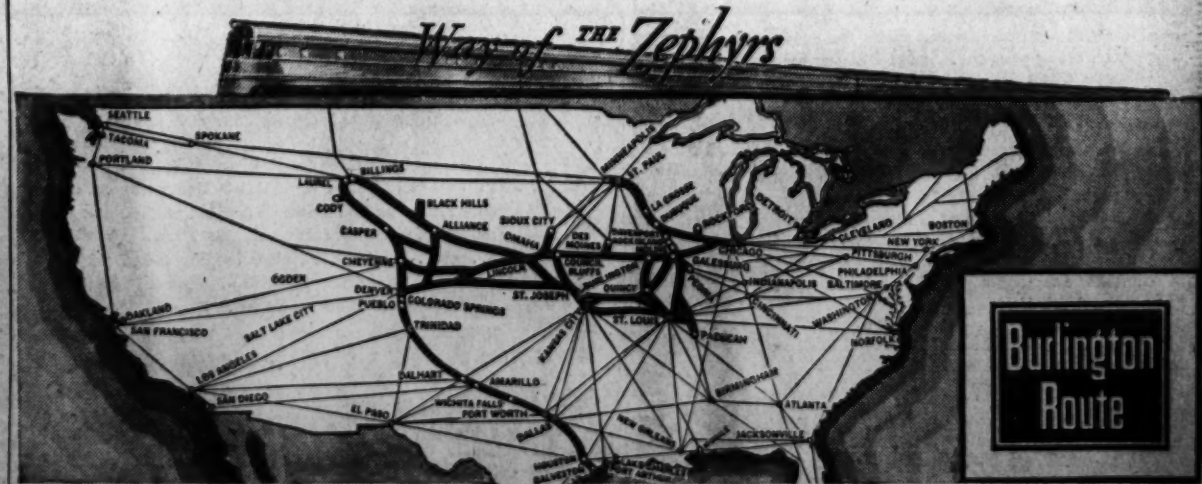
And that's exactly what two of Burlington's Zephyrs are doing, Jimmy... each making an 874-mile round trip every day between Chicago and the Twin Cities. Each of these trains has traveled more than two and a quarter million miles, and they have been in actual service 97% of the time since they started running.

"That takes speed, I'll betcha!"

Better than 60 miles an hour, including all stops. Not so many years ago, it took nearly 11 hours, one way! But say, Jimmy, how come your Dad knows so much about the Burlington and our Zephyrs?

"Oh, didn't I tell you? My Dad's a Burlington man."

Burlington has 12 other diesel-powered, stainless steel Zephyrs and a fleet of steam-powered passenger trains—all of them out to do ONE big job—to handle as much vital military and civilian traffic as possible, as fast as possible. A fleet of freight trains is geared to the same objective in moving materials of war. Through its 22 principal gateways and more than 200 interchange points, the Burlington serves as an essential link between railroads from the North, East, South and West.

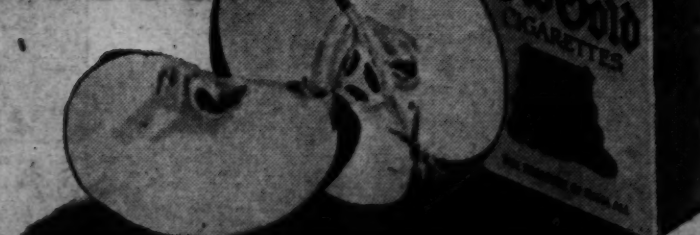


AN ESSENTIAL LINK IN TRANSCONTINENTAL TRANSPORTATION



Apple "Honey" Helps Keep Old Golds Fresh!

• You want fine tobacco, of course. But you want it fresh! A mist of Apple "Honey," the nectar of luscious apples, is sprayed on Old Gold's fine tobaccos to help hold in the natural freshness. "Something new has been added" to these tobaccos. It's Latakia, a costly imported leaf that gives richer flavor. Try Old Golds and see why they have won a million new friends.



* FIFTH WAR LOAN... Back the attack—buy more than before. * To save war material for Uncle Sam, Old Golds have taken off their cellulosic jackets for the season.

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

IT MAY SEEM FANTASTIC, but what a young naval officer should wear has become a real problem in Washington. For instance, the standard summer uniform is gray, especially selected by Admiral King, who went over the head of the late Secretary of the Navy Knox to the White House to get the summer grays adopted.

But if an officer is flying to the West Coast, he finds that tan summer uniforms are standard. Then if he moves to Pearl Harbor, he finds that Admiral King has bowed to Admiral Nimitz and grays, not khakis, are what the well-dressed naval officer should wear.

But when he goes on to Noumea, New Caledonia, headquarters of the Southwest Pacific, khakis, not grays, are in vogue again. What is to be worn all depends on the naval commander of each area.

Meanwhile, the laundry bills, the baggage space and the extra shirts, cap covers and, in some cases, different buttons and insignia are enough to keep a young officer in poverty, or drive his wife to distraction. Different colored shirts must be carried for each different type of uniform: Tan shirts for the khakis, gray shirts for the grays, white for the blues.

Partial Gold Braid
BUT THE MOST IRKSOME ruling pertaining to the winter blues. It has been ordered that the dark Navy uniform, used as the work uniform during winter months, shall have gold braid extending only two thirds of the distance around the sleeve at the cuff. But blue uniforms worn in the evening must have stripes running completely around the cuff. Result: Officers must carry at least two sets of blues—one for evening and one for work.

Died
BARBARA OWALD C. On Sunday, June 18, 1944, at her home, BARBARA OWALD C. BARBER, beloved husband of Mrs. BARBARA OWALD C. BARBER, died at her home, 1111 11th st. n.w., at 8:30 a. m. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, Thursday, June 22, at 2 p. m.

BENNETT, BARBARA On Sunday, June 18, 1944, at her home, BENNETT, BARBARA, beloved wife of Mr. BENNETT, died at her home, 1111 11th st. n.w., at 8:30 a. m. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, Thursday, June 22, at 2 p. m.

EDLIN, EUGENE E. On Sunday, June 18, 1944, at her home, EDLIN, EUGENE E., beloved husband of Mrs. EDLIN, died at her home, 1111 11th st. n.w., at 8:30 a. m. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, Thursday, June 22, at 2 p. m.

ULYSSES G. On Sunday, June 18, 1944, at her home, ULYSSES G., beloved husband of Mrs. ULYSSES G., died at her home, 1111 11th st. n.w., at 8:30 a. m. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, Thursday, June 22, at 2 p. m.

JEFFRIES, FREDERICK M. On Monday, June 19, 1944, at his residence, 1444 Clifton st. n.w., at 10:30 a. m., died of cancer, after a long illness, FREDERICK M. JEFFRIES, beloved husband of Mrs. JEFFRIES, died at his home, 1444 Clifton st. n.w., at 10:30 a. m.

KLINE, NEDRA On Monday, June 19, 1944, at her home, KLINE, NEDRA, beloved wife of Mr. KLINE, died at her home, 1111 11th st. n.w., at 8:30 a. m. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, Thursday, June 22, at 2 p. m.

LONG, EDITH T. On Monday, June 19, 1944, at her home, LONG, EDITH T., beloved wife of Mr. LONG, died at her home, 1111 11th st. n.w., at 8:30 a. m. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, Thursday, June 22, at 2 p. m.

MCCLOSKEY, MARGARET J. On Monday, June 19, 1944, at her home, MCCLOSKEY, MARGARET J., beloved wife of Mr. MCCLOSKEY, died at her home, 1111 11th st. n.w., at 8:30 a. m. Burial at Arlington National Cemetery, Thursday, June 22, at 2 p. m.

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very difficult when airplane baggage must be light.

Here are some other dos and don'ts which the well-dressed naval officer must observe:

1—In Washington you can't wear aviation green uniforms except in arriving at the airport or in departing from the airport.

2—Except for a few favored officers, no gold chin strap can be worn with the gray summer uniform. The chin strap on officers should not be too conspicuous.

3—Wear a white shirt with the gray uniform. The white shirt must be black, also black shoulder boards and buttons.

4—You can still get away with wearing khaki uniforms in Washington, despite Admiral King's order for grays. He modified it when it was found that to make forced compulsory to discard 600,000 brown uniforms and use up so much cloth as to threaten civilian clothes rationing.

More Stars in Washington
WHILE THOUSANDS of capable, well-trained youngsters are out in the front lines with the rank of corporal, sergeant or second lieutenant, the desk officers of Washington continue to reap promotions.

The Senate Military Affairs Committee is now probing this in promotion with a new list of the ratee who are showing stars. The committee is now probing this in promotion with a new list of the ratee who are showing stars.

Senators are especially scrutinizing one recommended brigadier general—Col. E. F. Jeffe, attached to the War Production Board.

Jeffe's chief distinction is being the Army liaison man for WPB.

In private life, Jeffe was executive vice president of Consolidated Edison of New York.

In public life, Jeffe has earned the ire of various Government associates, among them R. S. Dean, assistant director of the Bureau of Mines, by taking a dictaphone record of one of Dean's telephone conversations.

Hotly Dean wrote to Jeffe: "I am interested to know that the office of the executive vice chairman of the War Production Board has gone in for the use of the dictaphone without the common courtesy of advising the person who is called upon that he is speaking for the record."

Capital Transit, Four Others Win Safety Plaques
New York, June 20 (AP)—The American Transit Association announced awards today to 15 transit companies in the United States and Canada which had met the standards of the ATA safety award contest for 1943.

Presented silver plaques denoting first position were Capital Transit Co., Washington, D. C. (serving urban populations of 800,000 or more); Winnipeg (Canada) Electric Co. (250,000 to 800,000); Central Illinois Electric & Gas Co., Rockford, Ill. (100,000 to 250,000); Hamilton (Ontario) City Lines, Inc. (30,000 to 100,000); and Philadelphia Suburban Transportation Co., Upper Darby, Pa. (30,000 or under).

The other 10 companies were given certificates of honorable mention.

Chicago Grain
Chicago, June 20 (AP)—Wheat and rye futures prices declined today on news that a parity price provision was eliminated from the price control act.

After heavy selling at the opening, the market turned to a more active trading, with wheat and rye futures showing a slight recovery.

Wheat futures closed at 1.20 1/2, down from 1.21 1/2. Rye futures closed at 1.10 1/2, down from 1.11 1/2.

Dealers Seek Used Car Price Ceiling Change

Chicago, June 20 (AP)—The National Automobile Dealers Association has asked the Office of Price Administration to revise its recent order fixing ceiling prices on used cars.

Ray Chamberlain of Washington, D. C., executive vice president of the association, said today the dealers had asked an increase of the allowable dealer markup from 25 to 33 1/3 per cent and that, to be a black market, dealers in buying and selling automobiles. The association also asked regulation flexible enough to meet changing conditions.

The OPA also was asked to provide rigid enforcement of the ceiling order and to seek the production of a limited number of new automobiles and spare parts.

C. L. Cleary, general manager of the Chicago Automobile Trade Association, said that despite efforts to expedite the sale of higher-priced models since the announcement of the order, sales have slowed up.

Chamberlain and Cleary are attending the midsummer meeting of the Automotive Trade Association managers.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest
Joins Smith Organization
B. V. Oldfield has joined Smith's Transfer and Storage Co. as manager of the crating department in one of the firm's Georgia warehouses. He was formerly connected with the American Woolen Co. of Massachusetts.

On Executive Committee
A. J. Edgar of Washington, technical adviser of the Gray Iron Foundry Society, has been appointed to the executive committee of the gray iron division of the American Foundrymen's Association.

Freight Volume Gains
The volume of freight traffic by Class I railroads in May 1944, excluding the same month last year, was four and one-half per cent, according to preliminary estimates based on ton-miles, amounted to approximately 65 billion ton-miles, according to preliminary estimates based on reports just received by the Association from Class I railroads.

Class I railroads in the first five months of 1944 performed approximately 5 per cent more revenue ton-miles of service than in the same period in 1943, 30 per cent more in the same period of 1942, and 157 per cent more in the first five months of 1939.

New Telephone Record
The number of telephones in service here at the end of May established another all-time peak for the month, reaching 366,427, in comparison with 364,549 on May 31, 1943, it was reported yesterday by Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co. officials. This represents a gain of 1278 in phones and there also was an increase of 82 stations over April 30 this year.

Local Produce
Eggs and Live Poultry Markets
EGGS—Market steady. Prices paid for fresh, clean, graded eggs, 1944, 1943, 1942, 1941, 1940, 1939, 1938, 1937, 1936, 1935, 1934, 1933, 1932, 1931, 1930, 1929, 1928, 1927, 1926, 1925, 1924, 1923, 1922, 1921, 1920, 1919, 1918, 1917, 1916, 1915, 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911, 1910, 1909, 1908, 1907, 1906, 1905, 1904, 1903, 1902, 1901, 1900, 1899, 1898, 1897, 1896, 1895, 1894, 1893, 1892, 1891, 1890, 1889, 1888, 1887, 1886, 1885, 1884, 1883, 1882, 1881, 1880, 1879, 1878, 1877, 1876, 1875, 1874, 1873, 1872, 1871, 1870, 1869, 1868, 1867, 1866, 1865, 1864, 1863, 1862, 1861, 1860, 1859, 1858, 1857, 1856, 1855, 1854, 1853, 1852, 1851, 1850, 1849, 1848, 1847, 1846, 1845, 1844, 1843, 1842, 1841, 1840, 1839, 1838, 1837, 1836, 1835, 1834, 1833, 1832, 1831, 1830, 1829, 1828, 1827, 1826, 1825, 1824, 1823, 1822, 1821, 1820, 1819, 1818, 1817, 1816, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812, 1811, 1810, 1809, 1808, 1807, 1806, 1805, 1804, 1803, 1802, 1801, 1800, 1799, 1798, 1797, 1796, 1795, 1794, 1793, 1792, 1791, 1790, 1789, 1788, 1787, 1786, 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Wednesday, June 21, 1944

D. C. Hospital

We are as delighted as surprised to note that Senator Bilbo has found an issue on which he will doubtless be able to elicit full support from District citizens—the construction of a model hospital here. Certainly Washington is desperately in need of more and better hospital facilities. Our backwardness in hospital care is, as the Senator indicates, a national disgrace. That and many other deficiencies make up a picture which far from justifies the compliment to our city government which Senator Barkley broadcast to the Nation on Monday's Information Please program. The powers that be cannot continue to ignore our hospital situation without assuming responsibility for the loss of life that inevitably results from laxity in the care of health.

It does not necessarily follow that the city's needs can best be met by the erection of one huge hospital to be operated by the municipal government. We hazard a guess that the Health Department would be more interested in getting additional clinics and health centers in neighborhoods where the demand for medical care at public expense is greatest. In any event, this is a problem which calls for the most careful study and planning. What do our local doctors think? We sincerely hope that the Senate District Committee will take up the matter and rely upon the best medical advice obtainable in outlining a program for both hospital and health centers. The best way to get an undertaking of this sort started, it seems to us, would be for the Senate to order an expert study out of which definite recommendations for legislation would come. The medical profession might do some needling.

Mr. Churchill's Hopes

In all the 4½ long years of this war, Prime Minister Churchill has never, until last Thursday, permitted himself to predict a date for victory. He has explicitly disavowed any prophetic gifts or inclinations. On Thursday, however, in a speech delivered to diplomats in London, he ventured the observation that "the months of this summer may, by the victories of this Allied campaign, bring full success to the cause of freedom." From Mr. Churchill, this represented a high degree of optimism. Even so, it was characteristically restrained and statesmanlike, and was coupled with the stout assertion that whether victory comes "this year or next, the British and American peoples will never falter or withdraw their hands from the task which they have undertaken." There is no encouragement here to premature rejoicing or overconfidence.

As recently as last February, the Prime Minister spoke to the world in a quite different strain. His emphasis then seemed to be largely on the difficulties that lay ahead. "Certainly have given no guarantee or even held out any expectation," he declared, "that the year 1944 will see the end of the European war." We chided him at the time for this darkness of outlook. "Instead of stepping on the accelerator," we remarked, "he is putting his foot on the brake." It seemed to us then that his extreme caution could not fail in some measure to be disheartening to the men who must bear the brunt of the fighting and to the silent people so long ground beneath the Nazi heel.

Mr. Churchill's present optimism is in refreshing contrast. It has a warming, tonic quality. Men everywhere will be stimulated by it to redoubled effort. For a struggle is always made easier if its goal can be glimpsed ahead. In this case, there is nothing visionary about the prospect which Mr. Churchill has held before us as a possibility. A million men, he intimated, may now be engaged in combat on the beaches and fields of Normandy. If this is the case, it seems logical to suppose that something like half a million Allied soldiers have already gained a foothold in Europe. Small wonder that General Montgomery spoke of our having obtained a "good and firm lodgment."

Mr. Churchill's hopeful remarks were made with full knowledge of the German report to robot bombers and cast an interesting light on the efficacy of this secret weapon. Its potency is evidently not nearly so great as he had feared. In February he referred with rather astonishing prevision to the danger of Nazi retaliation against our aerial attack with "pilotless aircraft, rockets, or both, on a substantial scale." If the expectation of this event had Britain's

great leader somewhat fearful, the realization appears to have left him wholly undaunted and undismayed. His voice now, as of old, rings again with cheer and dynamic confidence. It gives impetus to action.

Steam Roller

In 1940 it took the Russians months to accomplish the conquest of the Karelian Isthmus. This time it has taken them as many magnificent days. They are now at their 1940 frontier at Viipuri, the great city which begins the isthmus, and the fall of which in 1940 persuaded the war-weary, battered and ammunition-short Finns to sue for peace. The prospect is that a similar request will shortly come out of Helsinki. Here is an opportunity on Moscow's part for real statesmanship, such as Bismarck showed in the sixties when the Austrians were beaten and as the British showed in winding up the South African war. In both cases the loser became a good neighbor. Surely, with Stalin pledged to maintain an independent Finland, this is what Moscow desires of Finland. Finland, of course, has courted a Draconian peace. Two months ago it had the chance of closing the war with honor, but, foolishly, the Helsinki government looked askance at Russia's terms. It would be the counsel of prudence, let alone of magnanimity, if Russia adhered to the original terms minus indemnities. No country in the past has inveighed more eloquently against indemnities in peace settlements than has the Soviet Union. If it now practices what it once preached, it may lay the foundation for neighborly relations, and there would be nothing more calculated to develop a Baltic modus to the benefit of the Soviet Union. In the textbook of statecraft it is written "know thine enemy!" Russia's enemy is Germany, not Finland, which, by circumstances and purlblindness, has been simply a tool of Germany.

A fair peace may also save Finland from being plunged into civil commotion. Sooner or later the Finnish people are going to find out that they have been hoodwinked by their own government. For the government knew the true inwardness of events when Russia offered peace, and kept the people ignorant. If the Finns applauded the Finnish government's determination to fight to the end, it was because the facts had been hidden from them by the censorship. It is a sad spectacle to see the Finns in blinkers. No country between wars gave a better example of democracy in practice. Democracy, however, requires freedom of information, and this has long been denied to the Finns. To be sure, the Diet is still functioning, and the Finnish government can claim that its decision to reject Russia's terms was ratified by the Diet. But the *Svenska Pressen*, Helsinki's Swedish-language paper, which has now been shut up because of its plain speaking, insisted that the government obtained only a "technical majority" in the Diet. The big majority, the paper declared, wanted to explore the Russian offer. Thus it is by no means impossible that when the truth becomes available the people might be tempted to exact a reckoning of the war party, even at the expense of civil war. That reckoning might be sidetracked by magnanimity on the part of the Russians. The stubborn Linkomies government, of course, will resign automatically when the war is over, for its policies will have been declared as bankrupt as its statesmanship.

The end of the war in Finland would be of tremendous value in the last grapple with Hitler. Germany would have to count upon the appearance on the Baltic shoreline of the foe whose might has been reaffirmed by the sensational campaign in the Karelian Isthmus. Indeed, the prospect of combined warfare in the Baltic among the Allies would be brought nearer. Just as important would be the denial to Germany of Finnish sources of raw materials. Till the Germans have been extruded from Finland, nickel, cobalt and molybdenum, of course, might still be routed by the Germans through Norway. But the end of the traffic would be in sight after the war is over, particularly if a peace could be arranged so as to elicit Finnish cooperation. Finland, by the march of events and our economic warfare, has become a great support for the Nazi arms industry. It is not too much to say that Germany's ferro-alloy industry would begin to deteriorate fast, if not to collapse altogether, without Finnish aid. That is why every American with any connection at all on the battlefields of Europe—and who hasn't?—who doesn't rejoice over the success of Russian arms in Finland is either perverted or just plain dumb.

Postwar Taxes

The Joint Senate-House Committee on Internal Revenue has decided to make a study of postwar taxation in order to be prepared for action when the war ends. Chairman Doughton of the Ways and Means Committee is undoubtedly correct in asserting that it is utterly impracticable to attempt writing actual tax legislation now that would fit postwar needs. Thus suggestions for framing bills the chief purpose of which is to reduce taxes the moment the war is over to some predetermined percentage of wartime exactions would be futile, indeed mischievous. For until the volume of postwar expenditures and the size of the postwar national income can be estimated with a reasonable approach to accuracy, it will not be feasible to formulate in detail a tax-reduction program. Moreover, prolonged continuance of heavy deficits in the years following the war, resulting from premature excessive cutting of tax rates, would add to inflationary pressures at a time when price controls may be weak or nonexistent. The net result might be disastrous price increases more

injurious to the economy in the long run than a prolongation of onerous wartime taxation.

However, it seems reasonable to look forward to substantial reductions in postwar budgetary outlays that will bring a lessening of tax burdens. While the exact amount of these reductions cannot now be determined intelligently, the tax structure should be studied with a view to deciding what forms of tax relief are most imperative. Impositions that discourage investment activity and hamper business expansion should be eliminated as rapidly as possible. The mere knowledge that Congress is working toward that objective and trying to achieve a better balanced tax structure would have a stimulative effect on business enterprise. But we think it would be unwise to frame a complete tax law, as Mr. Baruch suggests, and bring it out for use the moment peace is declared.

Desperate China

General Chennault has done more with less than any other commander in this war. He is also a man of uncommon common sense. For these reasons anything he says about the war in China is of impressive authoritativeness. Evidently he is profoundly concerned with the present Japanese offensive along the Hankow-Canton railroad. If the Japanese are successful in clearing the entire Canton-Hankow railroad and building defensive positions on it, he says, the Asiatic war could be prolonged for years. That is something to ponder over, even as we jubilate over the B-29 attack on Japan. After all, even after we reduce Japan, we shall have to clear the Japanese out of China. The Japanese drive in China is proceeding from two main directions. In the north the Japanese advance has reached thrice-besieged Changsha, where the Chinese are once again putting up a heroic resistance with the help of the Fourteenth Air Force, whose fighters and bombers have been active over a wide area of the Hunan front. Thus far the Chinese lines have held. But the enemy is powerful and, except in the air, enjoys great superiority in equipment and firepower. Furthermore, the withdrawal of a large number of seasoned troops from Manchuria after the announcement of the Russo-Japanese pact of March 31 has enabled the Japanese to throw into this fourth battle of Changsha more troops than they employed in their previous assaults.

At the same time the Japanese have started a drive north from Canton with the ultimate hope of making junction with the forces now in the vicinity of Changsha. This southern spearhead has got as far as Fengtsun on the railroad 30 miles north of Canton. In itself this latter drive constitutes no real menace to the Chinese since at Fengtsun the Japanese are still 325 miles from Changsha. But in conjunction with the southward drive it means an accentuation of the danger facing our Chinese allies.

The fact must not be forgotten that once in possession of the entire stretch of the Hankow-Canton railroad, the Japanese would have an interior line of communication all the way from Manchuria to South China. Furthermore, the loss of that line by China would cut China in two. And, lastly, Japanese control of the Hankow-Canton line would deprive China and our Fourteenth Air Force of vital airfields from which Japan's supply line along the Formosa Strait has been hard hit. All in all there was never a greater need of reinforcing China's fighting capacity than there is today.

Query For Congress

In his widely syndicated column of yesterday, Westbrook Pegler makes the curious disclosure that members of the CIO Political Action Committee have been in communication with members of the White House staff and of several executive agencies of the Government. His information, says Mr. Pegler, comes from "long-distance telephone records subpoenaed by the Dies Committee."

We refer to the disclosure as "curious" not because we see anything reprehensible in telephone conversations between reputable citizens and Government officials, but because we have always supposed telephone conversations to be personal and private affairs. The disclosure strikes us as extremely "curious" on another count as well—that knowledge of these telephone conversations was made available to Mr. Pegler exclusively—in advance of any report to Congress or the public. Congressman Dies' colleagues might usefully ask for whom he is working.

TO THE DARK WATER

Do not go down, do not, to the dark water—
It is too strange and beautiful tonight.
Not like the sea at morning when the waves
run
Like damp, young foals on the sand, but oddly
bright
At troubled dreams. No clouds obscure the
moon.
Yet veils of shadow drift along the sand
Close by your feet. Is it only the wind
Compelling you, or does the sea's own hand
Stretch out to lead you? Do not go down alone
To the water's edge, to the strange and beautiful
Dark water. Do not wet your feet and
touch no stone
In that dark lace of waves, nor let your hand
Feel for the bottom—there the promise lies
Like shining pebbles at your fingertips.
Take no step forward, do not lift your eyes
From that strange beauty. Do not let your
lips
Carve to the music that comes from the sea
tonight.
For, quickly as beauty measures your fall
height
Against its own, from sole to thigh to breast,
The sea has measured you and has possessed
You, soul and body. Do not go down tonight
Where the water is dark and beautiful and
bright.

IRENE HOLT ALBERT

A People's Patience

By Malvina Lindsay

Turning Worms

Americans, it appears, are getting a little tired of hearing tradesmen and their employees curiously repeat the question, "Don't you know there's a war on?" It is not hard to hear the slow, deep rumble of resentment running through the country over this seemingly minor irritation. Even the members of the Senate's Special Postwar Planning Committee are speaking wistfully of the postwar days when there will be a "buyers' market."

On railway trains, where impromptu town meetings are constantly in progress, this is a subject frequently discussed. Citizens from Maine to California, in uniform and out of it, are annoyed, not so much with the shortages and inconveniences with which they must put up, as with the attitude of many who serve the public. They feel that too many persons are using the war as an alibi for boorish behavior or for ineptitude. Of the two, the boorishness irks them the most.

Senators on the Postwar Planning Committee may have felt some psychic repercussions of this when they recently indulged in prophecy of better days to come. Senator George predicted a postwar buyers' market as "inevitable." Senator Butler pointed out that many returned veterans would start their own businesses, be bidding for trade and that "competition" should bring much better conditions all around.

Unrationed Courtesy

Some large firms have been aloof to the need of handling the public more diplomatically, and have been reminding their employees that "courtesy is not rationed" and to "say no with a smile." Some have conducted skillful campaigns to educate consumers. One large railroad company with a long tradition of courtesy bears on its time table a message from its president asking all employees to remember that most passengers are either members of the armed forces or civilians who bear a load of personal anxiety, and therefore have special need of kindly treatment.

Men and women in uniform generally receive more courtesy than civilians, but even they are often given the short answer, the impatient explanation. Moreover, they resent discourtesy to their families. "What's the matter with this country?" asked a sergeant returning to camp from a furlough home, who volunteered a "testimony" in a train indignation meeting. "My mother goes into a store to get her fountain pen fixed, so she can write to me and some upstairs girl says 'We don't fix these any more. Don't you know there's a war on?' Later she goes into another store and says she'd like to buy a new fountain pen and the girl says, 'Who wouldn't! Don't you know there's a war on?' My mother ought to know there's a war on. She's got three sons in service."

A woman in civilian attire, engaged in a war work, told of asking for soft cooked eggs in a restaurant and of being told, "You'll take 'em anyway you get 'em. Don't you know there's a war on?" "I happen to have a brother who was wounded in Italy," she said, "and I think nearly every one in the United States by now has some relative or close friend in service. No one needs to be reminded that a war is on. Nor is the attitude behind such reminder necessary. I travel a great deal and I find most persons are polite and courteous. If given a courteous explanation of why a thing can't be done."

Many Taut Nerves

Wherever people gather these days one hears similar complaints about the attitudes of those who come in contact with the public—about small shopkeepers who have become arrogant from power or irritable from overwork, about discontented and hard pressed employees venting their petulance on customers, about brusqueness at information desks, ticket windows and in offices, about indifference, sullenness and bad temper in all places where there is strain and the going gets hard. Significantly it is the attitude rather than the service itself that arouses the most criticism.

Naturally, those accused can with some reason cry to high heaven in their own defense. "Look at what we get to work for!" cry the employees. "Morons! Loafers! The dregs of the employment market!" And from the help themselves: "Look how we are overworked! Think how tired we get, of the strain we work under! Look at the mean and fussy people we have to deal with!"

However, the fact remains that courtesy is an obligation in a democracy where no one group is going to stand for long being pushed around by any other group. Those who visited England during the German air blitz when daily living was not only its most difficult but also its most dangerous, were impressed most of all by the kindness and courtesy the people showed each other. The sense of imminent danger, the presence of suffering and death had seemed to draw them closer together, to give them new respect for human life, new consideration for the human spirit. Those who serve the public here and those who comprise that public might well find a similar bond of fellowship and forbearance in the great and costly invasion that has now been launched in Europe.

Strong-Arm Methods

By Sumner Welles

Inter-American Relations

IN HIS COLUMN of June 14 Marquis Childs says, "Our prestige in Latin America has been slipping — and slipping fast." That is a sober statement of fact. The danger signals are flying in many parts of the New World. However much Argentine democrats and they constitute a great majority of the people—may loathe their military dictatorship, they are even less disposed to stomach strong-arm tactics from Washington which they regard as derogatory to their sovereignty and to their right to conduct their own internal affairs without outside interference.

The course followed by the Department of State has handed the Argentine dictatorship the one issue through which it could conceivably have obtained any popular backing—the issue of posing as the defender of Argentina's national prestige against "Yankee" pressure.

The wave of hostility which has so rapidly grown in Argentina has now spread to neighboring countries of South America. It was hardly necessary, although perhaps salutary, for the distinguished Brazilian, Dr. Tanzi, in his much publicized announcement in this country last week, to point out the deterioration which was taking place in inter-American relations.

It is, however, in the case of Bolivia that the effects of the strange concoction of pressure and procrastination recently adopted by the Department of State as its policy in inter-American affairs can be most clearly seen.

NONRECOGNITION of the revolutionary government of Bolivia by the other American governments, instigated by the State Department, has now continued for more than six months. The Axis sympathizers who, for their own purposes, joined with the young democratic leaders in the revolution, were long since removed from positions of authority by Major Villaroel, the chief of the government. He has taken many other measures which make it plain that the Bolivian government is co-operating in every possible way with the United Nations in defense of the safety of the New World. The report of our own official emissary, Ambassador Warren, affirms that there is no indication that the present Bolivian government constitutes any threat to American security. Independent investigations undertaken by other American governments have resulted in the same conclusion.

Yet no action has been taken to renew normal relations with Bolivia until this week. It is now at last announced that recognition of the new government will be extended on June 23.

NOTHING WHATEVER has been gained by this policy of procrastination in so far as this country is concerned. We have incurred the wholehearted resentment of a great majority of the Bolivian people. We have made the task of a new revolutionary government infinitely more difficult in its effort to uphold the principles of democracy and to prepare the way for social and economic reform. We have made it more likely that the Bolivian people will accept at its pure value the propaganda of the pro-Nazi who allege that this government has delayed the other American governments in according recognition to the government of Major Villaroel, and that the masses of the Bolivian people can look for no encouragement or practical assistance from the United States.

Had a meeting of the American Ministers of Foreign Affairs been held immediately after the Bolivian revolution, a general agreement could have been reached.

Wherever people gather these days one hears similar complaints about the attitudes of those who come in contact with the public—about small shopkeepers who have become arrogant from power or irritable from overwork, about discontented and hard pressed employees venting their petulance on customers, about brusqueness at information desks, ticket windows and in offices, about indifference, sullenness and bad temper in all places where there is strain and the going gets hard. Significantly it is the attitude rather than the service itself that arouses the most criticism.

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Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters should be held to not more than 200 words. They are subject to condensation.

Fair Practice In Words

Nowadays, as everyone knows, neatly wrapped package goods may be bought by even the most confident person without fear of deception. The Fair Practice Law requires that every ingredient in the attractive-looking package be plainly printed on its outside. That sweet taste is now known to be imparted partly by corn syrup and not by pure cane sugar only when such is the case, and citric acid no longer hides behind the mask of luscious lemon juice.

The thought occurs that this reform could be extended to the realm of the spoken and written word. Food for the mind deserves as good protection as bodily nourishment. A wise law would make compulsory the addition of some such phrase as "This statement is made for propaganda purposes"—when that objective is actually intended—at the beginning or the conclusion of all public verbal outpourings. Another form of figurative label would be, "This argument has as one of its principle ingredients the speaker's private interests."

In a busy, rushing democracy, where open discussion is indispensable to freedom, a rule of this character would protect public opinion from being "taken in" by the insincere and the fox, many of whom have an all too unguarded access to the credulous public's eye and ear.

We enforced the requirement would also tend to cut down the great amount of deliberately baffling argument that fills the air and printed pages of the nation.

ALBERT A. VOLK
New York, June 15.

Peace Settlement

By Mark Sullivan

Popular Opinion

THE REPUBLICAN committee on resolutions at Chicago this week, and the national convention itself next week, will write, among other platform planks, one approving an international association for preserving peace. The intention of an overwhelming majority of Republican leaders is that the approval shall be hearty, and that the proposed association shall be as strong as practicable. On this point, the Republican leaders in Congress cooperate with Secretary of State Hull. Their common hope and expectation is that a non-partisan plan can be arrived at, which will be assured in advance of indorsement by Congress and the people.

In short, as one of our two great political parties meets in national convention, the prospect for an international association to preserve peace is more than fair.

But what can be done is limited by what the people want or are willing to accept. The thought and emotion of the people are influenced by events that arise, even though some of the events be momentary. And the unhappy fact is that certain present events have a tendency to chill the ardor of the people for a strong international association.

ONE IS the De Gaulle incident. General de Gaulle is the head of what is called the French Provisional Government. As such he demands recognition by President Roosevelt, and demands that as the Allied armies liberate France, De Gaulle's provisional government shall move in and take charge.

These demands President Roosevelt regards as inexpedient—he declines to grant them. Because of Mr. Roosevelt's declaration, General de Gaulle shows a spirit of resentment, and acts in a way short of cooperation.

On this issue, argument rages between groups more or less familiar with the details, some supporting President Roosevelt, others De Gaulle. As to the merit of the issue, the average American has little information—practically all he gets is fragments over the radio and in newspaper headlines.

But the average American is likely to have an instinctive feeling about it. His feeling is that General de Gaulle and other Frenchmen should do what the average American himself would do if he were in their position. The average American feels that he would welcome the Allied army wholeheartedly, that he would give complete cooperation, would do everything possible to help, without making demands for stipulations.

What General de Gaulle is doing is likely to stir, among the American people, the always latent feeling that they would prefer not to be involved in the affairs of Europe. It makes more difficult the project of bringing about American adherence to an international association.

TO THE same effect, in a different way, are considerations having to do with Poland and Finland. If, in the peace settlement, it turns out that Finland has lost its independence, or that Poland has lost a material portion of its territory—such an outcome would not please American feeling.

And if our people do not like important details of the peace settlement, there is risk they may have the same feeling about the international association to preserve peace. For the two—the peace settlement and the international association to preserve peace—will be more or less bound together. It will be presumably the purpose of the international association to maintain boundaries and other conditions fixed by the peace settlement.

These conditions and current events—having to do with De Gaulle, Finland and Poland—make more difficult the task of the Republicans at Chicago in writing a resolution on the international association to preserve peace as strong as most of the Republican leaders desire.

this sort of propaganda be a subtle bid for recognition at the postwar peace conference?

PATRICK J. MURPHY
Washington, June 16.

"Sinister Views"

May I comment upon a news item in The Post of June 13, "Naturalized Citizens' Rights to Views Upheld by Court?" The Supreme Court on June 12 ruled that "a naturalized citizen has as much right as a native-born American to criticize public men and measures and to express 'silly or even sinister-sounding views.'"

Maybe so; but other citizens have the right to turn deaf ears to these sinister-sounding views.

Other citizens have the obligation to inquire into the source of these views and the reasons for the expression of them.

Constructive criticism by native-born or naturalized citizens should be welcomed at all times by the public. "Sinister-sounding views" should be listened to with caution. When persons or groups of persons make organized attacks against our country it is our duty and right to look for ulterior motives—rumors of the Supreme Court notwithstanding.

LAURA K. POLLOCK
Washington, June 14.

Military Machine

By Ernest Lindley

America's Two-Front Operations

FOUR YEARS ago, June 22, France capitulated. In six weeks the German air force and army had shattered the armies of four nations, ripped through defenses which were supposed to be nearly impregnable, and made Germany the master of western Europe. The German war machine had proved itself to be the mightiest ever constructed. Whether anyone could, or would, be given the time to build another machine capable of stopping it, not to mention destroying it, was a numbing question.

Powerful as that machine was, it is not in retrospect so astonishing a thing as it then seemed to be. In comparison with the Allied military mechanism presently in motion, it now seems rather simple. In variety, in coordination of all the most intricate weapons of war, the combined Allied offensives of June, 1944, dwarf all previous demonstrations of military power.

WITHIN TWO weeks Rome fell. Fortress Europe was breached in the west—a feat which the Nazi propagandists had pronounced to be impossible—Japan was bombed for the first time with land-based planes, and a landing was made in the Marianas, the hub of the western Pacific. All this is without counting the progress of the campaigns in North Burma, the southwest Pacific, the bombardment of the Bonins and the Kuriles, the relentless torpedoing of Japanese shipping by American submarines, and the continuation of the strategic bombing of Germany. All of these diverse undertakings were largely American, the attack on Salpan wholly so. A majority of the equipment came from the United States and, in each case, half or more of the fighting men.

The employment of such military power simultaneously against two major enemies, offensively and by such diverse methods, would have seemed incredible four years ago when our national defense program was launched. Obviously, it would have been impossible if we had not had stout allies who held on until we were ready, who sapped the strength of at least one enemy, and who now participate, to their full capacity, in the counteroffensives which will win the war. But in according them full credit, we need not blink the facts that today the United States is a sea power and an air power beyond all previous conceptions, that it has developed "omnipotent" military operations to the highest point yet known, and that its ground forces, while inferior in number

to the German or Russian armies, are unexcelled in equipment, training, and courage.

THE WAR against Germany is in its penultimate phase—the surrender of Germany may be expected with reasonable confidence any time between September and the spring of 1945. The war against Japan is now only a lap or two behind. In general, the war against Germany has moved a little more slowly than was anticipated two years ago, the war against Japan more rapidly.

The first B-29 on Japan was not a stunt. It was the beginning of the persistent bombardment of Japanese industry. For some time, until more bases nearer Japan are established and can be regularly supplied, these raids necessarily will be of limited strength. But the Twentieth Air Force, by its great range, has initiated a new phase in air warfare. And it should be noted that Salpan is not far from all the principal industrial centers of Japan than Chungking is from the Japanese steel plant which was the first B-29 objective.

SAIPAN is not sought, however, exclusively nor even primarily as a base from which to bomb Japan. For many years our Naval War College studies have indicated that possession of the Marianas is the key to victory in a war between Japan and the United States. They have indicated that whoever holds these islands controls, or can soon win control of, the western Pacific outside Japanese home waters. Using the Marianas as an advanced base, American planes, submarines, and surface naval forces can squeeze tight sea communications between the inner empire of Japan and the post-Pearl Harbor Japanese empire.

From the hub of the Marianas, American forces can jump westward to the Philippines and the coast of China, or they can advance, by way of the Bonin Islands, directly toward Japan. Strategically, therefore, the occupation of the Marianas is of the highest importance. They are, roughly, only half as far from Japan as Hawaii is from the American mainland. Why the Japanese are putting a great deal into their defense, including the loss of 300 planes in a single day, is quite understandable. This is more than the Battle of Midway in reverse.

By the standards of even a few months ago, this one engagement would have commanded most of the front-page newspaper space, up to the limit of the copy filed. Now it is only a segment in a world-wide offensive, June, 1944, may well be put down as the month in which the United States proved to itself, and to the world, that it is the mightiest military nation in history, a truly global power.

Youths Under 19 Years Barred From AEF, McNarney Says

By the Associated Press

Lieut. Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, deputy chief of staff, won't predict when the war will end. And, although this country will have an overseas fighting force of five million men by the end of the year, "the movement will likely continue at a high rate during 1945."

McNarney's testimony, before the Senate Appropriations Committee considering a House-approved \$49,107,785 measure to finance the War Department during the fiscal year starting July 1 was made public yesterday.

"I wish I could tell you how long it will take us to liberate Europe and to crush our foe in the Pacific," he told the Senators, but "no man can at this moment predict with accuracy the time it will take."

Top World War I Peak

McNarney said the 3,698,000 soldiers now deployed outside the United States exceed by more than 1,600,000 men in the peak overseas strength in World War I and are only 350,000 men short of equalling the enemy strength of the Army at the close of World War I.

He testified that the Army is making every effort to keep boys out of overseas infantry service until they are at least 19.

Senator Gurney (R., S. Dak.) had remarked that "We are getting quite a kickback" because, he said,

the War Department made "a very definite statement" when the draft was reduced to 18 that youths of that age would be given at least a year's training before being sent overseas.

Reports keep coming in, Gurney added, of boys who have been in the Army only a few weeks finding themselves fighting in Italy.

McNarney said he believed an examination of the record would show the War Department never had promised that no 18-year-olds would be used as replacements, but added:

"I have a rule in the Army ground forces that no young man under 19 years of age assigned to the Infantry will be sent overseas. If he is in an artillery unit or service unit that rule does not apply."

In some instances, he said, younger men were taken from replacement training centers and sent overseas, but that was because of enforced demands at the front and the fact that Selective Service did not call or furnish 18-year-olds for several months.

USO Gets Million

The National War Fund has appropriated an additional million dollars to cover increased services of the USO from June 15 to September 30. Of this sum, \$400,000 will be used to provide more professional shows in Army hospitals.

De Luxe Plane, With Elevator, Army Equipage for Officials

By the Associated Press

The Army has fixed up a big, four-engine transport as a de luxe, special mission plane, complete with elevator, for use of top personnel of the Government in connection with military and diplomatic conferences.

Its existence was disclosed yesterday after reporters told the White House it was rumored President Roosevelt was getting a special plane for his own use.

Stephen Early, presidential secretary, said the plane was not intended primarily for Mr. Roosevelt. In fact, Early said, "there are no plans at all for its use by the President to my knowledge and belief."

Plane With Elevator

"When the plane was being built by the Douglas Co. six months or so ago they announced they were building a plane with an elevator," Early added.

"If you ask the air forces about it,

the plane they will suggest the Government wanted it not for the President but for carrying Government missions."

Maj. Gen. Harold L. George, commanding the Air Transport Command, said the virtually full time need for a special mission plane prompted the ATC to have a large cargo ship modified. As yet, he said, it has not been used by any Government official.

Ship Does 275 Miles

George said the ship is a Douglas C-54 Skymaster. This is a four-engine, all metal plane of about 60,000 pounds with a speed of about 275 miles an hour.

Prime Minister Churchill has his personal plane, a four-motored, American-built Consolidated Liberator. Details of its furnishings are not a matter of record but Parliament had a brisk debate last December over the question whether Mr. Churchill needed a bathtub in it.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"Frankest candidate I ever saw—admits he needs the job."

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Congress And Price Control

FOURTEEN MEN meeting behind closed doors these past few days have been deciding what you and I will pay for shoes and butter and clothing—everything we eat and wear—in coming months.

They are the members of House and Senate who in conference have been trying to iron out the differences in the price-control bill as passed by the two bodies. What they finally send down to the White House may have the look of a victory for the consumer.

It will probably be a bill which the President will sign. As of the present writing, both the Bankhead amendment raising the price of cotton goods and the Dirksen amendment to tie OPA administration up in the courts are out.

But it's much too early to do any crowing. In fact, it looks as though by virtue of certain niggling little changes, enforcement of price control will become increasingly difficult. While they would scarcely justify a veto, they will nevertheless open up cracks in the already shaky price-control dam.

UNHAPPILY, TOO, many of the conferees talked one way in public on the floor and another way in conference. They pressed for the niggling amendments even though they must have known that it would make enforcement of price ceilings doubly difficult.

Granted the pressure was great. Being a Congressman in these times is no easy job. Pressure groups work incessantly to pry this or that special favor out of the people's representatives. Remember, too, a Representative's job is the kind that ends every two years. That may be one reason some of the price-control conferees have caved in. They're tired and they know they've got to get home and start mending their political fences.

THE WONDER is that there are so many conscientious men, the men who do the hard slugging work—and it is hard work and often tiresome and unrewarding. The workers must make up for

the drones and showoffs who fail to carry their share of the burden.

Men like Joe Martin, the minority leader; Wadsworth of New York; Wolcott of Michigan; Case of South Dakota and, yes, Thorny John Taber of New York, who sent shivers of apprehension down the spines of so many bureaucrats, typify the Republicans who carry the load. On the Democratic side I would name Speaker Sam Rayburn, John McCormack, the majority leader; Ranspach and Vinson of Georgia; Cochran of Missouri and Woodrum of Virginia.

One encouraging sign is the number of younger men—and women—coming up who have little of the traditionally bitter partisanship of the older generation. Such men as Walker Judd of Minnesota on the Republican side and Mike Monroney of Oklahoma on the Democratic side are typical of 50 to 60 juniors who, if they had any authority, would go a long way toward reasonable agreement on the big issues of our day.

They're scattering now to the four corners of America. Most of them will go to the conventions and in between times they'll revisit Main st. to try to find out where they stand.

UNDER THIS urgency all legislation, and especially the price-control act, has suffered. In a way, it's too bad that the issue was not clear cut. If the conferees had left in one of the big obstacles, such as the Bankhead amendment, a veto would have followed and the blame could have been properly allocated.

As it is, with the seemingly minor restraints on enforcement, the OPA is likely to be fighting a rear-guard action. If, for example, a modified rent-control agreement allows landlords to seek redress when increases in cost have been "substantial," then most of the owners of the Nation's 14 million rented dwellings will descend on the OPA.

Chester Bowles, it seems to me, has done a good job up to the present. He has gone a long way to be reasonable and to get along with Congress. Too far, some of his critics have said.

But I imagine he must have deep concern for the future. He can see the waters of inflation mounting behind the dam and he knows how much more difficult his job has been made.

191 Receive Diplomas Here

Mrs. Henry Gratton Doyle, president of the District Board of Education, told 191 graduates of Washington public night schools last night that "night school education must play a big part in helping veterans of the postwar world return to normalcy." She spoke at commencement exercises at McKinley High School.

"The time will come after the

war when a high school education will be an absolute minimum for getting a job," she told the men and women who earned their diplomas by attending night classes after working during the day.

Boise L. Bristol, statistician of the public schools, presided and Francis Edward Kidwell, president of the Roosevelt graduating class, gave the class welcome.

A concise history of U. S. foreign policy since 1898 by a distinguished liberal historian

AMERICA AND TWO WARS

by DEXTER PERKINS

Author of HANDS OFF!

A HISTORY OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE

LITTLE, BROWN & CO. BOSTON

A clear-cut and revealing demonstration of our steady emergence from isolationism since the turn of the century. More than a history, it advances specific prophecies and suggestions as to the steps that will or should be followed to produce a lasting peace. \$2.00

The Gallup Poll

Indiana Voters Give Dewey Good Margin Over Roosevelt

Princeton, N. J., June 20.—If President Roosevelt and Gov. Thomas E. Dewey were the candidates in a presidential election today, a majority of voters in Indiana would pick Dewey.

In fact, the outcome of the survey by field reporters for the Gallup Poll in Indiana shows Dewey with a marked advantage as follows:

For DEWEY . . . 56%
For ROOSEVELT . . . 44%

Indiana is one of the 10 States which Roosevelt lost in 1940, and one of the leading States in terms of Republican strength. A comparison of the President's strength in Indiana against Dewey today with his percentage of the major party vote in 1936 shows a defection totaling 13 percentage points. The decline in Roosevelt strength between 1936 and 1940 was 8 percentage points and between 1940 and today, 5 percentage points. The trend is shown as follows:

Percentage of Roosevelt Vote
1936 57%
1940 49
TODAY 44

The shift in political sentiment throughout Indiana has likewise been reflected in the composition of the Indiana delegation in the House of Representatives. In 1936 Indiana elected 11 Democratic and 1 Republican Congressmen. Today, however, Indiana is represented in the House by only two Democrats as against nine Republicans.

Other recent State-wide polls show the following results:

Electoral Votes	F.D.R. Dewey
47 New York . . . 48% 52%	
35 Pa. 52 48	
28 Illinois . . . 47 53	
19 Michigan . . . 46 54	
16 New Jersey . 51 49	
16 Mass. 53 47	

3 Held for Jury For Receiving Stolen Tires

Three men were held for action of the grand jury by Judge Brice Claggett in Municipal Court yesterday on charges of receiving stolen tires as two others also were remanded to the inquisitorial body on charges of having committed thefts of the tires.

Police said that more than 80 of the allegedly stolen tires have been recovered and that for days victims of the thefts have been reclaiming their property.

Held for grand jury action were: James Norman, 53, operator of a filling station at 4th and K sts. sw.,

and Howard Hawkins, 30, filling station operator at 4th and H sts. sw. Both were held in \$1000 bond on charges of receiving stolen goods.

Also held on the charge of receiving stolen goods was Mason Liddell, Negro, 34, of 16 McCullough ct. nw.

Ernest Burnett, 32, Negro, 434 I st. nw. and John Craig, 31, Negro, of 117 G st. nw. were held under bonds of \$2500 each on charges of theft of automobile parts, now a felony under legislation passed last year by Congress. Craig is now in Gallinger Hospital with a bullet wound in the leg which he suffered when he attempted to escape arrest.

Ensign's Father Here

Dr. Otto J. Seifert, New Ulm, Minn., and his son, Richard, are visiting his daughter, Ensign Dorothy Seifert, 1605 Columbia rd.

The heart-stopping story of the men who work and fight the key weapons of our ocean warfare

DAYBREAK FOR OUR CARRIER

By Lieutenant Max Miller, U.S.N.

Author of I COVER THE WATERFRONT

41 official U. S. Navy Photos, by Lt. Charles E. Kerlee, U.S.N.
Introduction by Rear Admiral Arthur C. Davis, U.S.N.

"This book tells how a carrier lives in terms of the human beings who live on it... the men who are launching thousand-plane attacks on the Japanese islands and winning our slow, hard victory in the Pacific. It is a good book and a human book."—Rear Admiral A. W. Radford, U.S.N., Assistant Deputy Chief Naval Operations (Air).
"The men are here to the life with their speech, and their silences, their behavior and their beliefs... The effect is to make both the action and the life of the men, the husbands, brothers, sons of countless readers, seem unusually real and vivid."—Raymond Holden, Book-of-the-Month Club News. \$2.50

WHITELLY HOUSE • MCGRAW-HILL BLDG. • NEW YORK 16

Post Want Ads Bring Results

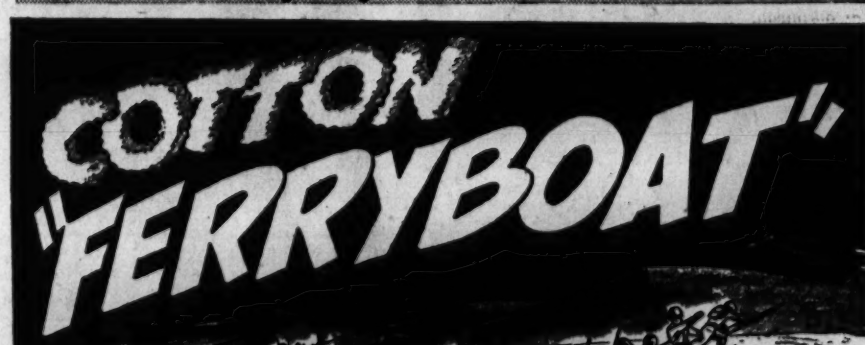
Post-war Cotton Exports will protect AMERICAN AGRICULTURE

THE cotton states can produce most of the crops on which other areas depend for major agricultural income. But other areas cannot produce cotton.

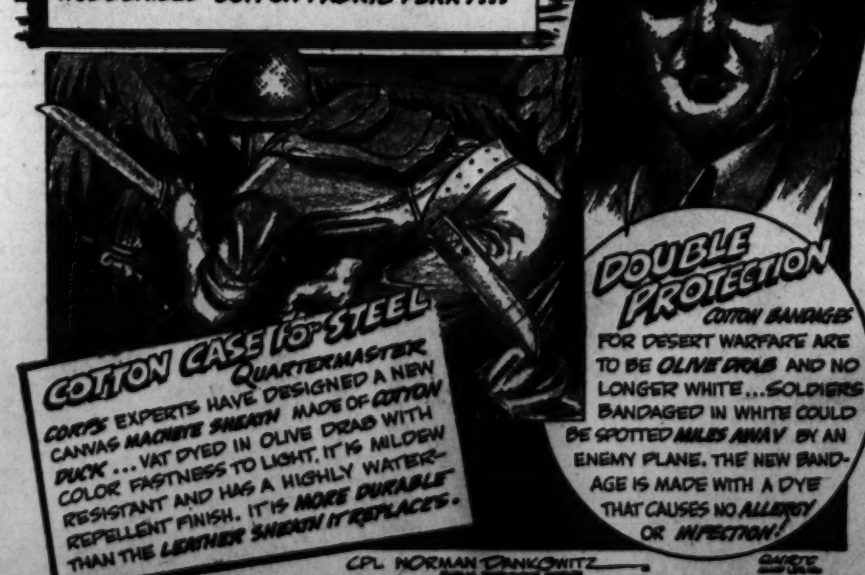
Approximately one-half of all U. S. cotton land normally produces for export. Re-establishment of cotton's export markets, in postwar years, is essential to protect other areas and crops from the powerful and unprecedented competition of 11 million acres of the Cotton Belt's best farm land.



"For the duration" EVERY U. S. Fighting Man Uses Cotton EVERY DAY



A CANVAS COT TURNED UPSIDE DOWN AND WRAPPED IN A WATERPROOF COTTON TARPULIN MAKES IT EASY TO TRANSPORT 6 MACHINE GUNS AND AMMUNITION ACROSS RIVERS, STREAMS AND LAKES WHILE SOLDIERS CROSS ON THEIR OWN RUBBERIZED COTTON FABRIC FERRY...



DOUBLE PROTECTION

COTTON BANDAGES FOR DESERT WARFARE ARE TO BE OLIVE DRAB AND NO LONGER WHITE... SOLDIERS BANDAGED IN WHITE COULD BE SPOTTED MILES AWAY BY AN ENEMY PLANE. THE NEW BANDAGE IS MADE WITH A DYE THAT CAUSES NO ALLERGY OR INFECTION!

CPL. NORMAN DANKOWITZ

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

New York, June 20.—That fight in Washington tomorrow evening between Henry Armstrong and Nick Latsios ought to be very exciting as long as it lasts. Armstrong's fights always are. He needs only somebody in front of him to make the proceedings quite thrilling.

The environment at Griffith Stadium will be old stuff to Armstrong. It's another bread-and-butter setting for the old brawler whose most recent comeback has netted him some \$270,000 in purses. Armstrong is in again with a local pride. He always pops up in the towns that own ne.

Latsios, though, should make it very interesting for the customers. He's doubtless in over his head, but he doesn't get licked easily. He's durable and tough, like every Greek fighter we ever saw. He's better equipped to take the punishment Armstrong hands out than anybody who has been in there with the hammer in a Washington ring.

There have been complaints that Latsios is being rushed along too fast by his manager, Pete Giamaris, for mercenary reasons. That last is a laugh. Giamaris may be putting his boy in too deep, but not from any greed. Giamaris is more than the dotting friend of Latsios than a professional manager.

Giamaris stakes no part of Latsios' purses. His ringside seat tonight is costing him \$600. That's what he paid for tickets to his own fighter's fight for distribution among his friends. He picks up the check for Latsios' training expenses. With Giamaris, his one-man fight stable is just an expensive hobby.

It was Latsios, not Giamaris, who wanted the Armstrong fight. He watched Armstrong knock Aaron Perry down seven times and knock him out and, with more bravery than judgment, perhaps, he clamored for an Armstrong bout. "I can beat anybody who is as easy to hit as Armstrong," said Latsios. His confidence won Giamaris.

Latsios' confidence is not the cocky kind. He's a serious lad who hustled to the gymnasium for his training campaign within an hour after the Armstrong watch was signed. He has been talking only of beating Armstrong. Latsios never did scare easily. Courage is one of the things he'll be taking into the ring with him.

He'll also be taking a limited experience as a professional fighter into the ring against Armstrong. Latsios has never been in there with anybody like the Hammer. But he isn't exactly a green pea. He had 10 years in the amateurs. The only two professional fights he lost of the 23 he has had are squared by beating the men who licked him.

Armstrong won't find Latsios the same easy target that Aaron Perry was. Latsios moves. His feet work have always been clever and in the amateurs he was a refreshing sort, with a smart left hand that is usually the last thing an amateur acquires. We aren't building up a case to imply that Latsios will lick Armstrong. We're just mentioning a few things.

The big asset of Armstrong, of course, is that he beats all styles of fighters. He catches up with the fancy boxers, and he delights in the fellow who will stand up and punch with him. Latsios has been training for a fight at close quarters. He thinks he's tough enough to punch with Armstrong inside.

Latsios will go into the ring superbly conditioned. He always is. For that matter, Armstrong will be fresh enough. He fought five days ago, but he stopped Bummy Davis in two rounds. The Hammer thrives on his fights, he's coming. He was supposed to be a slow starter, but Davis offered too good a target Armstrong didn't dally in knocking him out.

The District Boxing Commission, you remember, didn't like the Armstrong-Latsios fight at first, and turned it down. Then they reconsidered and decided to give Latsios a shot at Mr. Perpetual Motion. That made Latsios very happy. Some people get strange enjoyment out of some things.

False Starts, Recalls May Rob Young of National AAU Honors

New York, June 20 (AP).—Claude (Buddy) Young's triumph in the 100-meter dash at the National AAU championship may be declared illegal because of the five false starts and the two gun recalls that preceded the Illinois freshman's victory.

Dan Ferris, secretary-treasurer of the AAU, told reporters today that "I expect Young's victory will be questioned at the annual meeting this winter."

"The rule book specifically says the starter is in absolute control of the start. I have no doubt that Young's victory or the entire race for that matter will be questioned—and if it is decided that Sunday's contest was no race we will have to ask return of the medals and have Young's name stricken from the books," Ferris added.

Similar action was taken following the 1912 Olympic games at Stockholm when it developed that Jam Thorpe, Indian star of the United States' team, was a professional.

All six finalists in the 100-meter championship event were disqualified Sunday by Starter Jack Lavelle after making two false starts each, the maximum allowed under the present rules. Lawrence Di Benedetto of New Orleans, president of the AAU and referee of the meet, reinstated all six, however, and Young triumphed easily.

The incident has given impetus to the agitation for the return of the rule of penalizing a contestant one yard for each false start, still in universal use outside the United States, but which was superseded here by the present law which gives each runner two quick starts before being disqualified.

Ferris also said that approximately \$2500 would be sent to the National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis as it's 50 per cent share of the gate receipts at the two-day meet.

Richmond's Colts stand a pretty good chance to have the leading hitter in the Piedmont League for the third successive year if Manager Ben Chapman enters the lineup often enough this season to win recognition as a regular.

Ben has been out of several games this year because of his desire to protect his chucking arm in order that he can take his regular turn on the mound. But Chapman is a power at the plate, his batting average this year being .307.

The Colts placed as head batsmen in 1942 when Luis Odom, outfielder, topped the list with a .337 average, and last year Tony Castano paced the Piedmont batter with a .333. Odom was sold to Brooklyn and Castano to Toronto.

Ballston Bond Night
Ballston Stadium's first softball bond night, rained out Monday, will be held tonight when the Coast Guard Spars meet the Marine girls at 8 o'clock, and FBI plays Briggs Clartiers in the men's game.

Yanks Defeat Nats, 3-1, on Borowy's 4-Hitter

Tub Thumper Conzelman 'Discovers' His Browns



JIMMY CONZELMAN

St. Louis, June 20 (AP).—After a year as assistant to the president of the St. Louis Browns, Jimmy Conzelman has done an about face. He thinks the ball club may be a pennant winner.

Always quick with a quip, Jimmy once conferred a questionable distinction on the Browns by referring to them as "the baby club that plays 154 games a year."

Considering the fact all major league teams play that many games, most of them have done with more tangible results, there was nothing in Conzelman's statement to do credit to the Browns.

But their bustling activity in the scrambling American league race has caused Conzelman to change his mind.

The former football coach of the Chicago Cardinals said today what the club does on its next road trip is going to decide pretty much its pennant future, adding "I think the Browns will be in there for the rest of the season."

"The club has been doing all right so far and we don't have a .300 hitler to serve as a bellwether, or do we have any outstanding pitchers."

"We've had some good fielding and opportunistic hitting and if there is an unusual hero this Mark Christmas at third base. His peppy chatter, combined with some faultless plays, have made him an inspirational spearhead for the team."

"Everywhere I've traveled lately baseball fans are cheering the Browns. Like that earthen showing listening to a baseball broadcast over a soldier's radio. One of them was saying: 'I'm pulling for the St. Louis Browns. I understand they never have won a pennant.'"

Philadelphia, June 20 (AP).—The Athletics defeated the Boston Red Sox, 5 to 4, in 11 innings in the first game of a twilight night double-header here tonight. Cronin and Johnson hit home runs for Boston. Attendance was estimated at 15,000.

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Soldier Faces Big Chance Here Tonight

By Walter Haight
Post Staff Writer

Another showing of the serial "Try to Beat Henry," getting to be standard equipment on the local fight front, will be made tonight at Griffith Stadium. Henry Armstrong clashes with Nick Latsios in an episode that might well be sub-titled "Two Fighters Take a Chance."

Although Armstrong goes into the ring an almost prohibitive favorite at odds somewhere between 4-1 and 7-2, Henry is gambling

prestige, plus lucrative battles in the near future. Latsios is risking, not only his chinky-chin-chin but a severe setback in his fight career.

Armstrong has little gain but a major end of the game which won't be hay. However, Latsios' fighting school will pop up like corn after a shower should he conquer or even make a reasonable showing against the durable Los Angeles Negro.

Latsios a Smart Fighter
Among the few who believe Latsios has a chance to upset Henry, is a young man named Nick Latsios. Far above the average fighter in intelligence, Nick has studied Armstrong for years and contends that he knows how to whip the former three-way champion. One thing is certain, he saw the mistakes of Lew Hanbury and Aaron Perry and knows what happened in each case.

On the other hand, Armstrong is taking the Alexandria, Greek-American in stride. He knows little more of the Belling Field corporal than the record books show but he is confident that he is fit and ready. His punch is primed by that two-round knockout of Bummy Davis last week.

Return Bout Guaranteed
But despite his confidence, Armstrong and his handlers are showing enough respect for Latsios to cause them to take out a little insurance on the fight. This comes in the form of a contract for a return match in mid July or early August just in case something should go amiss tonight.

Although there was some controversy before a Latsios-Armstrong battle was OK'd here, investigation into Nick's record proved that he has seen enough ring action to provide interesting moments for such as Hammerin' Hank.

Latsios fought his way up through the ki derlies to the top amateurs and then did well as a professional. Since he joined the money ranks Nick has met only two defeats—one by the accident of a cut eye. He promptly turned back his conquerors in return matches.

Those who believe Latsios has a good chance base their opinion on his sensational one-round knockout of Bee Bee Wright, not to be confused with Bee Washington. Nick caught the Pittsburgh boy, who before and since has proved a first fighter, with a right that did not travel more than 6 inches and made him a physician's case.

Latsios in Great Shape
Latsios, physically, has things that Hanbury and Perry lacked. He is tall, rangy and has a long reach, the kind his handlers say will allow him to keep away from Henry. In order to win, in the event that he cannot stop Henry, Latsios will have to talk Armstrong's coming-in tactics.

There is no doubt that Armstrong will shoot for a knockout early. He likes to be in Washington where he has never lost a fight but being the ring with a heavier, taller opponent for a length of time would not be one of his desires. He can be counted upon to crowd right into Latsios and try to climb up his frame as he did with other rivals here.

Latsios has been hit and may be able to weather an early round storm. If he does, it is possible that he could catch Armstrong tired and carry off the decision. However, Henry never has shown signs of being weary in my book and there's no reason he should be tonight.

Writer Likes Henry
I'm forced to string along with Armstrong, although a fighter of Latsios' caliber may take the old fellow the full distance of 10 rounds. We have heard a lot about Nick's great condition. I hope he is not overtrained. I always will believe that was one of the troubles with Aaron Perry.

The preliminaries, for a change, involve fighters most of us know and I came out early and don't miss a thing. In the six-round semifinal, Danny Petro, fresh from a knockout victory, will try his luck with Johnny Cockfield, always a dangerous and busy fighter. Steve Riggio, who beat Rocky Graziano in one of that beat moments, meets Torpedo Reed, Bee Bee Washington comes back to tackle Bob Howard, w. Jimmy Bell and Jim Grannage meet in another six-rounder.

Good boy, Nick; better man, Henry.

Didriksen Zaharias defeated Margaret Russell of Detroit 4 and 3 today to move into the second round of the Women's Western Open golf tournament.

The Beverly Hills (Calif.) athlete took a 5-up lead at the end of the first nine after shooting a 39, one over par, to the Detroit veteran's 45. In tomorrow's second round "Babe" will meet Ann Casey of Mason City, Iowa, who disposed of Dorothy Foster, Springfield, Ill., 3 and 2.

An upset came with the defeat of Catherine Fox of Bloomfield, N. J., quarterfinalist in the 1943 Open and semifinalist in the Western amateur. She bowed to one of her State rivals, Mrs. Albert Becker, Englewood, N. J., by a 2-up margin after holding a 1-up lead at the end of the front nine by winning four holes in succession.

In the second round, Mrs. Becker was matched against Claire Doran of Cleveland, who also pulled a surprise by ousting Marjorie Row of Annapolis, Md., 3 and 2.

Dorothy Germain of Philadelphia, 1943 Western amateur winner and a prime favorite in this tournament, easily won her first round match by beating Mrs. Thomas Nolan of New Castle, Pa., 9 and 7.

Lieut. Patty Berg of the Marines, the defending champion, eliminated Sally Sessions of Muskegon, Mich., 3 and 2.

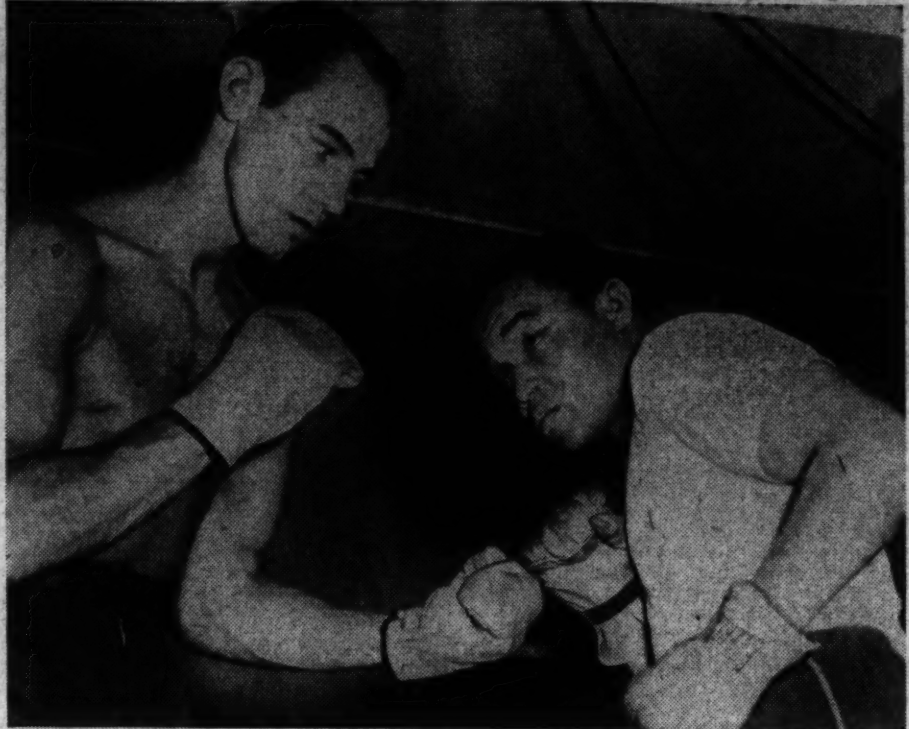
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Phil Farm Covington On 24-Hour Basis
Philadelphia, June 19 (AP).—Chet Covington, Phillies' relief pitcher and former star of the Scranton Miners, was farmed out today to the Phillies' Utica (N. Y.) Eastern League club on a 24-hour recall basis.

Covington, bought from Louisville of the American Association, has a record of one victory and no defeats for the Phils.

There was no explanation of his release. It came amid reports of dissensions among the players.

The Hammer Will Strike Here Tonight



Nick Latsios (left) and Henry (The Hammer) Armstrong square off for the cameraman's benefit on the eve of their 10-round battle tonight at Griffith Stadium. Armstrong will enter the ring something like a 4-1 favorite over the Belling Field Corporal.

Didriksen Still Paces Western Open

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Touchdown's All-Star Sport Show Tonight

An All-Star Sports Show sponsored by the Touchdown Club in conjunction with the Fifth War Loan drive will be featured on the Monument Grounds tonight at 8 o'clock.

Celebrities from all sports will be present, while five nationally celebrated tobacco auctioneers will make available the trophies and souvenirs of these celebrities to purchasers of war bonds.

The Husing is expected to attend with Arthur J. (Dutch) Bergman as master of ceremonies, while the honor roll of sports notables who will be present includes Clark Griffith, Walter Johnson, Lieut. Col. Larry McPhail, Wayne Sabin, Mary Hardwick, Eleanor Coleman, Adolph Kiefer, Bill Smith, Bob Olin, Benny Leonard, Spike Webb, Raymond Loomans, Bob Masterman, Bill Uschall and Gene Sarazen.

Outstanding among the prizes which will be auctioned off will be the beautiful saddle in which the Workman rode the celebrated Equusop to victory in the Pre-Kness. Also the gold ball with which Sarazen scored a double eagle in the Masters' Open, and for which he once rejected an offer of \$5000.

Other trophies to be disposed of include: Boxing gloves of Benny Rocco, 1919; a down feed for a double play, W. Cooper, 1919; a fancy catch of Chipman's bunt pop foul by Catcher Walker Cooper after Stan Hack opened the ninth with a pinch single.

Singles by W. Cooper and Kurovski opened the fourth inning and set up the Cards' first run. After Danny Litwiler hit into a double play, W. Cooper scored as Hughes let Martin Marion's grounder go through him to left field.

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Error Enables Cards to Edge Chicubs, 2-1

Chicago, June 20 (AP).—The St. Louis Cardinals supported Al Jurisich's five-hit pitching with a series of dazzling catches today to run their conquest of the Chicago Cubs to nine victories in as many meetings this season. The score was 2 to 1, and the margin of victory was an unearned run scored when Roy Hughes, Chicago third baseman, let a grounder get away.

The league leaders got eight hits, all singles, off Bob Chipman, while Brooklyn southpaw, Ray Sanders, Stan Musial and George Kurovski linked three of them in the eighth for the run that minimized Bill Nicholson's eleventh homer.

Although he scattered the five hits he allowed over as many innings, Jurisich walked five and hit three batters, within one of the twentieth century record. Twice the Chicagoans opened a frame with two on and in every other inning either the first or second batter got aboard. A Jurisich was aided by a pair of spectacular catches by Musial, playing center field; one by Pepper Martin in right, and a fancy catch of Chipman's bunt pop foul by Catcher Walker Cooper after Stan Hack opened the ninth with a pinch single.

Singles by W. Cooper and Kurovski opened the fourth inning and set up the Cards' first run. After Danny Litwiler hit into a double play, W. Cooper scored as Hughes let Martin Marion's grounder go through him to left field.

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St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.
Chicago, 4 to 3, in 11 innings.

St. Louis, A.B.H.O.A. Chicago, A.B.H.O.A.
St. Louis, 5 to 4, in 11 innings.

Discretion Wins Calound' Purse

Victor Well Ridden by Sheaffer

By a Staff Correspondent
Charles Town, W. Va., June 20.
Carrying top weight of 119 pounds, Pearson and Shank's Discretion led every jump of the way in the Calound Purse, featuring the third day of the week of Victory racing here. Jockey Frank Sheaffer, riding out his day's engagements before starting a 10 day suspension, gave the six year old a nicely rated ride. Four lengths behind the winner came Mrs. Virginia D. Waple's Glorious Sec to take second money from G. G. Waugh, Jr.'s Pop's Sister in a photo finish. Five others completed.

The smallest crowd of the meeting, an estimated 2,000, saw Discretion make good at a \$7.20 mutual. His running time was 1:18 2/5 for the Charles Town Course of 120 feet more than six furlongs. The race was run over a drying out track labeled slow by the chart crew.

Discretion was not seriously threatened. Sheaffer had him away good and kept him out in the better going all the way. Lost and Found flashed some early speed and then faltered. Pop's Sister then moved up, but hung in the final drive. Glorious Sec, off very poorly, closed ground to catch the weakening Pop's Sister at the wire.

The West Virginia Day Claiming Purse, the fifth race, was one of three straight races won by Jockey Buddy Root. He brought Mrs. J. L. Goodwin's Pious Display home with daylight to spare over A. H. Taylor's Bell Soma, with A. A. Fishback's Seven Seas third. Pious Display paid \$11.60.

Apprentice jockey Harry Hadry escaped injury when Mr. Corbin's Walnut Coat fell in the first race. The five-year-old broke a leg and was destroyed.

The daily double on Bob H and Longvalley paid \$20.80.

Between races... Sgt. Irving Anderson, one of the Nation's best officers before he entered the Army, was a visitor here. He is stationed at nearby Front Royal, Va., and was in North Africa during the campaigning there. There was a rumor that he was missing in action. "That was the bunk," said Irving. Donald Sanner, a 14 year old boy who it is said never had been on a race horse's back before, was seriously injured this morning when thrown. Officials are investigating a winner here and one fighting the case. Town Hall, four years in a dead heat for first money, has been shipped to Delaware Park. Abner Risler, who grew up with this race track as the bugler, is here on leave from the Navy. He won an ensign's commission at the Notre Dame Navy School. E. A. Blitzer is the new-trainer for the Valley View Farm's Jaffa and Oomph. Jockey Scottie Prain wishes he had "stood in bed." He has been thrown twice by young horses in the morning and has suffered bruises. He is sane, however, and will be in the saddle again tomorrow.

Charles Town Charts

TUESDAY, JUNE 20, 1944—BY WALTER HAYGAT.

FIRST RACE—About 7 furlongs. Purse, \$500. For 3-year-olds up; claiming. Start 12:05. Jockey, H. Jenkins. Value, \$425. Time, 1:30 1/5.
Post. Horse. 1st. 2nd. 3rd. 4th. 5th. 6th. 7th. 8th. 9th. 10th. 11th. 12th. 13th. 14th. 15th. 16th. 17th. 18th. 19th. 20th. 21st. 22nd. 23rd. 24th. 25th. 26th. 27th. 28th. 29th. 30th. 31st. 32nd. 33rd. 34th. 35th. 36th. 37th. 38th. 39th. 40th. 41st. 42nd. 43rd. 44th. 45th. 46th. 47th. 48th. 49th. 50th. 51st. 52nd. 53rd. 54th. 55th. 56th. 57th. 58th. 59th. 60th. 61st. 62nd. 63rd. 64th. 65th. 66th. 67th. 68th. 69th. 70th. 71st. 72nd. 73rd. 74th. 75th. 76th. 77th. 78th. 79th. 80th. 81st. 82nd. 83rd. 84th. 85th. 86th. 87th. 88th. 89th. 90th. 91st. 92nd. 93rd. 94th. 95th. 96th. 97th. 98th. 99th. 100th. 101st. 102nd. 103rd. 104th. 105th. 106th. 107th. 108th. 109th. 110th. 111th. 112th. 113th. 114th. 115th. 116th. 117th. 118th. 119th. 120th. 121st. 122nd. 123rd. 124th. 125th. 126th. 127th. 128th. 129th. 130th. 131st. 132nd. 133rd. 134th. 135th. 136th. 137th. 138th. 139th. 140th. 141st. 142nd. 143rd. 144th. 145th. 146th. 147th. 148th. 149th. 150th. 151st. 152nd. 153rd. 154th. 155th. 156th. 157th. 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Green to Give Both Parties AFL Views

Platform drafters at both political conventions will be asked by AFL President William Green to call for the amending of the Wagner Act to protect craft union groups, it was learned yesterday.

Green is scheduled to appear before the Republican resolutions committee in Chicago Friday. He plans to make a subsequent appearance before the Democratic platform committee next month.

CIO President Philip Murray is a delegate to the Democratic national convention from Pennsylvania and will present the views of the CIO to the Democratic platform committee.

He will not appear before the Republican platform committee and referred questions about the CIO plans with respect to the GOP convention to the CIO Political Action Committee, which has already called for the reelection of President Roosevelt and Vice President Wallace.

At Political Action Committee headquarters in New York, a spokesman said no decision had been made on whether the CIO would make an official presentation at the Republican convention.

William L. Hutchison, president of the AFL Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, is a member of the Republican resolutions committee which will hear Green's plea on behalf of changing the Wagner Act.

Under the proposed change, the National Labor Relations Board would be prevented from establishing types of bargaining units which would submerge craft groups in larger units against their will.

The workers themselves would be permitted to determine whether they wanted to be part of the larger unit established or whether they wanted a separate status.

This change would create islands of AFL craft workers to maintain their identity even though outnumbered by CIO production workers established in an industrial type unit.

The CIO may be expected to object to the proposed change.

\$1.33 a Person Cost of OPA, Bowles Says

Price control and rationing together have cost ration-book holders of the country \$1.33 each for the fiscal year ending June 30, Price Administrator Chester Bowles said last night.

A breakdown of this amount, he said in his weekly radio broadcast, shows that rationing alone has cost 41 cents per person, rent control 11 cents and straight price control 28 cents. The rest of the money went to pay for office space, typewriters, travel, paper and such, Bowles said.

In the year ahead, he declared, OPA will strengthen its enforcement regulations, simplify its price control procedure, make more low-priced clothing of good quality available, and "establish closer relationships with Congress."

He said that working with congressional committees during the recent weeks when extension of the Price Control Act has been under consideration has convinced him the agency should have a continuing tie-in with the legislative body.

To accomplish this, he declared, he has suggested that a special subcommittee be set up "with which we could confer regularly."

**Fruit Growers to Confer
On Price Ceilings**

Winchester, Va., June 20.—W. F. Young, president of the Virginia State Horticulture Society, and Ralph N. Dorsey, prominent Clarke County orchardist, will discuss the ceiling price situation and other apple marketing problems at the monthly meeting of Frederick County Fruit Growers here Friday evening.

Other topics for discussion are scale damage and its effect on stored apples, by Dr. A. B. Grove, and the Emergency Farm Labor Program, by Walker McC. Bond.

**Uniform Legislation
Group Reappointed**

Richmond, Va., June 20 (AP).—Governor Darden today reappointed all members of the board of commissioners for the promotion of uniformity of legislation in the United States.

They are Robert T. Barton of Richmond, Henry P. Thomas of Alexandria and Casius M. Chichester of Richmond, all for terms of two years. The Governor also reappointed Phillip N. Stern of Fredericksburg to the art commission for a term of four years.

**Frederick County Apple
Crop Damaged by Hail**

Winchester, Va., June 20 (AP).—Insurance agents said damage from hail to numerous apple orchards in the western section of Frederick County Monday varied in scope and extent.

The hailstones were not large, but were driven by a hard wind. Damage appeared prevalent in the Gore, Hayfield and Rosenberg sections. The rain was of cloud-burst proportions.

**Lightning-Set Blaze
Does \$28,000 Damage**

Portsmouth, Va., June 20 (AP).—Fire caused by lightning swept three storage buildings at the Norfolk County Hospital on Western branch boulevard at Waterview, late Monday, causing damage estimated at \$28,000. Lightning which struck an outside switch at one of the buildings started the blaze at 7:15 p. m.

Rider Hits Agents House Acts To Bar Farm Coercion

The House voted again yesterday to deny pay to any Agriculture Department employee who "demands that a farmer join the Triple-A program as a condition of draft deferment or for the granting of a priority certificate for any rationed article or commodity."

Attached as a rider to the half-billion dollar Agriculture Department appropriations bill, the proviso also would deny pay to any employee who engages in politics. The Senate deleted a similar provision in passing the appropriations measure. Yesterday's vote restoring it was 219 to 123.

Tarver (D., Ga.), said charges of such activity had not been proved, but Marness (R., Ind.), author of the amendment, insisted there were authenticated reports.

Chairman Cannon (D. Mo.) of the Appropriations Committee, stated Government employees had gone into his district and told his constituents "that I am trying to destroy Triple-A, that I was the worst enemy agriculture has," because the Appropriations Committee had trimmed the Triple-A appropriations.

Such "Coercion" of a member of Congress "is a dangerous practice," Cannon declared.

Avoid Farming After War, Tyros Told

By Christine Sadler

Think twice before deciding to become a postwar farmer, the Department of Agriculture cautioned yesterday, stressing its belief that inexperience has not place down on the farm.

"A good substitute for farm experience has not been found," declared its Interurban Committee on Postwar Programs.

Most Land Already Used

KKnocking down the idea that the country has plenty of land just waiting for city people to buy it up, the committee declared: "Most of the good agricultural land is already in farms."

The chances for making new farms available were viewed as decidedly slim. "By intensification, improvement and further development in productive land areas, probably as many as 350,000 adequate family farms will become available for all types of farmers during the first five years following the war," the committee declared.

If postwar economic conditions indicate they will be needed, about 300,000 new full-time farms could be developed over a period of ten years through irrigation, draining, and clearing, it was declared.

Top Production Now

Also, there's a chance for 8000 to 10,000 families to get farms from the land that will become "surplus" as soon as the military services withdraw from rifle ranges and training grounds acquired during the war.

"A large portion of this land, however, is in areas where many acres are needed by nearby farmers to round out economic-size units, and where relatively large acreages are required for a family farm," the committee declared.

More than 1,500,000 veterans with farm backgrounds will be demobilized, it was said, and many of the 300,000 war workers who have left farming during the last few years will be wanting to come back.

One economic fact making the committee advise caution for new would-be farmers is that more food is being raised today than ever before in the country's history—and with many fewer workers than ever before.

**SCC Studying Valley
Freight Line Request**

Richmond, Va., June 20 (AP).—An application by the Richmond-Harrisonburg Freight Line, Inc., to operate between Shenandoah and Luray, was taken under advisement yesterday by the State Corporation Commission after objection was offered by the Chesapeake & Ohio and the Norfolk & Western Railroads.

The commission granted the company authority to operate from Verona on Highway 11 eastward 1.6 miles to the Staunton Textile Company.

**Dr. Lawall Is Removed
As W. Va. U. Head**

Morgantown, W. Va., June 20 (AP).—Taking action after almost 12 hours of deliberation, the West Virginia board of governors removed Dr. Charles E. Lawall from the university presidency early today but the student body served almost immediate notice it would continue the fight to retain him.

The board offered Dr. Lawall the alternative of becoming director of the school of mines or taking a professorship in the college of engineering. His decision must be made by August 31.

**250 Jamaican Laborers
Arrive at Bel Air Camp**

Bel Air, Md., June 20 (AP).—Two hundred fifty Jamaican laborers arrived at Bel Air Camp, near Bel Air, today to supplement a force of 1200 Bahamians brought into Maryland for crop harvesting work.

Paul Nystrom of the University of Maryland Extension Service said that the natives of Jamaica were requested for Maryland when this State's quota of Bahamians was exhausted.

HOPE RIDINGS MILLER Mrs. Bard Has 4 Children, A Brood of 600 Jangoes; Kipling Brought Up to Date

"LITTLE CABINET" LADY: One of Washington's busiest women is Mrs. Ralph A. Bard, wife of the newly named Undersecretary of the Navy.

Ask her what her special wartime work is, and the answer will be, "The Jangoes." With Mrs. Robert Patterson, wife of the Undersecretary of War, she founded the Junior Army and Navy Guild Girls' organization, and since then both have had their hands full.

More than 600 members are now under the tutelage of Mrs. Bard at the Doctores Hospital, Mount Alto Hospital, Walter Reed, the Capitol Park Nursery, the Junior Officers' Club and USO entertainment centers.

Last year, Mrs. Bard organized a Jangoes group in Chicago; there's still another branch in Tulsa, Okla.

She's also a member of the Women's Council of the National Symphony Orchestra and an honorary board member for the Navy Relief Society.

She's a native of Chicago. She's a petite, pretty, looks far too young to have four grown children. Her eldest daughter, Janet (Mrs. Thomas Johnson, Jr.), is with her major husband in Cincinnati. He's with the Ferry Command.

Katharine Bard, the younger daughter, is on the New York stage, currently playing in "Three's a Family." Her husband, Ensign Martin Manulis, is overseas.

Lieut. Ralph A. Bard, Jr., is a Marine, stationed in California with the Aviation Combat Intelligence, and the youngest member of the family, George Bard 2d, is a midshipman at Annapolis.

"And that," said Mrs. Bard closing the interview, "should be about enough about the Bards for now."

MODERN "MANDALAY" CORP. John D. Murray, Washington boy now on duty with the U. S. forces in India, brings Kipling up to date. His poem, appearing in the current issue of the C. B. I. (China-Burma-India) Roundup, goes as follows:

When the dawn comes up like blunder
Out of China across the "Hump,"
And I sit here thinkin', shrinkin',
In this blinkin', dinkin' dump,
Oh, I'd give a million dollars
Just to take a drink of "pop."
Or to talk for just five minutes
With an old-time city cop.

Oh, I wish that I were home again
In my old cafe
And I'd take the dingiest barmaid
To the fairest here today;
For her skirt may've once been
yellow

And her cap, it might be green,
But they surely are the dirtiest
That I have ever seen

Yes, the temple bells are callin',
But it's not here I would be;
It's the rumble of the subway
At Times Square that's callin' me,
On the road to far Cathay,
Where the flyin' beastes play;
And they sting you and they sting you
From Chungking to Mandalay!

WEDDING WISDOM: "You called on the right person—I'm dean of Washington's matrimonial corps," said witty Louise Heiberg when she was asked the other evening to give a toast to Aldace.

**Jewish Center
Opens Camp
For Children**

For the third season, Jewish Community Center is sponsoring a children's recreational arts program, Camp JCCC, on the sun deck, day camp for boys and girls aged 5 to 15.

In the atmosphere of a Spanish garden with beach umbrellas, murels walls, colored awnings and deck chairs, the sun deck and adjoining room will house classes in puppetry, stage design, scenery making, creative dramatics, choral speaking, crafts, music, photography and dance.

Swimming, nature study, croquet, badminton, shuffleboard, ping pong and basketball will be included.

Mrs. Flora B. Atkins, day camp director, has acquired a staff of college graduates, trained in progressive education and experts in their respective fields. Registration for the camp will continue at the Jewish Community Center until July 1.

**Mrs. Hunsacker
Will Be Wedded**

Marriage of Mrs. Sally Hughes Hunsacker, Washington, and Dr. Don Mosher of Kansas City, Mo., will take place this afternoon in All Souls' Memorial Church. The pastor, the Rev. H. H. D. Sterrett, will officiate at the 4 o'clock ceremony.

Mrs. John M. Greely, wife of General Greely, will be the bride's attendant, and Gen. Leigh Fairbanks will serve as best man.

An informal reception to be given by Mrs. Greely and Mrs. Walter Hilton will follow at the home of General and Mrs. Greely. Dr. Mosher and his bride will leave later for New York and then will go to Vermont to spend several weeks at the country home of Hallett Abend, noted war correspondent, lecturer and author.

Walker and his bride, the former Mary Jane Nelson Legg. . . . The occasion was the supper party at the home of Aldace's mother, Mrs. Harold Walker, widow of the Standard Oil executive.

"I propose a toast to Aldace and Mary Jane," Louise began, "because each has been married before, and each has had a chance to profit by his mistakes. . . . All of us who have walked down that aisle more than once have learned to profit by our mistakes," went on the four-times wed Louise, who was once the wife of Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

Following Louise's speech, her husband, Maj. Al H. Heiberg, took the floor. "After all that, I can say only one thing," he twinkled. "I am happy to be benefiting by my wife's experiences."

SIGNIFICANT SERVICE: The count of men and women entering the United Nations Service Center, 500 North Capitol st., last month was 95,157—an average of 2200 per day since the opening October 27. . . . Current issue of Flags Abreast, news letter of the UNSC, carries a line about a soldier who asked the receptionist this: "Say, lady, name over a few hotels. I have my key, but I've lost my hotel."

It also includes a piece about a sailor who sought entertainment suggestions at the information desk. Was he interested in movies? No. Dances? No. Girls? No. What about a canoe ride on the Potomac? Just the thing. Within an hour the sailor was off on the water again.

And then there's the story of an Australian soldier and an American sailor who met at the UNSC recently; found they were old friends. The American had been entertained in the soldier's Australian home just 18 days before. The two hastily planned a big evening in Washington. . . . "What would you like to do?" asked the sailor. "Oh, I say, Old Fellow, let's just get plastered like the Americans do."

**Expert Suggests Shampoo
Twice a Week If Desired**

By Martha Elynn

Would you admire your hair if you saw it on someone else? Many women couldn't answer in the affirmative. Lovely hair is a cultivated product rather than a gift of Nature.

If you have lovely hair, you won't keep it that way if you neglect it. Beautiful hair must have its beauty nourished. It needs cleansing, toning, nourishing, and protecting.

Many women have little time to go to beauty salons. Others find their beauty budget is pinched. Also, beauty salons do not have the personnel to serve all the patrons who ask for appointments.

"I can't shampoo my hair. I never can get the soap out of my hair," said one woman. "I've heard heard when self-shampooing is discussed. This is far from the truth. I know many persons with healthy, shiny hair who shampoo their own hair. Where there's a will there's a way."

Authority's Advice

Washington's tropical climate, with its attendant perspiration, necessitates frequent shampooing. Sometimes there is hesitancy about washing hair more than once a week—or that often—though the hair obviously needs it. It is comforting for those who need to shampoo frequently to know that Dr. Oscar Reck, authority on hair and skin, has this to say:

"Despite all the time-honored notions to the contrary, washing does not hurt the hair. With the right kind of soap, thorough rinsing and drying, the application of a little oil to hair that tends to dryness, shampooing neither dries up the scalp secretions nor increases dandruff. Instead, the dirt, dust, scales, grease and infectious agents are removed, the liability of further infection decreased, the circulation improved, and the general tone and appearance of the scalp and hair brought up to what they ought to be—and seldom are."

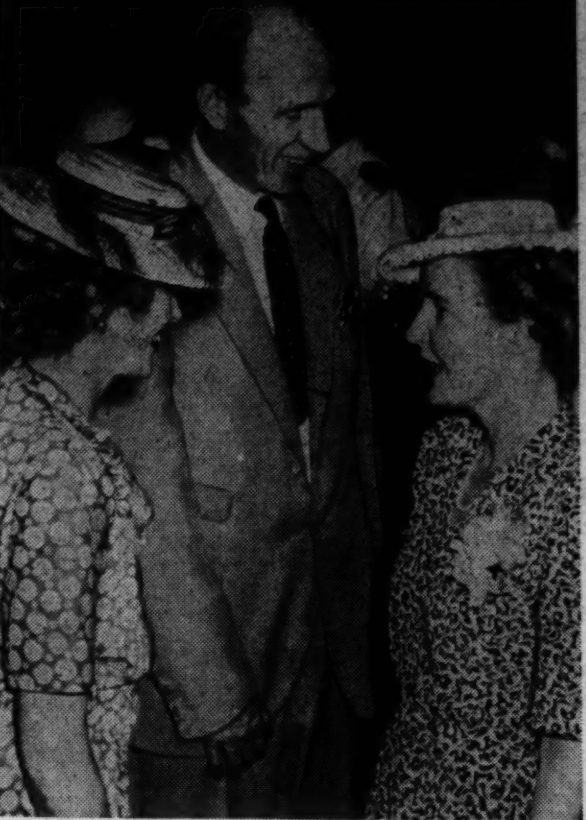
Dr. Levin also believes that the scalp should be washed at least twice a week. He advocates massaging the scalp with the fingertips and not with the nails. Two soaps are required to cleanse the hair thoroughly, particularly when snot and carbon cling to the scalp.

Childhood Phobia

Many persons dread a home shampoo because of childhood days when they wouldn't hold still while mothers washed their hair. The result was soap in the eyes and water in the ears. But this trickling, exasperating feature can be eliminated from shampooing, if a cream type of shampoo is used. It doesn't dribble down over the face and neck and run into the ears. Children and Dad undoubtedly like this nontricking wash.

Everyone can achieve lovelier hair with the help of scientific scalp treatment. Conditions of hair vary—dried-out conditions from permanents, dry and oily hair, and fragile hair. All need special attention.

Beauty salons have worked out a



ON THE EVE of their departure for England, Admiral Sir Wilfred French and Lady French, at right, said farewell to their Washington friends at a late afternoon party at the Mayflower. The British Ambassador the Earl of Halifax and the Countess of Halifax, left, were among those who called to say goodbye.

Miss Foster's Troth Revealed

Mr. and Mrs. Bainbridge K. Foster of Silver Spring, Md., formerly of Shaker Heights, Ohio, announce the engagement of their daughter, Winifred, to Pfc. Robert Post, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Post of Cleveland Heights, Ohio.

Miss Foster attended Denison University of Granville, Ohio, and is now attending American University. She is a member of Delta Delta Sorority.

Mme. Loudon Goes North

Mme. Loudon, wife of the Netherlands Ambassador, will leave today with her children for Non-quitt, Mass., to spend the summer. The Ambassador will join his family when duties permit.

The Minister of Iran and Mme. Shavesteh are in New York and are at the Waldorf-Astoria for a brief stay.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. William J. Carter are spending several days at the Biltmore in New York.

Henry C. S. Bush of the American Embassy in Madrid is in Washington stopping at the Statler for a few days before going to Indianapolis to visit his parents.

Mrs. Alfred B. du Pont is at the Ambassador Hotel during her stay in New York.

Mrs. L. J. Hobbs has with her for a fortnight's visit her brother, A. L. Burns of St. Louis. Mr. Burns is the father of Maj. John T. Burns.

Mr. and Mrs. William Littauer have arrived in New York from Washington and are stopping at the St. Regis.

Mrs. Samuel B. Bledsoe, with her sons, Carter and Theodore, of Woodside Park, Md., are spending six weeks in Cotton Plant, Ark., visiting Mrs. Bledsoe's relatives.

Mrs. George M. Willmet of Takoma Park, Md., is vacationing at Cape May, N. J., for several weeks.

Ration Points

BEFORETEARS, roast, canned milk, butter, margarine, cheese, Red stamps: B-4, C-4, D-4, E-4, F-4, G-4, H-4, I-4, J-4, K-4, L-4, M-4, N-4, O-4, P-4, Q-4, R-4, S-4, T-4, U-4, V-4, W-4, X-4, Y-4, Z-4. Red stamps may be used as change.

PROCESSED FOODS—Canned vegetables, fruits, soups, juices, etc. Blue stamps: A-4, B-4, C-4, D-4, E-4, F-4, G-4, H-4, I-4, J-4, K-4, L-4, M-4, N-4, O-4, P-4, Q-4, R-4, S-4, T-4, U-4, V-4, W-4, X-4, Y-4, Z-4. Blue stamps may be used as change.

GASOLINE—Coupons A-10 good for 3 gallons, valid through August 4. B-3 and C-3 good for 5 gallons each.

SUGAR—Stamps 20, 21 and 32 valid indefinitely. Stamp 40 worth 5 pounds of sugar for home canning, valid through 1945.

SHOES—Airplane stamps 1 and 2 valid indefinitely.

FUEL OIL—Period 4 and 5 coupons valid through September 30. New period 1 coupons may be used whenever received.

FAT SALVAGE—Every pound of waste kitchen fat is worth 2 red points and 4 cents.

**If you suffer MONTHLY
FEMALE PAIN**

You who suffer such pain with tired, nervous, irritable blue feelings—due to functional monthly disturbances—should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms. Here's a product that helps nature. It is also a fine stomachic tonic! Follow label directions. Worth trying.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Crispy-Tasty-Nutritious!

MADE FRESH DAILY

**MANN'S
POTATO
CHIPS**

**YEAH!
MAN!**

Mrs. Kalbfus' Luncheon Becomes Birthday Fete

Wives of naval officers who one arrived on time. "It would planned and led the invasion in Normandy, as well as wives of men who are directing wartime affairs on the Washington front, were among those present at the luncheon given yesterday by Mrs. Edward C. Kalbfus, wife of Admiral Kalbfus.

The party, at which "Anchors Aweigh" definitely was the theme song, took place in the main dining room of the Mayflower, and, as would be expected, much of the table talk turned on naval news from the fighting fronts.

Cake Is Surprise

It was not arranged as a birthday party, but when a cake, complete with burning candles, was placed before the hostess and the orchestra struck up the familiar notes of "Happy Birthday to You," that is what it turned out to be.

"Well, I never—" cried Mrs. Kalbfus, as surprised as anybody about the whole thing. While planning her party, she had casually mentioned to Fred, maitre d'hotel of the Mayflower, that it would take place on her birthday. The cake was his special treat.

There were 20 guests, and each

Others attend

Others there included Mrs. Alexander A. Vandegrift, wife of the Marine Commandant; Mrs. Alan Kirk, whose husband is in charge of the naval units for the invasion; Mrs. John L. Hall and Mrs. Don P. Moon, wives of admirals who landed Allied forces on the first two beachheads that were attacked; Mrs. Ferdinand Reichmuth, Mrs. Claud Bloch and Mrs. Roland Brainerd.

Still others there were Mrs. Paul Bastado, Mrs. W. G. DuBose, Mrs. E. C. Newton, Mrs. Carl Moore, Mrs. R. J. Steel, Judge Fay Bentley of the Juvenile Court, Mrs. Randolph Huntington Miner, Mrs. Clark Thompson and Mrs. Clarence Lee Miller.

Mary Haworth's Mail

Mary Haworth is on vacation until June 26.

**A STATEMENT OF POLICY
FROM THE HOMESTEAD
Virginia Hot Springs**

Several times this year, the demand for Homestead accommodations has far exceeded the capacity of even this big hotel. Deeply as we regret having to decline to take care of our friends at any time, we will not jeopardize the Homestead good will by accepting more guests than we can serve in the established Homestead way.

We think friends of THE HOMESTEAD will understand and approve this policy, even though it may sometimes call for suiting their schedules to our facilities more than in the past.

Reservations now being made for September and later. Address: THE HOMESTEAD, Hot Springs, Va., or our New York office in the Waldorf-Astoria.

**THE
HOMESTEAD
Virginia Hot Springs**

**Now
MORE ICE CREAM
FOR JUNE**

Yes, during June, your Southern Dairies Dealer will be able give you a little more of that good Sealtest Ice Cream to add cheer and nourishment to your wartime diet. That's because more dairy products are available to make it.

And, don't forget, it's the same fine Sealtest Ice Cream you've enjoyed for years. The same high quality . . . the same delicious, taste-appealing flavor. There has been no sacrifice of quality to increase the supply.

As a special treat—ask your Southern Dairies dealer for Black Raspberry Ice Cream—alone and in combination with those delicious Sealtest Real Fruit Ices.

Southern Dairies

**Sealtest
ICE CREAM**

SOUTHERN DAIRIES, INC.—A Division of National Dairy Products Corporation

Taste in the Joan Davis—Sealtest Village Store Program, with Jack Hader, Thursday, 9:30 P. M., WRC.

FREE ENTERPRISE

the obligation of management and labor to cooperate

... in war ... in peace ...

★

The Invasion is on! We have unleashed our full might for military victory. We have confidence that our great strength will bring success. We are strong because we have achieved unity in mobilization and in combat.

Though victory appears assured, we cannot rest until we have done everything in our power to speed the day when death and destruction are halted.

The home front is an important factor in this time element, for the fighting power of our Armed Forces depends upon their weapons: Napoleon's army fought "on its stomach"—man against man. Eisenhower's men fight on their tonnage—tanks, artillery machine guns, heavy bombers.

As never before in the long succession of wars, the legends of heroic deeds on the battlefronts in this world conflict will be paralleled in history by the great accomplishments on the production fronts. Along with these heroic achievements of our Armed Forces, the world will long remember the record of our production accomplishments which have made us the strongest military power in the world, as well as the arsenal of democracy.

As the conflict reaches its climax, as battles grow fiercer and more destructive, our responsibility becomes greater and more critical. We must coordinate our productive efforts with the same ingenuity and the same precision with which our Armed Forces have coordinated theirs. We dare not waste the productivity of a single man or machine in these critical days.

As our landing craft are discharging our fighting men on the beaches of Europe and the Pacific, they must not want for equipment. No interference with war production for any reason can be justified. There must be no picket lines in America!

The landing of American troops in France virtually has stopped all strikes in the United States. This is important and encouraging news because the prelude to invasion, unfortunately, has been an epidemic of strikes. Time lost through strikes, during the first four months of 1944, was double that lost during the same period last year. April saw more strikes than any other month since Pearl Harbor, and in May the record again was broken. Here is what happened within two weeks in May:

Nine thousand men in six Chrysler plants in Detroit were out when a jurisdictional dispute in a "soda pop" war between the American Federation of Labor teamsters and the Congress of Industrial Organizations fired their discontent.

A three-day sit-down strike occurred among 950 employees in the B. H. Aircraft plant over the refusal of the company to discharge a superintendent unsatisfactory to the union.

Thirteen hundred men in the Chevrolet transmission and axle plant at Saginaw struck over a no-smoking rule and a change in shift-starting time.

Two thousand employees at the Browne and Sharpe Manufacturing Company walked out when a woman was hired to fill a job long held by a man.

Production of penicillin, blood plasma, and other medical supplies was halted at two Detroit plants of the Parke Davis Company as 1900 employees struck for a ten-cent raise.

Over 25,000 lumber workers in the Pacific Northwest struck because the War Labor Board denied their demand for a wage increase.

At the end of the third week of May, 70,000 workers in 26 plants in Detroit were idle because of strikes.

Strikes in Detroit alone reduced production as much as a moderately successful German air raid would have done. Far more important than their effect on output is the effect of strikes upon national unity and morale. To our home front and to our

Armed Forces, strikes belie our pledge to back the attack with all the power at our command. Hence, strikes limit our all-out war effort.

Prompt and decisive action is needed to keep America free from strikes for the remainder of the war. Stoppages of work on the production lines cannot be condoned while lives are being lost in fighting the enemy.

Most union leaders realize this need and are preparing to impose discipline upon their members who violate the no-strike pledge. The Warehouse Division of the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union (C.I.O.) recently declared: "Strikes in this time of war are treason against the nation and betrayal of the interests of labor." A message sent by William Green to all heads of American Federation of Labor unions stated:

"D-Day is here. From now on until Hitler is finally crushed, every worker enrolled in the army of production must consider himself a part of the invasion forces of the United States and conduct himself accordingly. I call on you in the name of the American boys who are risking their lives under enemy fire to maintain uninterrupted production under any and all circumstances. Until victory is won every worker must give the same all-out service that our Armed Forces are giving on the field of battle."

Strongest of all was the appeal of R. J. Thomas, president of the United Automobile Workers, to members of his union:

"Our union cannot survive if the nation and our soldiers believe that we are obstructing the war effort... there can be no such thing as legitimate picket lines... I appeal to our membership. If you value your union, if you want to live and serve after the war, we must restrain ourselves and our hot-headed brothers today. If we do not, there will be no union after the war."

Union officers are entitled to vigorous support from management and government in their efforts to prevent strikes. Behind many a strike is an accumulation of unsettled grievances. Managements are overworked, and many union shop stewards are new and inexperienced and do not always do their part in turning down cases which lack merit. Both of these conditions make it easy for large backlogs of unsettled grievances to pile up. A special drive to clean up unsettled cases and to prevent new accumulations of them is one way by which managements and local union officials can help shorten the war.

The government too has a contribution to make to the prevention of strikes—both through the prompt disposal of disputes and through firm action against the leaders of strikes. The National War Labor Board and the Regional Boards are disposing of over five thousand cases a month and have made an excellent record in reducing their backlogs. Nevertheless, the boards still have many old cases; and about one out of four strikes has been an effort to get action from one of the labor boards. The boards are entitled to cooperation from employers and unions in keeping down their docket. In instance after instance, cases are dumped in the lap of the board before the union and employer have made a real effort to get a meeting of minds and to work out settlements.

In the present emergency, strikes are an expression of the lack of adequate understanding and team work between unions and management. Any future great upsurge in industrial strife likewise will be due to misunderstanding. After this war this country must not go through another "1919" when the time lost from strikes reached an all-time high. With 13 million workers, or almost half of the non-salaried employees of the country, in trade unions, the power and prestige of unions is greater than ever.

The long-run prosperity of the country requires that business and labor learn how to cooperate in supporting the policies which produce the largest possible profits and the largest possible payrolls.

Although business is primarily interested in the largest possible profits, and labor is primarily interested in the largest possible payrolls, both objectives call for the same basic conditions. Payrolls depend upon the prospects for profits. If bad relations between business and labor or unwise public policies cause employers to take a pessimistic view of the outlook for profits, both employment and payrolls will be depressed.

Individual unions and individual employers always will have differences over wages and hours and the status of labor in particular plants or in particular occupations. Some disputes on such issues are inevitable, but resort to arbitration and calm intelligence can help greatly in avoiding strikes in the long run. Cooperation between labor and management is an economic necessity. In our kind of economy, payrolls and profits both depend upon the willingness and the ability of business and labor to work together in creating the conditions under which enterprise flourishes.

The foundation for intelligent and effective cooperation must be accomplished by skillful and imaginative managers in plants throughout the country who are willing to help unions with their problems, and who are able to interest union leaders and their members in the problems of business. Union members and their leaders are keenly interested as a rule in the efforts of management to win new markets. They know that jobs depend upon the success of management in improving the product, adding new items to the line, and, less frequently, cutting costs and prices. Employees like to be kept informed about what management is doing, what problems it is meeting, and what success it is having. Most of all, they like to have an opportunity to contribute their ideas and suggestions.

The recent epidemic of strikes should not blind us to the fact that even today there are more plants where managements and unions are on good terms than ever before in the country's history. Consider, on the one hand, the extensive and constantly growing efforts of unions to train and develop shop stewards and, on the other hand, the efforts of employers to teach foremen how to carry out the new responsibilities imposed upon them by union agreements. Unions and managements together are learning how to operate together such technical devices as time study and job evaluation. Management which, several years ago, opposed the provision of umpires to interpret union agreements and to settle deadlocked cases today are taking the lead in suggesting such arrangements.

The war is reaching a crisis, and all groups in the country must be aware as never before of their common interests. This presents an opportunity which should be seized to lay the permanent foundations for more effective team work in American industry. Let history record that the days when Europe was being liberated also were the days when unions and employers were making unprecedented progress in preparing American industry for the return of the service men by developing policies of cooperation between business and unions. Such cooperation will help achieve a peace worthy of our efforts and our sacrifices.

James H. McGraw, Jr.
President McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Inc.

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